"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; rain to-morrow; variable winds.

VOL. LVII...NO. 18,336. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1908.—SIXTEEN PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

HUGHES HITS AGAIN AT TRACK GAMBLING

Plague Spots Spread Misery for Sake of Greed, He Tells Brooklyn League.

DERIDES PERCY-GRAY LAW

"A Deceitful Statute Dictated by Avarice"—Shall Wealth and Power Override Constitution? He Asks.

Gov. Hughes made his final reply to the opponents of the bills to prohibit race track gambling last night, and he made it in no uncertain words. It was before the annual meeting of the Brooklyn League in the Clarendon Hotel. The Governor declared it to be simply a question whether wealth and power can, by unscrupulous and cunning devices, override the Constitution of the State, and he cited the recent misquotation of Cardinal Gibbons of the Catholic Church as an example of the desperate lengths to which the advocates of race track gambling are pressed.

Nor did Gov. Hughes stop here. He took up one by one the arguments that have been advanced, particularly by Senators McCarren and Grady and subjected them to his customary analysis.

"They talk about Executive usurpation," he cried. "Now, there have been things done in the past that might be regarded as Executive usurpation, but they have never been horrified by them. There have been suggestions of this for me and that for you without having us hear of Executive usurpation. Now, I for one think that the time has come for the Executive to make up his mind what is right, and then to stand for it, and take the consequences. If he is wrong, he will hear from it soon enough; if he is right, I do not believe that the people will keep him misinformed as to their agreement."

The Brooklynites cheered the Governor to the echo at this and every other point in his speech where there was an opportunity for applause, and when he was done talking there were a lot more cheers for "the next President." He was preceded in speaking by his father, the Rev. D. C. Hughes, and the others on the list, in addition to Samuel Rowlands, President of the league, who presided, were Justice Luke D. Stapleton, Gilbert Elliot, and Henry R. Towne, President of the Brooklyn Merchants' Association.

Gov. Hughes said:

"I congratulate you and the other citizens of the State upon the progress that has been made toward securing the abolition of race-track gambling.

"It proves the strength of the moral forces of our State. It is a tribute to the general appreciation of the importance of maintaining our Constitution in its integrity. And well may the people be alive to the importance of this issue. It is not a difficult question; it involves no niceties of argument; it is a plain question whether the wealth and the power, the cunning and unscrupulous methods of those who profit by gambling privileges on the race tracks shall override the Constitution of the State.

"There are those who say that public gambling should be regulated and not prohibited. But the Percy-Gray law is not a regulating act. It does not pretend to be. It is not regulation at all. Talk about the advisability of regulation is simply intended to throw dust in the eyes. It has no pertinence to the question now before us. It is simply for the purpose of misleading some good people who have not looked closely into the matter. The Percy-Gray act is simply a trick—a cunning trick devised, not for the purpose of regulating vice, but for the purpose of affording opportunity to make money out of gambling privileges through unjust and hypocritical discriminations.

Percy-Gray Law a Deceitful Statute.

"If the Percy-Gray law purported to be a regulating statute and to permit public gambling under certain conditions, it would be unconstitutional on its face. If any one really desires to inaugurate the policy of regulation of gambling, let him try to secure a constitutional amendment, but let him not try to trick the Constitution and seek to nullify it by deceitful legislation.

"The Percy-Gray act requires every corporation having a race track to post conspicuous notices that poolselling, bookmaking, and any other kind of gambling are prohibited. Is this a regulating statute? Why does the act require that such notices should be published? Simply because the Constitution of the State provides:

"'Nor shall any lottery or the sale of lottery tickets, poolselling, bookmaking, or any other kind of gambling hereafter be authorized or allowed within this State, and the Legislature shall pass appropriate laws to prevent offenses against any of the provisions of this section.'

"So the Percy-Gray law provides for posting placards at the race tracks that poolselling and bookmaking are prohibited. It goes further. It authorizes the Trustees of the racing corporation to employ special policemen, whose duty it shall be 'to prevent all violations of law with reference to poolselling, bookmaking, and other gambling.'

"And then comes the crowning provision in this deceitful statute—that the only penalty for pool selling and bookmaking at the race tracks, provided that no voucher or token is delivered, shall be the recovery of the amount wagered in a civil action. Thus pool selling and bookmaking at the race tracks are nominally prohibited, while, practically, because of the absence of a proper penalty, they are permitted and encouraged, although poolselling and bookmaking elsewhere are punishable as felonies.

Calls Race Tracks Plague Spots.

"What a farce it is! What a humbug and pretense to talk about the wisdom of a policy of regulation in connection with the Percy-Gray law, and with regard to the enforcement of the plain provision of the Constitution of the State! It was not enlightened policy, but mere avarice that dictated the Percy-Gray bill.

"Whatever they say, it is evident that the racing interests want pool selling and bookmaking at the tracks. No one has tried to curtail racing privileges or opportunities to race horses. They post their placards that pool selling and bookmaking are prohibited. We want to carry their notice into effect. Why do they object? Is it because they are interested in restricting vice? Is it because they desire to control the evil instincts of our nature by some scheme of regulation? Go to the race tracks and witness the heroic efforts that are made to that end!

"No. They simply want to make money, and they desire to make it at the expense of the Constitution of the State, at the expense of the manhood of the State, and without regard to the wretchedness and misery that are spread by these plague spots of vicious temptation. It is a question between the suppression of vice and their pocketbooks; it is a question between upholding the Constitution

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1.

CONFERENCE WITH ABRUZZI.

Family Discussion of His Love Affair at Quirinal To-day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 6.—The prevailing impression here is that when the Duke of the Abruzzi came to Rome he was engaged to Miss Katherine Elkins, and that the engagement has not been broken.

It also is believed that in case there is no announcement in the next few days that the engagement has been broken off the match may be counted upon as absolutely certain. It is not customary in Italy to issue official announcements of royal betrothals, and unless it shall be determined that the Duke's engagement shall be broken there probably will be no official announcement from the Quirinal about his love affair.

The Duke has spent the last two days at the Quirinal with the King and Queen and his brother, the Count of Turin. He has had prolonged private conversations with King Victor, and also with Queen Margherita, and it is understood he has talked over his engagement with them. But to all others he has refused to talk of that matter. As in Milan and Turin, so also in Rome the gallant young Duke has successfully eluded the wiles of the Court ladies and his intimate friends who have tried to induce him to discuss his affair with Miss Elkins.

It is understood there will be a family council at the Quirinal to-morrow at which the Duke's engagement will be considered. The Duke of Aosta has been summoned from Naples to attend this conference.

The general belief here is that the King's consent to the engagement will be given to-morrow.

GIRLS STOLE COLLEGE BOYS.

Their Rivals Had Planned Reception for the Colgate Men.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., April 6.—Invited to attend a reception arranged for them by the students of the Lady Jane Grey School, a fashionable school for young women, the members of the musical clubs of Colgate University were captured by girls of the High School Theta Sigma Society and kept away from the party.

The Glee and Mandolin Clubs arrived Saturday afternoon to give a concert here in the evening under the direction of the High School societies, including the Theta Sigma. Previous to their arrival the Colgate boys had accepted the reception invitation.

The High School girls met the musical clubs at the train. Representing themselves to be Lady Jane Grey School pupils, they informed the college boys that in place of the reception a theatre party had been arranged. They had bought the tickets and marched almost the entire party away to the theatre.

Meantime there was consternation at the boarding school. Everything was ready for the reception, but there were no guests. Later a few belated Colgate men arrived and the truth came out. Nearly all the girls who had bought concert tickets returned them and got their money back.

Yesterday afternoon some of the recreant guests called at the boarding school and tried to explain how they had been kidnapped. They got a cool reception.

STRIKE AT BRYAN DINNER.

Waiters at Denver Feast Walk Out—Bryan Talks on Tariff.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, April 6.—The Bryan banquet at El Jebel Temple, the new home of the Shriners, this evening, was ruined by a strike of the waiters. The Democratic managers of the banquet wanted the waiters to serve for $1.25 each, and the waiters promptly struck. The dinner was not served, but the scheduled speeches were made. The waiters paraded the streets, stopping at the newspaper offices and the Republican and Democratic Club houses and cheering for Roosevelt and Taft.

Mr. Bryan, before coming here, heard that there was trouble with the Waiters' Union, and asked that only union waiters be employed. This was done, and it was these waiters who struck.

In his speech to-night, Mr. Bryan paid particular attention to the Republican position on the tariff.

"It is gratifying to see Republicans vying with each other in their advocacy of tariff reform. But the people are not likely to intrust the reduction of the tariff to the men who are not willing to have tariff reform at once, and who have not discussed the tariff until the exigencies of the campaign made it necessary.

"The Democratic Party will enter the campaign with confidence. Its principles and policies are strong, its forces are united, while the Republicans are divided, and its appeal to justice will find a quicker response than heretofore."

TEACHERS GOING TO PRUSSIA.

Carnegie Foundation Announces an Exchange with That Government.

A plan for an exchange of teachers between schools of the United States and Prussia under the supervision of the Prussian Imperial Department of Instruction and the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching was announced yesterday.

The plan will take effect on Oct. 1, and it is expected that twenty-five to fifty teachers will avail themselves of the opportunity to visit Prussia as guests of the Government. That Government will pay the visiting teachers $25 to $27.50 per month and afford them every facility to become acquainted with the German educational system. The Americans are expected to converse with the German upper class students in English upon the institutions and social customs of the two countries.

It is stipulated that the American teacher visiting Prussia under this plan must be a graduate of an American college and must have taught for one year in some college or high school, and be still connected therewith. Some knowledge of German will be necessary.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—Steamship Colorado, Brunswick, April 4; steamship Northwestern, Gusnica.

Sleeping Car Service to Wilkesbarre and Wyoming Valley points. Lehigh Valley Railroad. Leave New York, daily, 2:00 A. M. Information, 1,400 and 355 Broadway.—Adv.

DOCTOR DISMISSED; USED ANTI-TOXIN

Woman Head of Children's Home, Where Diphtheria Rages, Does Not Believe in Treatment.

25 CASES IN HOME NOW

Dr. Weber, House Physician in White Plains Institution, Criticises Mrs. Jordan in Letter of Protest.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, April 6.—Because Dr. Edward W. Weber, who for two years has been house physician to the Westchester Temporary Home at White Plains, insisted that antitoxin be administered to the children suffering from diphtheria on account of an epidemic of the disease now in the home, and which he says Mrs. Mary Jordan, the Superintendent, refused to permit, he has been dismissed by the Board of Managers.

The Westchester Temporary Home is a home for incorrigible and indigent children of the county and now has about 150 inmates. At present, according to the report of Dr. Weber, 25 inmates are suffering from diphtheria, and when he ceased attending the institution as house doctor on March 26 last there were 25 other children who had cultures in their throats.

The statement of Dr. Weber and several Directors of the home says Mrs. Jordan, the Superintendent, believes in homeopathic treatment, and for this reason he asserts that she refused to give the children the antitoxin or to permit him to administer it. She declared it was too strong a medicine for a child. Dr. Weber asserts that the first boy seized with diphtheria was John Gladsby, colored, four years old, and that he was doctored by Mrs. Jordan, who gave him medicine, and he was sent back to the nursery.

"Shortly after that," said Dr. Weber, "the disease showed. There is no doubt that Mrs. Jordan looks after the children well and keeps the institution clean, but she imagines that she knows more about medicine than a doctor does. I was dismissed as house physician because my views on treatment were not coincided in by the Superintendent. In a letter I sent to the Executive Committee after I had received a copy of a resolution dismissing me without giving me a chance to be heard, I said: 'Are the health and lives of the unfortunate children committed to a public institution to be sacrificed by the whimsical vagaries of a Superintendent with an inordinate idea of her own knowledge and importance?'"

Mrs. Jordan succeeded Supt. Pierce as head of the Westchester Temporary Home. When asked if she had any reply to make to the charges of Dr. Weber that she refused to give them medicine he ordered for the children and to administer anti-toxin as he directed, she sent word through an assistant that she would not discuss the controversy in any form whatever, and that it was simply up to the Executive Committee to speak for her.

Dr. Weber says he was so taken back by the unusual action of the Executive Committee in dismissing him without asking any questions that he sent a letter of protest to Richard M. Hoe, the Secretary of the Board of Managers of the home, in which he said:

On March 18 diphtheria developed in three children in the home. On the occasion of my visit I instituted treatment at once, including isolation. Cultures were taken from the throats of affected children and sent to Dr. Smith of New York for examination, which resulted in a confirmation of my diagnosis of diphtheria. I then immediately administered anti-toxin to these children. On the following day, March 16, other cases had developed, and when I asked for more anti-toxin, Mrs. Jordan absolutely refused to give me any, insisting that they were simply cases of tonsilitis. On several other occasions I was also refused anti-toxin when I had insisted that it be given.

From the time of my first visit to the date of discontinuance of my services, twelve days elapsed. During this time there developed twenty-five cases of positive character, while about the same number of other children had developed throat symptoms which under the circumstances of such an extensive epidemic I justly regarded as being suspicious. Criticism of my medicines and treatment was a common occurrence. In other cases my medicines were ordered discontinued and medicines more to the liking of the wise Superintendent were ordered instead. She has frequently avowed that she did not believe in the efficacy of anti-toxin and that it is a dangerous medicine to give. Is it her privilege to disregard the physician's orders in any particular case and administer what medicine she in her ignorance considers proper?

It was reported to-day that it is the intention of the Managers of the home to close the institution soon unless the Board of Supervisors passes a resolution appropriating $3.50 a week for the care of each child committed to the institution.

DOG GOT A FLEETING NIP.

He Bit a Policeman and Disappeared, a Bark Under Full Sail.

Patrolman Arthur E. Johnson of the Traffic Squad, who lives at 500 West 126th Street, had heard of flying leaps and the "Flying Dutchman," but until a yellow cur with a sardonic expression in his left eye casually elongated his neck and nipped that policeman's right forearm, as he rode by in his master's wagon, he had never heard of a flying bite. The dog also barked, and Johnson said it was a bark under full sail.

Johnson was standing at Second Avenue and Eighth Street, early last evening, and as the air still bore testimony of the day's temperature, he raised his right hand to the vizor of his cap to relieve the pressure on his brow. It was at that psychological moment that the unidentified yellow cur passed, squatting on the tailboard of his unidentified master's wagon.

Johnson says he believes the dog was impressed with the possibility of his gesture and jumped to the canine conclusion that the patrolman intended to clout him betwixt his unclipped ears. The dog's personal opinion is not obtainable, since he passed on with such speed, but that he reached from the tailboard of that wagon and surreptitiously slipped his teeth into the patrolman's forearm is a fact attested to by Dr. Tfuler of the German Polyclinic Hospital, at Second Street and Eighth Avenue, who dressed his wound. Johnson says that the wagon, with the dog smirking from the tailboard, had nearly passed out of sight before he was aware that blood was trickling through his fingers. On the advice of brother officers, he went to the hospital and had the wound cauterized.

Astor's Grandson Re-elected Selectman

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass, April 6.—Charles Astor Bristed, grandson of the first John Jacob Astor, was re-elected Selectman at Stockbridge to-day, although some of the farmers had opposed him on the grounds that he had expended too much of the town's money near the millionaires' residences.

PHILADELPHIA IN TWO HOURS—every hour on the hour—via New Jersey Central. See schedule on Page 15. SAFE, CONVENIENT, RELIABLE.—Adv.

BOMB THROWER TELLS ALL.

Silverstein Says He Set Off the Explosive with a Cigarette.

The condition of Selig Silverstein, the bomb thrower of Union Square, was reported to be much worse last night at Bellevue Hospital. His temperature has risen to 104 and he was suffering great pain, although conscious.

Silverstein made a statement to the police on Friday, in which he told in detail how he manufactured the bomb which will probably cause his own death, and has already caused the death of one other man.

The opportunity to get Silverstein's statement was afforded through his asking for a drink. A policeman gave him a glass of water and asked:

"Do you know who I am?"

"Yes," answered Silverstein. "You are a policeman—a friend of mine."

"Can you see?"

"Yes, my sight is better."

"What was that bomb made of?" he was asked.

"The top of a brass bedstead. I bought a quarter of a pound of nails and broke them in half. I put nitro-glycerine on top of them, and on top of the nitro-glycerine some gunpowder. When I got to the park I saw a policeman there who had beaten me. I put the fuse in the bomb and walked over to the fountain. I had a lighted cigarette in my hand, and I tried to touch off the fuse, but in my excitement I put the cigarette in the wrong hole, causing the explosion."

He said he know Alexander Berkman and Emma Goldman.

HIS AUTO ONLY SNEEZED.

But It Was a Loud One and Crowd Thought It Was a Bomb.

The report of an explosion big enough to reverberate up and down Broadway collected a crowd of several hundred in Times Square at 9 o'clock last night, and gave the police trouble until the noise had been explained.

"It's a bomb!" was the cry that arose from the crowd. Instead of stampeding the throng made a rush in the direction whence came the sound.

William Rehan, one of the biggest of the Traffic Squad, who has charge of automobile traffic in the square, loomed head and shoulders above the crowd, waving his long night stick.

"He didn't get you, eh?" shouted one man.

"Who?" snorted Rehan.

"The bomb thrower," called back a dozen voices.

"Get back there!" shouted Rehan. "There wasn't any bomb. It was the benzine 'bus."

A big red touring car at the Forty-second Street entrance of the Hotel Knickerbocker had blown off with unusual force. At the wheel sat its owner, Clarence Morris, who lives at the New Grand Hotel.

"There was a short circuit of my wires and an outside explosion," he explained. "It was merely a gasoline sneeze."

He sat through the explosion and the subsequent excitement without turning a hair.

"I'm mighty sorry I caused all this trouble," he said in apology to Rehan.

Traffic policemen on theatre duty at Seventh Avenue and Forty-second Street, Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets and down Broadway rushed to Times Square along with the crowd of anxious and curious people.

AUTO WRECKS A CARRIAGE.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Burnham of Morristown Hurt—Coachman in Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., April 6.—Frederick E. Burnham, formerly connected with the law department of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, and his wife narrowly escaped death yesterday when an automobile crashed into their carriage. They were saved by the presence of mind of their coachman, Charles Davis, who is now in the Memorial Hospital in a precarious condition. The occupants of the machine, William H. Day and Frederick Moffatt of Bloomfield are under $500 bail to appear for a hearing on Wednesday. They were charged by Mr. Burnham with assault and battery.

The accident happened in Speedwell Avenue, Morristown. The carriage in which Mr. and Mrs. Burnham were driving was about to turn out of the avenue into Cuttler Street when the automobile came along at a high rate of speed and made a quick turn to the left of the carriage. At the same time Davis headed his horses away from the auto, but the machine turned suddenly, running into the front of the wagon.

Davis was thrown from his seat and the carriage upset, but he held on to the reins as the horses started to run away and soon stopped them.

Mr. and Mrs. Burnham were badly bruised and had to be removed to their homes.

BERMUDA WARS ON AUTOS.

Islanders Want the Government to Abolish the Only One There.

The automobile is about to be legislated out of Bermuda. New Yorkers returning from there say that the sentiment against motor vehicles is as intense as in Prince Edward Island, where a bill is now before the Legislature providing for the exclusion of all automobiles. There is but one motor car in Bermuda, and the public disapprobation is centred upon that one machine.

Walter Cook, a consulting architect and member of the firm of Bobb, Cook & Welch, of 3 West Twenty-ninth Street, who has just returned from a two weeks' sojourn in Bermuda, brings the latest news of the anti-automobile war.

"The one automobile on the island," said Mr. Cook yesterday, "is used as a stage for transferring passengers between Hamilton and St. George, about fourteen miles. The roads of Bermuda are narrow and very crooked, making it dangerous for an automobile to travel. Recently the public indignation was aroused by an accident which nearly resulted in the death of one of the islanders. He was riding horseback along one of the mountain roads, when at a sudden turn the automobile stage came rushing toward him. He was an expert horseman, but the animal he rode swerved and the rider was nearly killed. This accident seemed to mark the doom of the automobile in Bermuda, judging from the tone of public sentiment. I learned that an effort was on foot to pass a bill which would enable the local Government to purchase the automobile stage and abolish it."

Justices Burr and Clark Ill.

While on his way to attend the Queens County Supreme Court session Justice Joseph A. Burr, who was to have presided in Part I. yesterday, was stricken with illness and with difficulty reached the Town Hall. There he adjourned court until Wednesday and went home. Word was received in Part II. that Justice Lester W. Clark was ill at his home in Richmond. The cases upon the Part II. calendar will probably go over the term, it was said yesterday.

MME. GOULD TO WED PRINCE DE SAGAN

Mrs. George Gould at Last Won Over to Marriage and All but George Gould Follow.

FAMILY DINNER FOR PEACE

Mr. Gould's Consent Expected Soon—Mme. Gould and the Prince Radiant Over Victory.

It was definitely announced last night that the opposition of the Gould family to the marriage of Mme. Anna Gould, formerly the Countess de Castellane, and Helie de Talleyrand-Perigord, Prince de Sagan, has melted away and the marriage will take place in Paris within a few months. The steadfastness of Mme. Gould and her suitor, it was said, has baffled the hostility of her brothers and her sister, Miss Helen Gould, and at a dinner last night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould the family finally determined to hold out no longer.

George Gould was not present at the family assembly, but Mrs. George Gould was, and it is now stated authoritatively that it is only a question of a few days before the last of the brothers will yield.

Mrs. George Gould, whose word carries great weight with her relatives, and whose judgment is generally approved by them, returned yesterday morning from Hot Springs, Va. Mrs. Gould, it is said, had left her apartments in the Plaza rather than take part in what she knew would be a bitter and prolonged altercation. She shared the general prejudice against the Prince de Sagan and left her relatives to thresh out what appeared to her to be a very disagreeable task.

In the absence of Mrs. George Gould, all was dissension and Mme. Gould had declared herself positively. Meanwhile the family stood decided, but one after another recruits were gained by the Prince. First Mrs. Frank J. Gould appeared upon the scene and lent her support to her sister-in-law. Then followed the Edwin Goulds, and Howard Gould sent flowers and messages to his sister. Finally Miss Helen Gould was prevailed upon to see that her sister's attitude had been consistent and courageous.

Yesterday, when Mrs. George Gould appeared in New York unexpectedly, she assumed the rôle of mediator. She called on Mme. Gould at the Hotel St. Regis at 4 o'clock, and together the sisters-in-law considered the affair at length. Mme. Gould set forward her arguments in favor of the Prince. His unswerving loyalty, the picturesqueness of his courtship, and his own personality were the chief arguments. Finally Mrs. Gould said:

"I don't see how we can interfere with your personal freedom any more. You are a woman thirty-two years old and you must know."

Instantly a dinner party for the family was arranged in the seclusion of the Edwin Gould house at 720 Fifth Avenue. Mrs. George Gould did yeoman service on behalf of her sister-in-law, and Miss Helen Gould consented to appear. In the meantime the Prince called on Mme. Gould at the St. Regis and heard about the diminishing family opposition. He arrived at the hotel at 6 o'clock and stayed for two hours. At 7:30 o'clock Mme. Gould came down stairs dressed for dinner and radiant with happiness. At the entrance the Edwin Gould brougham was waiting for her and took her up the avenue for a short block. Then the Prince came down stairs and went to the Café Martin for dinner.

So far the Prince has met none of the Goulds during his visit. He dined with his friend, the Vicomte de Barres. The Prince appeared in the Fifth Avenue dining room of the Café Martin apparently delighted with his victory, and remained until almost midnight.

The Prince on Saturday and yesterday lunched in the company of Mme. Gould at Sherry's and the public was none the wiser. On Saturday the luncheon was given by Mr. and Mrs. Tyler Morse, and besides the Prince and Mme. Gould, Miss Dorothy Taylor, a granddaughter of the late Roswell P. Flower, and Isidor Morse were guests. Yesterday the Prince entertained the same party.

The Prince has not definitely determined whether he will sail on La Provence Thursday. The developments of the intervening days will guide him in his movements. In the belief that the family hostility had practically vanished, he will probably sail, and whether George Gould maintains his attitude of unrelenting opposition or not, Mme. Gould and the Prince will wed. Her future home will be the celebrated mansion in Paris in which her first husband sank so many millions. As the Princess de Sagan her position in the aristocratic society of Paris will be vastly enhanced. Owing to the French laws, her divorce from Boni de Castellane prohibits her the use of Boni's title.

FIRE CHIEF'S AUTO PEEVISH.

Lally's Flier Kicks Off a Wheel, Then Scoots Into a Butcher's Shop.

The cantankerous automobile used by Deputy Chief Thomas Lally, the unformed head of the Fire Department in Brooklyn, took it into its head to cast off one of its wheels and run wild in Myrtle Avenue early last evening, causing panic in the neighborhood.

The machine is regarded as the most eccentric in the department. It is an old car, and it is believed to have become peevish and cranky with age.

Early last evening a fire occurred in the boarding house of Mrs. Mary Ellquist, at 179 Columbia Heights. Fireman James F. De Moll, who operates Chief Lally's car, started out with the machine to pick up the chief and take him to the fire.

De Moll was whizzing along Myrtle Avenue when, at Hudson Avenue, the fore axle of the machine snapped and one of the forward wheels parted company with the car. The automobile swerved and ran head on for the butcher's shop of Albert Rosen at 201 Myrtle Avenue. Leaping the curb the machine crashed into a big plate-glass window of the place. The score or more of customers in the shop stopped not for their change or their chops or their steaks.

De Moll escaped unhurt. The fire amounted to little.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
"It's Purity has made it famous."—Adv.

MR. MORGAN GOES TO AIX.

Leaves Rome in Perfect Health After a Brief and Enjoyable Visit.

ROME, April 6.—J. Pierpont Morgan left Rome to-day for Aix, France.

Mr. Morgan apparently enjoyed perfect health throughout his visit in Rome. He dined out on a number of occasions, surprising everybody with his vigor, alertness, and good humor.

The newspapers here have published numerous unfounded reports concerning Mr. Morgan. The Italia this evening says he has the refusal of the Palace Aldobrandini, intending to transform it into a museum for his vast collections. As a matter of fact, Mr. Morgan merely visited the palace, which is being considered as a possible residence for the American Embassy

Rumors that J. Pierpont Morgan, who was in Rome until yesterday, when he went to Aix, France, was ill, were denied at the Morgan offices.

Before they were denied, however, the reports regarding Mr. Morgan's health received wide circulation in the financial district.

Nearly every recent trip of Mr. Morgan to Europe has been made the occasion of reports similar to that circulated yesterday.

RESTORED TO THE KING.

Countess Montignoso's Daughter Goes Back to Her Royal Father.

LEIPSIC, April 6.—Princess Anne Monica Pia, daughter of the King of Saxony by his divorced wife, now Countess Montignosa, wife of Signor Toselli, arrived here to-day.

She will be taken to Dresden to-morrow, where she will remain in the future with the King.

DUBIOUS FOR ALDRICH BILL.

House Canvass Shows That Only 70 Republicans Favor Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—A canvass of the House made by Representative Hill of Connecticut discloses the fact that only seventy Republicans, less than one-third that party's membership, favor the passage of the Aldrich bill. It has been known for more than a month that the Senate bill was not popular with Western Republicans, but not until actual canvass was made was the extent of the disaffection known. To-day it is freely predicted that the bill can never be driven through the House, even under party whip and spur.

$500,000 FOR JENKINS TRUST.

Company Plans to Reopen on Monday with Help of Manhattan Bank.

The Jenkins Trust Company, the temporary receiver for which was discharged on Saturday by Supreme Court Justice Betts, plans to reopen for business on Monday next. By the court decision the company has until April 22 to resume business. Almet R. Latson, counsel for the depositors, said yesterday that a Manhattan bank, which he declined to name, was ready to back the company to the extent of $500,000.

MAN HEFLIN SHOT MAY DIE.

Physicians Think McCreary, Whom He Accidentally Hit, Has Little Chance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Thomas McCreary, the horse trainer in the Belmont stable who was accidentally shot by Representative Heflin of Alabama two weeks ago, is lying to-night in the George Washington University Hospital in a serious condition. Late to-night there is little hope of his recovery, according to the attending physicians.

WANTS HYMNS WHISTLED.

Evangelist Has New Idea for Men Who Can't Sing.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, April 6.—The Rev. J. R. Hemminger, an evangelist, who has recently come to the Bellevue Methodist Episcopal Church from Carlisle, Penn., to conduct a revival, has created much interest by insisting that his congregation whistle the hymn tunes as well as sing them.

In this way, he asserts, the men who cannot sing, or do not sing, will pick up the tunes and whistle them outside, which will do much good.

LONDON BUILDING DISASTER.

Eight Bodies Taken from Ruins of Collapsed Tenement Houses.

LONDON, April 6.—Two old tenement houses in Castle Street, Oxford Street, collapsed early this morning, their foundations having been weakened by excavations for a new building. Between thirty and forty persons, mostly German waiters, were buried in the ruins.

Eight bodies have so far been removed and twenty persons have been taken out alive. Strange to say, none of these twenty rescued ones is seriously injured.

The police and firemen are still searching the ruins.

NEW GOVERNORS FOR CUBA.

American Army Officers Put In as Executives in the Provinces.

HAVANA, April 6.—Gov. Magoon has received resignations, which he requested, from all the provincial Governors, and has appointed in their places Capt. Dougherty for Santiago, Major Wallace Clark for Camaguey, Capt. Edwin Wittenmeyer for Matanzas, Major F. J. Holtz for Havana, and Capt. G. W. Read for Pinar del Rio.

All the Governors resigned gracefully, with the exception of Silva of Camaguey, who wrote:

"I cannot consider this a resignation. Rather I am dismissed by your omnipotent order."

The appointees to the Governorships will take possession of their offices to-morrow.

4,750,000 OUT OF WORK.

Samuel A. Stodel Declares at Convention That Matters Will Be Worse.

A convention of representatives of various labor and other bodies was held yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Astor to inquire into the number of unemployed throughout the United States and the reasons for their idleness.

Samuel A. Stodel, a representative of the Industrial Workers of the World, said that he had prepared a statement of the number of unemployed in thirty-seven States.

"A reasonable estimate of the number of unemployed throughout the United States at the present time would be at least 4,750,000," he said.

Stodel asserted that matters are going to be worse.

JACKSON CHARGES BEFORE LEGISLATURE

Grand Jury's Presentment Is Made Public by Party Vote After Bitter Debate.

DENIES WHITE'S ALLEGATION

Attorney General Says He Never Suggested to Receiver of Hamilton Bank a Possible Division of the Fees.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 6.—Both the Senate and the Assembly to-night received the presentment against Attorney General William Schuyler Jackson which was handed down a few days ago by the New York County Grand Jury as a result of incidents connected with the Hamilton Bank receivership which were aired before that body.

In both houses, and especially in the Senate, a bitter debate was provoked by a motion offered from the majority to have the presentment and the Grand Jury minutes received and made legislative documents, open to publication. The Democrats opposed that proposition.

Senator Grady in the upper house and Majority Leader Palmer in the Assembly took up the cudgels for the Attorney General. The Senate vote for the publication of the minutes was 22 to 16. Senators Gilchrist and Smith, Republicans, voted with the Democrats in opposition, and Senator Thompson, a McCarren Democrat, voted with the Republicans in favor.

In the Assembly the vote was 52 to 40. There it was virtually a party vote.

With the handing down of these documents in both houses, the testimony given before the Grand Jury by ex-Deputy Attorney General Frank White, who resigned that position to become receiver of the Hamilton Bank, and Attorney General Jackson's sworn contradiction of that testimony, were given out for publication.

Mr. Jackson's denial of the declaration of his former deputy that an allusion had been made by Mr. Jackson in a conversation with Mr. White to a possible division of his fees as a receiver with some "other man," on whose identity no light is thrown in the testimony, is most emphatic.

No Light On "Other Man."

Ex-Deputy Attorney General Frank White was about the Capitol to-night while Jackson was under discussion, but declined to make any comment or throw any light on the identity of the "other man." What the outcome will be is a matter of great doubt. In the Senate the presentment and abstract from the Grand Jury minutes were ordered printed and laid on the table, and a similar course was followed in the Assembly.

The Assembly, under its rules, is prevented from considering of its own accord any resolution providing for an investigation except in impeachment proceedings. The Senate will be prevented from taking any initiative because of the possibility that it might be called upon to sit in judgment in the Jackson case.

So it may be up to the Governor after all to take the initiative.

The abstract from the Grand Jury minutes was not read in either house. An influential Republican leader in the Senate whose opinion generally reflects that of his colleagues among the majority, said:

"The stuff isn't worth wasting the time over that it would require to have it read."

Senator Grady in debate took the ground that it was a violation of the criminal procedure to divulge the proceedings of the Grand Jury. He declared that in making the minutes of the jury public the Senate was denying to the Attorney General what the law gives to the meanest of men.

Senator Raines said that in giving the matter to the public the Legislature was giving what Mr. Jackson desired. He believed it was fair to that official to make the matter public.

White's Testimony.

The minutes begin with the testimony of Mr. White, who testified that he was appointed by Justice Betts, receiver of the Hamilton Bank of New York. Mr. White swore that as such receiver his fee was $12,500. Mr. White swore, further, that after the receipt of that fee, or after its allowance, he had a conversation with Attorney General Jackson at the Attorney General's office, in New York City.

The first part of the conversation, according to Mr. White, "related to the receiverships, my duties there, and the fact that it was closed up and the amount of fees that I had been allowed by the court, the amount that my counsel D Cady Herrick, had received, and I think that Mr. Jackson said that those were pretty decent allowances, or some equivalent expression.

"I said," Mr. White continued, "'I don't think it is extraordinary for a man that has been in the habit of getting pretty decent fees from other people, and particularly from lawyers who come in consultation.' 'Well,' he said, 'I think it would be all right for $6,250 of this to go to the other man,' or to 'the other party,' or something of that kind. And I said: 'That is preposterous. I won't entertain any proposition of that kind. This allowance is mine; it was made by the court, and I intend to keep it. There won't anybody have it.' And I got very much excited. There was a great deal said after that, but that was the substance."

Q.—What was said after that? A.—Why, I think he asked me who appointed me. I told him Judge Betts did, and "Why did he do it?" "On account of the friendly relations that had existed between us for years."

Q.—That is, between you and Judge Betts? A.—Judge Betts, yes, Sir. I never knew Mr. Jackson until he came into my office in Albany and offered me the position. I was not an applicant for it.

"And I was very much excited and was amazed at the proposition, excited and raised my voice to a pretty high pitch and talked pretty rapidly, and told him I did not want to hear any more, and walked out of the room into a corridor of the building and down the elevator—"

Q.—Before you walked out of the room into the corridor of the building was there anything said by Mr. Jackson which in substance directed to the idea that if the other man did not get this sum what might happen? In other words, was there anything in the nature of physical threats or abusive language used by Mr. Jackson to you? A.—Well, there was—I don't think he raised his voice very high. I don't think—

"Said I Would Regret My Attitude."

Q.—Never mind about raising his voice. What did he say, and didn't he threaten to use violence on you? A.—No.

Q.—What did he say? A.—He said I would regret it, or something of that kind. He said that I would regret my attitude, and I told him if there were any regrets they would probably be on his side; that I had no regrets; that I had been allowed this amount by the courts, and it was mine, and I proposed to keep it.

Q.—When he said the other man, who was the other man? A.—I flew up in the air right away; I didn't want to hear who the other man was.

In answer to further questions Mr.

White said he was appointed receiver without any understanding or agreement of any kind whatsoever with any person, and that this was the first proposition of this character that was made to him by any one.

"I was in a great state of excitement," Mr. White went on to say. "It was a novel proposition to me, and I commenced to warm up instantly, because I knew that that was my money. Nobody could disabuse my mind of that idea, and I didn't propose to part with any of it to any person."

A juror asked Mr. White: "Were there any rumors while you were in the Albany office that he had been splitting fees with anybody; did you hear any rumor?"

Mr. White replied: "No, Sir; they wouldn't any one be very apt to talk to me about that, because I was First Deputy."

Jackson's Version of Conversation.

Mr. Jackson's version of the conversation with Mr. White as to his fees covers many pages of the testimony. The more important part of it is as follows:

"Mr. White did not come in—where from coming in nearly every day, to perhaps two or three times a week—from the time his fees were fixed, until this conversation he has related before you in part, I did not see him. He did not come to the office to my knowledge and I did not communicate wih him, nor did he communicate with me. Then I think it was upward of two months after this last time I had seen him, he came in the office and in the course of the talk I asked him if he had put in his final account and if everything was closed up, and I think he said yes—I am not sure whether he said he had finally accounted or not.

"I asked him what was the final allowance he had received and also that Judge Herrick had received. He told me $12,500 for himself, and I do not recall—I think it was upward—I think the first allowance for Judge Herrick was $5,000, and that was increased to $7,500. I am not sure about that.

"He told me that his had been increased from $10,000 to $12,500, and he started in immediately to complain about the smallness of that amount, and said that he expected he would make a great deal more out of it, and that other receiverships were better than this one, and he was talking in that strain, and then I said to him something to this effect: 'Why, what are you talking about? I think that you have received a great big fee for your work in that matter, and you have nothing to complain of, and I think, as a matter of fact, it is much too large.' He said: 'Do you know how much I was making a year before I came into your department?' He said: 'I was making $16,000 a year.' I said: 'Even at that, if you were working inside of three months in this receivership, half that amount would have been good pay.'

"Then he began to get considerably excited, and said: 'Why, I don't want to talk about it, I don't want to talk about it, I don't want to talk about it, I don't think we ought to talk about it.'

"He said: 'There is talk of a legislative investigation,' and he said: 'I don't think we ought to talk about it.' I said: 'What if they do have a legislative investigation; these receivers had to be appointed in every instance, and I am perfectly willing to have it.'

Agreement with Receivers.

"And he said: 'They are talking about an investigation as to whether you had any agreement with these receivers as to their fees.' I said: 'You know whether you have got to divide with anybody else,' and he said, as I recall, something to this effect: 'Not by a damn sight, I never agreed to divide with anybody, and I don't propose to divide with anybody; the amount is very small, and I earned every penny of it, and I won't divide with anybody.'

"He seemed—it occurred to me then for the first time, that he had in mind, and yet not for the first time, for it had occurred to me once before—that he had in mind that I was about to ask him for some of his fees, and that he was afraid of it, and that he was starting to say that he did not want to talk about it with that idea in mind, and so I asked him, I said: 'Why, you don't think that I want any of your fees?' And he said something to the effect, 'Well, I don't know.'

"I got angry at that, and we had some sharp words, and he left the office and I haven't seen him since nor heard from him until I read in the paper on the morning of the 19th of March of his being before the Grand Jury and saying, at least it was so stated in the paper, that I had demanded of him half of his fees."

Mr. Jackson made an extended statement to the Grand Jury, in the course of which he said:

"I took on a year ago a pretty good sized undertaking, the Attorney General's office of the State, for a man who had been an Assistant District Attorney up to that time and that had been his experience, except for four years in the Corporation Counsel's office, prior, and I have been working at that night and day ever since with an insufficient force and insufficient funds.

"I have been working upon a salary of $5,000, with $1,600 allowed in full in lieu of all expenses, making the total income to meet all my expenses of $5,600, or say, $6,600; with the additional expenses involved of moving my family to Albany and living a good share of the time in New York and traveling back and forth, and I think that $3,000 that I had received as a first Assistant District Attorney of Erie County meant more to me than the $6,600 which I have received as Attorney General, but where I know that by any wrongful act I could have made money in the last year I haven't received one wrongful penny.

"My situation in that respect is open to your investigation at any time, although I have been harassed with some very light, insignificant debts and I do not wish to have this construed before the press any more than this—in the public press—any more than is necessary, any more than where gentlemen are responsible or who may be responsible for spreading those reports in the public press, may deem necessary for their purpose.

Could Have Been Worth Half Million

"Now, during that time there has been somebody trying to sue me for $30 or $40 where I was paying upon account $25 or $50 as I could on a matter of $100, and we had to take care of those things as they came along, and that is after I had been in business quite a while, and I could have been worth half a million and nobody have known about it. You can find if I have been taking funds, and if anybody wants to inspect any item, if anybody else finds any to the contrary, they can try me for perjury, and I understand all my rights and liabilities in that respect, and I have never in reference to things of these receiverships, agreed to receive, asked, demanded, or expected to receive one penny from anybody concerned, for myself or for anybody else, and any language included in any purported or alleged conversation with Mr. White that has for its construction anything else is false."

In the Grand Jury minutes it appears that Mr. Jackson was reluctant to go into the matter in detail, because, as he repeatedly stated, he felt that he was not being fairly treated in the matter and was unwilling to present his whole defense and thus place those who he felt were attacking him in possession of his case.

Mr. Jackson said that he demanded "just a fair and square deal."

Mr. Jackson recited, among other things, his version of his relation with District Attorney Jerome in the ice trust case. He protested that he had no feeling whatever against Mr. Jerome, but turned over the evidence which he had gathered to Mr. Jerome, "telling him, in my opinion, it was the evidence of a violation of the criminal laws of the State. He laid it over for months and replied to me that, in his opinion, it didn't constitute such evidence. He had had some investigation before the Grand Jury before and believed that a further investigatoin would be dismissed."

Mr. Jackson then went on to tell how he had been designated by the Governor to prosecute the matter before the Grand Jury, and added, "Now, while this investigation is going on, we have my office investigated; the District Attorney turns around and I don't believe there is a formal complaint or formal information lodged in that office of any kind and this office conducts a general investigation upon some rumor or other, I don't know what, about my office. It never developed until I was ordered to proceed in this case, and although the investigation before this Grand Jury has closed we have before another Grand Jury another criminal charge brought against me."

Jackson Asks Fair Treatment.

Attorney General Jackson in a communication to the Legislature to-night says in part:

"The Grand Jury seems to have come to the conclusion that no evidence was presented before them which would permit them to present any accusation against me.

"And yet, while no definite charge or accusation is made, I understand it is intended to make these Grand Jury minutes a part of the public documents of the Legislature, and that in anticipation of such action copies thereof already have been furnished the press.

"I suggested to the Grand Jury that I should have the right to cross-examine the witness, and that other witnesses should be examined whose testimony would be material, in order that the inquiry into my official conduct might be complete and fair. This course was not followed.

"What the Legislature has before it, therefore, is the minutes of a one-sided and incomplete examination, and if for the first time in the history of the State, and in defiance of the prohibitions of our criminal and penal codes, such a document is to become a part of the records of the Legislature, then I again respectfully urge that in simple justice the Legislature take such action as will lead to the fullest investigation of my official conduct, to the end that, if any wrongdoing be found, I may suffer therefor; or if none be found, the insinuations made against me may be declared without foundation and be expunged from the records."

HUGHES HITS AGAIN AT TRACK GAMBLING

Continued from Page 1.

and their pocketbooks, and the poolsellers and bookmakers and those who profit by gambling privileges are for their pocketbooks every time.

"Now and then we hear something said of vested rights. Vested rights? Under what provision of the Constitution or the laws is there any vested right in maintaining gambling privileges? Are we to recognize vested rights in the profits of lawbreaking? Or in apparatus, machinery, and privileges for lawbreaking? Does the fact that the Legislature has failed to impose an adequate penalty for the commission of an offense create a vested right to continue in committing the offense?

"Occasionally we hear men who live by manoeuvring and chicanery, who prosper by dark contrivances, protest against what they call executive usurpation when they are brought to open battle in fair argument. They are not horrified by deals, by the cunning craft of skilled manipulators. How much they are willing to endure which all honest men deplore, but how keen their resentment when the Executive lays before the people the merits of the cause in which they are interested and the manner in which the fundamental law has been evaded! It has been a fair field of argument. Those interested in maintaining gambling privileges have not wanted their champions. But they have been sadly lacking in weapons for an open contest.

"Splendidly did the lower house of the Legislature declare itself. And most gratifying have been the successes thus far gained in the upper house. The record of the votes has silenced critics and answered those who would cast aspersions upon the honor of the Legislature.

A Time to Try Men's Souls.

"Doubtless every effort is now being made to win success upon the final rally of the opposition. Doubtless this is a time of struggle and of test—a time which tries men's souls! But I believe that unscrupulous importunities must fail. The desperation of the opponents of these measures is shown in their recent effort at a critical moment by cunning misrepresentation to throw into the controversy the respected name of the great dignitary of the Church. Such tactics cannot succeed. The legislator has but to read the Constitution and his oath of office to know his duty. That duty stands clear before all the people of the State, and the efforts to obscure it have come to naught.

"I saw the other day a statement which in substance amounted to this: That if a Republican Governor wanted to see the Constitution enforced it was the business of a Democratic Senator to oppose it. That, I suppose, is called politics. That, I take it, is what passes among some men as astuteness. But the people and hosts of Democrats who favor these bills call it otherwise. And I wish now to express my high respect for those Democratic Senators—one of them your esteemed fellow-citizen—who, although these measures were recommended by a Republican Governor, could not be cajoled, threatened, or seduced to vote against their duty and their conscience. They deserve to be held in the highest honor by the members of their own party and by the members of all parties, and their splendid independence will not be forgotten by the people.

"Not long ago I read in one of the newspapers an argument, in effect, that these measures were 'unpopular' and that it might be considered proper to vote against them on this ground. It would be a sad thing if in truth it had become unpopular to stand by the Constitution.

"But, on the contrary—and it is a splendid evidence of the wholesomeness of the sentiment in this State—there has not been within my recollection a measure which has so deeply interested the people of the State and which I believe would command in its support such a heavy popular vote as the measure to abolish the discriminations in favor of race-track gambling.

"Here and there a few men of influence, whose interests are antagonistic to this measure, are making contrary appeals. But they know that the people are for these measures irrespective of class. The farmers are for them, labor is for them, employers are for them, business men generally are for them, fathers and mothers and wives and sisters are for them, the conscience of the State is for them, and the time is not yet come when the conscience of the State can be safely defied. Some pretend to believe that it is inexpedient from a political standpoint to pass these bills. They know better. The highest expediency is to do right, and the party to which I have the honor to belong can never afford to avoid an issue where the right is so plain and the people understand it.

"I have heard nothing in the way of argument against these measures which merits serious consideration in the light of the constitutional provision. Convinced of the fundamental importance of obedience to the mandate of the Constitution, and of doing away with the iniquitous discriminations of the Percy-Gray act, I propose to maintain my position with regard to this reform, and in so doing I am confident that I shall have the continued support of the people of the State."

This is what the dinner guests ate:

Little neck clams.
Olives. Celery. Radishes.
Potage Mongole.
White Rock.
Planked shad en bordure.
Sweetbreads and fresh mushrooms en casserole.
Roast squab.
Aero salad.
Moet & Chandon White Seal.
Fancy ice cream.
Assorted cakes.
Coffee.
Cigars.

Clarendon Hotel, Brooklyn, N. Y.

At the close of the dinner many men crowded around Gov. Hughes and congratulated him upon his speech.

TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. —Adv.

THE ZUST'S PASSAGE THROUGH THE DESERT

Scarfoglio Describes the Trail Which Led to the Lonely Miner's Cabin.

THOMAS DUE AT VALDEZ

Italian Car Overhauling at San Francisco — De Dion Passes Fresno — Protos Leaves Kelton for Cobre.

55TH DAY OF THE RACE.

Car.	Reported.	Time. P. M.	Distance.
*Thomas.	Valdez	....	6036
	Seattle	....	4836
†Zust.	San Francisco	....	4090
De Dion.	Fresno	5:30	3631
‡Protos.	Kelton, Utah	....	2616

*Left Seattle last Wednesday. Due at Valdez, in Alaska, yesterday afternoon.
†Arrived San Francisco Saturday morning.
‡Left Kelton for Cobre yesterday morning.

Following is the description of the passage of the Zust, Italian car, in the New York to Paris race, through the desert between Ely and Goldfield and Death Valley, written by Antonio Scarfoglio, one of the crew, for The London Daily Mail, and published in that newspaper yesterday morning:

"This is no road that would bring one to happiness. The road to Goldfield is very long and hard, and runs through high mountains and steep valleys. There is not a single house in the 300 miles dividing Ely from Goldfield; always the desert, extremely wide, shining with the white sand.

"The solitude is not broken—not even by a flying bird, or by a lonely rabbit, but the road is fair, and is not hard on our pneumatic tires. The road is quite level, and our car, the Zust, is running at a fast gait. But it is a run without life and without enjoyment, as the air that is coaxing our faces is mild, but there is nothing to put one in good humor—not a tree, not a man, not a telegraph pole.

"Also, the railroad, which has been our friend during this trip, has left us, and with it the high telegraph poles, which were marking the way for us, have disappeared. Now there is nothing but big pyramids of stones. We must have gone about 150 miles in this horrible land, but nobody could tell us clearly the distance.

"What we know is that we are to-night without any place to shelter ourselves, and the wind is just now blowing strongly and making the sand whirl. We start on foot in the direction of a mountain, trying to find a shack, or a rock, or anything at all where we can pass the night. Not a single shack—not a rock! Not any kind of a hole at all!

"But we find a house, a very small and low house on the top of a rock, and with only one window, and there is a light in it. We knock one, two, three times at the door and an old man, with a sweet face and long white beard, comes and opens the door. He is surprised to see us at such a late hour, and in such a place.

The Lonely Miner.

"Finally he is sure that we are not barbarian pirates, up there to insult him and to steal his property, and he lets us into the room where a kerosene lamp is lit and the walls are covered with paper flowers. This room is full of books; also in a washstand there are books, and books up to the roof. On the bed there are also flowers.

"The bed sheets are open as though to invite rest, and an immense number of unknown instruments are under a glass globe. On the table, open, there is a book—Tennyson's 'Idylls of the King'—and this is the book he was reading when we knocked at his door. This man is alone. He is a Frenchman, a gold miner, and he tells us all his life after a sup of wine.

"We are sitting on the floor, on blankets that he has lent us to sleep on during the night. The light of the kerosene lamp falls across his beautiful face, which is full of darkness, and gives him the appearance of a tragedy when he is talking. Here is his life:

"He was 10 years old when he left a happy place in his native country, and now he has lost both his country and his happiness trying to realize his dream. He had friends and a small fortune which he lost to the winds of the sky. He had a father, a mother, a wife and children, but all have forgotten him. They went to another place looking for what he could not give them.

"Now he is alone in the desert, and has lost all trying to rebuild what he has himself destroyed. For thirty-seven years he has worn his fingers to the bone digging in the sand trying to realize his shining dream, but in the thirty-seven years he has not proceeded one step, so that he could regain what he had lost, and he is just as lonely now as the day he left his country with a pack on his shoulder, and took the main road.

Searching for Gold.

"For thirty-seven years he has searched everywhere, in Alaska, in the Transvaal, in California, with his blood in a fever, trying always to find gold. Now he has been here three years, and is near a small mine which he has discovered, with his books, Homer, Plutarch, Schiller, Tennyson, Shelley, and with his paper flowers—three years in which he has not seen any one at all, and has not spoken to any one except his old French poodle, and with his folly as his only companion.

"Gold, gold, gold—will he ever find it? He does not know. He has always been dreaming of it, and with disillusion. He will dig in the earth until his strength is gone, and when death comes to his door he will lie down next to his mine and die.

"He spoke in this way for two hours, and at 1 o'clock he was still talking. The kerosene is nearly all consumed, and his face shows that he is tired and all worn out. He called us this morning very early and put us on the road. A very mild wind is blowing now, and the air is very fresh. He remained a long time watching us from the top of a rock, saluting us in the name of France, which he calls "le vieux pays," and then he disappeared into his small house.

"We were very lonesome and melancholy until we reached Goldfield, always thinking of this poor man. The Zust is running beautifully on the hard road. We stopped a very short time at Goldfield, as we are trying to reach San Francisco as soon as possible, where the first stage of our journey will come to an end. Notwithstanding the horrible things we have heard from different people about the horrible desert, Mojave and Death Valley, we are to-day feeling very happy.

Approaching Death Valley.

"Haaga is singing horrible German songs, and the Zust is running without a rest in this dangerous road. Never a country more lonesome—more wild—than is shown in front of our eyes, with an ocean of yellow sand, which has fallen from the mountains to the valley and then accumulated in little hills.

"The sun striking the sand makes it turn into electric sparks. We are near the doors of Death Valley. We must inspect our tires, which we find in perfect condition. This valley we must cross is thirty-six miles long, and we get to it by descending a very dangerous incline, and incline upon incline brings us to the bottom, which is many feet below sea level.

"We got into the valley at 2 o'clock P. M. with the sun very strong and the wind full of waves of heat, and our faces are cut by small particles of sand, which are perforating our skin.

"Step after step the Zust is advancing in the sand, in which the wheels sink up to the hubs, but are gradually fighting against the obstacles, soft and hard.

"We seem to be in a furnace. We find no water. Finally we have found a little place where there is something that we would not otherwise call water, but which was water, under these conditions, and we drank and drank again.

"Now the wind is blowing tremendously, and the sand is whirling around us. It is impossible to proceed. The sand is too soft, and it is too hot, so is the air around us.

"Then we decide to rest for a while and have lunch, sitting on the ground and protected by the shade of the Zust automobile. Finally the sun goes down, and with it our torment is decreasing. We are through the desert and approaching the beauties of California, which we are told will repay all our troubles. Any place would be a heaven after the desert."

ZUST TO LEAVE FRIDAY.

Will Be Shipped to Seattle, Following Route of Thomas.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 6.—The racing car Zust, representative of Italy in the New York to Paris race, will be shipped from San Francisco to Seattle on Friday, and at the Puget Sound port will be placed on another steamer bound for Valdez, Alaska.

It will follow the exact route taken two weeks ago by the Thomas flier. This was the information given out to-day by Sirtori, who is in charge of the car.

The crew of the Zust car began a complete overhauling of the car to-day with the intention of putting the machine in the best condition for the Alaskan trip. Every part will be carefully inspected before the car is allowed to depart for Alaska, as the peculiar weather conditions there are expected to offer the most severe strain to all the automobiles in the race.

It is not possible to take with the car any extra parts to repair breaks that may occur, on account of the prohibitive rates for freighting the heavy weight.

Sirtori declared to-day that the car was in extremely good condition when it arrived here, much better even than he had expected after the exceptional strain it had undergone in the severe trip across the continent.

The Italians continue to attract the greatest attention, and receive showers of invitations. They are compelled to decline all but those which demand acceptance imperatively. To every one Sirtori declares they are in San Francisco in a race, not on a pleasure expedition, and cannot afford the time for festivities and entertainments.

The Gearless garage, where the car is housed, is constantly surrounded by an eager and enthusiastic crowd of Italian residents.

DE DION PASSES FRESNO.

French Car Rushing Toward San Francisco at Top Speed.

Special to The New York Times.

FRESNO, Cal., April 6.—The French (De Dion) car, which is third in the New York to Paris race, passed through here at 5:30 o'clock to-night, and hurried north at top speed. St. Chaffray, in charge of the car, is evidently bent on making up the thirty-six hours lost at Tulare by his recent breakdown and is eager to cover the 200 miles of the road remaining before he reaches San Francisco.

He wants to arrive in San Francisco in time to overhaul the car before taking the boat with the Italians for Seattle.

He covered fifty-one miles to-day from Tulare. The road conditions are excellent between the two towns, but there is still a bad marsh to pass before the Frenchmen reach San Francisco. It is probable that St. Chaffray will stop before reaching the swamp and cross it in the morning, reaching San Francisco to-morrow afternoon, barring accident.

PROTOS LEAVES KELTON.

Repairs Made and German Crew Expects No Further Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

KELTON, Utah, April 6.—The German Protos car made its second start from this place this morning, expecting to reach Cobre and make the southern run through the Tonopah district and into California.

The repairs to the car were finished yesterday, and Lieut. Koeppen expected to make good time, with no further delays.

THOMAS CAR DUE IN ALASKA.

Word of Arrival at Valdez Probably Delayed on Cable.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Washington, April 6.—Announcement by cable from Valdez, Alaska, of the arrival of the steamer Santa Clara, bearing the Thomas car, the leader in the New York to Paris race, which the Paris Matin and THE NEW YORK TIMES have organized, is expected here momentarily.

The steamer makes the trip to Alaska ordinarily in five days with favorable weather. No reports of storms which would delay the boat have been received, so that it is expected that she arrived this afternoon.

The failure to report the arrival so far to-night is probably due to the ordinary delays of cable communication, combined with the difference in time. The difference between New York and Valdez is five hours.

The arrival of the American car in Alaska is awaited with the greatest interest here, in view of the general predictions of failure there made by Alaskans. The report from the crew of the car as to the conditions of the trail as it finds them and the possibilities of traveling over it from a practical automobile standpoint will be intensely interesting.

Valdez reports no further thaw nor breaking up of the trail even in the interior.

MAN OF 59 KILLS GIRL OF 17.

Shoots Himself Also — Jealous of Young Man's Attentions to Her.

PITTSBURG, April 6.—Jealous of a seventeen-year-old girl, Samuel L. Gardner, aged 59 years, a civil engineer residing at McKee's Rocks, a suburb of this city, to-day shot the young woman, Miss Dorothy Yost, through the heart, causing instant death, and then fired a bullet into his mouth, dying three hours later.

Gardner, who was a married man with several grown children, lived next door to Mrs. Bradney, the girl's mother. Both Gardner's and Miss Yost's families are prominent, and have up to the time of the shooting to-day been on the best of terms.

Last evening Miss Yost, accompanied by a young man friend, attended services at the Presbyterian Church, where Miss Yost was a member of the choir. When Gardener heard of this he became enraged. This morning he purchased a revolver, informing the clerk he was going to "fix some burglars."

After leaving the store, Gardner met the young man who had escorted Miss Yost to church last night, and shaking his fist at him said: "I am going to get even with you." He then entered the Bradney residence. He found Miss Yost on the second floor. What conversation they had is not known.

Two shots were fired and Miss Yost died instantly. Mrs. Gardner said to-day that two weeks ago her husband confessed to her that he was infatuated with the young girl. The girl's mother, however, says that Gardner's infatuation had been of long standing.

He was borough engineer, but lost his position about a month ago when the administration changed. This is also thought to have preyed upon his mind.

See Washington
THE HEART OF THE NATION
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Bulletin
RAILROAD TICKETS PROCURABLE AT NIGHT.
There are night banks because emergencies make financial transactions necessary after business hours. Railroad travel is often contingent on emergencies also, then why not night ticket offices?
The ticket offices of the railroad stations are open at night, but in order to afford the same facilities for buying tickets to the residential and hotel district the Pennsylvania Railroad, on and after April 15th, will keep open its ticket office at 263 Fifth Avenue (Corner Twenty-ninth Street), until 10 o'clock every night, including Sundays.
This is done for the better accommodation of residents and hotel guests who may have been delayed beyond the usual hours in arranging their departure, and it will undoubtedly prove a great convenience to the traveling public. It is an innovation which cannot fail of instant appreciation.
Tickets ordered by telephone during these hours will be delivered and Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Car tickets may be ordered by telephone at any hour of the night and day.
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W. G. SMITH A SUICIDE, WAS LONG MISSING

Treasurer of Marie Antoinette Hotel Left Here with Accounts Tangled.

ONCE A MILITIA CAPTAIN

Body Found on River Bank Not Far from Buffalo — Probably Shot Himself a Month Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

WAVERLY, N. Y., April 6.—Walter G. Smith, ex-Captain of the Seventy-fourth Regiment of Buffalo and later cashier of the Marie Antoinette Hotel of New York, committed suicide here by shooting himself in the brain. The body was found this afternoon by two fishermen.

It was lying face downward in the mud and underbrush, four miles from here, on the banks of the Susquehanna River. It was at first believed that Smith had been murdered, but the Coroner and medical examiner say the case is one of suicide.

There was a bullet wound two inches behind the right ear. Identification was made by a gold hunting-case watch, and by an identification card of the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York City. The watch was engraved "W. G. S." on the outside, and the name "Walter G. Smith" on the dial. Inside the rear cover of the watch were engraved the words, "Best regards of comrades of Seventy-fourth Regiment, N. G. N. Y."

The body also bore a bill case with $65 in bills, two $10 gold pieces, and a quarter-dollar.

The two fishermen who found the body were L. P. Mosier and Norman Balton, both of Barton, N. Y. They believe the body had been in the water longer than a month.

Smith was conspicuous for several years in the military circles of Buffalo. He was the Adjutant of the First Battalion of the Seventy-fourth Regiment after serving for several years as Captain of Company G.

He was a member of the law firm of Smith & Fybush in Buffalo, and before going to New York as cashier and accountant of the Marie Antoinette Hotel was accountant for the Wooley and Gerrans Hotel here, the Iroquois, and the Grand Union under the same management at Saratoga Springs.

Capt. Smith disappeared from New York last January. He was Treasurer and Secretary for the proprietors of the Marie Antoinette Hotel. It was said at the hotel last night that his accounts were in bad shape because of his honoring "I. O. U.'s" for guests who had failed to settle after getting the money. The cashier, Mr. Ormsby, said that there was nothing against Capt. Smith at the time of his departure, and that no charge against him had been made. He was responsible for the bills uncollected, but since his departure some of them had been paid, and probably others would be paid.

Capt. Smith came of a well-known Buffalo family. He was a National Guardsman, and was Captain of Company G, Seventy-fourth Regiment. He kept in touch with National Guard affairs in this city after he came from Buffalo in 1904.

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SENATE SHOWS HASTE PASSING ARMY BILL

Will Rush Legislation to Escape Threatened Rebuke from White House.

SOLDIERS TO GET MORE PAY

House Passes Fortifications Bill Carrying Provisions for Protection of Honolulu—Also Sterling Liability Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Senate to-day rushed through the Army Appropriation bill at the rate of more than $1,000,000 a minute, and the measure will go to conference to-morrow. This action is interpreted to mean that the Senate is preparing to clear its legislative decks for action. If there is to be any blame attached to Congress for adopting a "do-nothing" policy, the house will have to shoulder it. The Senate is "getting out from under."

It is declared to-night that the Fortifications Appropriations bill will be pushed through as quickly to-morrow. This measure carries $11,000,000. On Thursday, unless the programme meets with an unforeseen hitch, the Employers' Liability bill will be enacted into law.

The complete change in the attitude of Congress is regarded as the result of the President's reiterated declarations that he would take action unless there was a distinct change in programme. The Democratic filibuster in the house last week forced the majority leaders to cry a halt on dilatory tactics.

The work mapped out is certain of fulfillment, except, perhaps, in the case of the employers' liability measure. The Sterling bill passed the House to-day and was hurried over to the Senate, where it was promptly referred to committee. The bill prepared by the Senate Committee on Education and Labor, which bears La Follette's name, is also before the Senate, and the question is whether the Sterling bill will be accepted and passed or the so-called La Follette bill substituted for it.

It is possible that a sharp fight may develop on this phase of the question. It may be brought about by those who regard the Employers' Liability bill prepared by Knox as the best measure of all. This bill is still in the Committee on Judiciary, and the fight may be started to delay matters until it can be forced before the Senate.

In the consideration of the Army bill there was a clash over the provision of $5,000 extra for entertaining foreign army officers. The argument was growing heated when Bacon explained that the money was not intended for indiscriminate entertainment, but was for the purpose of caring for properly accredited military representatives of foreign Governments. The item passed.

Another difference of opinion arose over the increase in pay for enlisted men. The officers all received generous increases, ranging from a 5 per cent. rise in the salary of a Lieutenant General to 25 per cent. increase in the pay of Captains and Lieutenants. The enlisted men were raised from $13 to $15 a month.

The measure as reported from the House carried $84,207,566. The Senate added to this $14,612,843, making the total the bill now carries $98,820,409. It required just one hour and a half to push the bill through.

Liability Bill Passes House.

With only one vote recorded against it, that of Mr. Littlefield of Maine, the House of Representatives, after forty minutes' debate, under suspension of the rules, passed the Sterling Employers' Liability bill.

SAYS JAPAN IS PREPARING.

Hobson Pleads for Ten New Battleships a Year for Many Years.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Pointing out what he declared to be the precarious condition of the National defense of the United States, both in the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, Mr. Hobson of Alabama in the House to-day, in a speech on the Naval bill, made a plea for two battleships of 25,000 tons' displacement, in addition to the two authorized by the Naval Appropriation bill.

He said that a conservative estimate would indicate that for the minimum basis of security and safety in the Pacific Ocean the United States should lay down at least four big ships a year for many years to come, "until Japan concedes to us what is inevitable—the American control of the sea around which our possessions are scattered."

As a minimum for the Atlantic Ocean the Government should lay down six battleships a year, he said.

The possibility of a conflict with Japan was discussed at length by Mr. Hobson. "It is true that America only asks a fair chance and no favor—simply the open-door policy in China—but this policy goes counter to Japanese ambitions."

Pursuing his analysis of the conditions in the Pacific, Mr. Hobson declared that "we cannot ignore the fact that Japan has undertaken stupendous war preparations, preparations which have doubled the national debt of Japan since the war with Russia ended. It is estimated that she has between 300,000 and 400,000 men under arms, yet there is no menace from the armies of Siberia or the armies of China or the armies of Europe. No nation since the world began has ever maintained such an army under such conditions, except as a preparation for an early campaign of aggression."

TO FORTIFY HONOLULU.

House Passes Fortifications Bill Carrying Many Items of Increase.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The House to-day passed a bill appropriating $8,000,000 for additional defenses at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii. Of this sum $50,000 will be at once available. Pearl Harbor is the strategic key to Honolulu.

Champ Clark, Missouri, in favoring the bill, said that the station should have been established long ago, because unless the United States had a naval station at Pearl Harbor some other country would locate one there. "While we are at peace with all the world," he exclaimed, "we would better fix this up now and stay at peace with a certain people on the other side of the world."

The principal items of increase in the Fortifications bill are as follows:

Construction of gun and mortar batteries, $883,000; fire control stations and accessories, $99,635; current for power and lighting at sea coast fortifications, $248,888; sea wall at Fort Travis, Texas, $350,000; sea coast cannon carriages and sites, $378,013; sea coast batteries in Hawaiian Islands, $269,400; submarine mine structures, Hawaiian Islands, $59,000; torpedo planters and launches for Hawaiian and Philippine Islands, $190,000; guns and carriages for Hawaiian and Philippine Islands, $229,400; ammunition for insular possessions, $200,000; submarine mine material for Hawaiian and Philippine Islands, $189,614.

CALLS LILLEY A LIAR.

Correspondent Retaliates on Congressman for Repudiating Interview.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The lie passed for the second time in the Lilley submarine investigation to-day. In striking contrast with Mr. Lilley's aggressive manner in the first verbal set-to, he received the charge to-day, after six weeks of continued rebuffs from the investigating committee, more in sorrow than in anger.

Shortly after Mr. Lilley introduced his resolution calling for the investigation of the methods of the Electric Boat Company he issued a positive denial of an alleged interview purporting to have been given out by himself.

Mr. Lilley was ready for the fight then, but the reporter did not push matters. This time, however, not only were the rôles reversed, and Mr. Lilley's attitude toward persons exercising the right of free speech entirely changed, but the accusing correspondent, Robert W. Woolley, was a little fat man, not more than two-thirds the height of the Connecticut Representative.

Mr. Woolley was on the stand repeatedly to-day swearing to another interview Mr. Lilley denied having given out. He gave a circumstantial account of how he got the interview, asserting that he had called on the Representative in his room at the New Willard Hotel and had there taken careful notes on the remarks made by Mr. Lilley.

Mr. Lilley took the stand immediately after the correspondent and denied ever having seen the correspondent at the hotel.

When the committee adjourned the correspondent waited for Mr. Lilley in the corridor.

"Of all the liars I ever met," he said, "you are the worst."

The Congressman replied sadly:

"You have destroyed my faith in human nature," and he walked away, shaking his head slowly.

OPPOSES LABOR COMMISSION.

Gompers Would Rather Endure Anti-Trust Law as It Stands.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The statement of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, that organized labor would rather endure the Sherman anti-trust law as applied by the United States Supreme Court in the hatters' case than submit to registration, as proposed by the amendatory bill drafted by the National Civic Federation and introduced in the House by Mr. Hepburn of Iowa, was one of the features to-day of a hearing on that bill before a subcommittee of the House Judiciary Committee.

The speakers, in addition to Mr. Gompers, were President Seth Low of the National Civic Federation, Prof. J. W. Jenks of Cornell University, as counsel for the federation, Daniel Davenport of Bridgeport, Conn., for the National Anti-Boycott Association, and George F. Monahan of Detroit, counsel for the National Founders' Association, an organization of manufacturers employing 250,000 men.

Prof. Jenks made it plain that so far as he and the National Civic Federation are concerned they desire no changes to be made in the Sherman law that would authorize an inter-State boycott, as defined by the Anthracite Coal Commission.

HARRIMAN DENIES RESTRAINING TRADE

Files Personal Answer to Federal Suit to Dissolve His System.

U. P. DOES NOT CONTROL

But a Link in a Transcontinental Line Without Power to Make Rates for Through Traffic.

SALT LAKE, Utah, April 6.—The answers of the defendants in the suit of the United States to dissolve the Harriman system of railroads as being a monopoly in restraint of trade were filed in the Federal court to-day.

The answers make a general denial of the allegations of the Government. In addition to the answer of E. H. Harriman, signed by himself, and Parley I. Williams, his solicitor and counsel in Salt Lake, answers are filed by ex-Senator W. A. Clark, President of the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake Railroad, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York, H. C. Frick, the Union Pacific Railroad, the Oregon Short Line, the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, and the Southern Pacific Company. To cover certain allegations of the Government joint answers were also filed.

Mr. Harriman, in his answer, denied that he, with Jacob Schiff, Otto H. Kahn, James Stillman, or others, has owned or controlled a majority of the stock of the Union Pacific Railroad. He admits that he is President, and that the other men were Directors. Schiff and Kahn resigned in 1906 and Stillman in 1908.

He admits that Schiff and Kahn were members of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and that this firm bought stocks and bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad and of the Oregon Short Line, but it is denied that the company was a "fiscal agent" of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Harriman denies that he and the other defendants conspired to restrain trade among the several States and foreign countries, to restrain competition among the defendants' steamship and railroad lines, or to deprive the public of advantages of trade and commerce through independent combination, if any there was, or to effect a consolidation with the idea of monopolizing or restraining trade and commerce; admitting, however, that the Union Pacific acquired a majority of the capital stock of the various lines and steamship systems.

He denies in each instance that acquisition of the stock was to kill competition or monopolize trade, commerce, or business.

U. P. Not in Control.

Admitting that the Directors of several defendant companies are identical, he denies that the Union Pacific has control, in management or operation, of the affiliated lines. He avers that in the transcontinental lines of railroads reaching the Pacific Coast, south of Portland, the Union Pacific is but a link about 1,000 miles in length, an intermediate carrier without any power to make rates upon such traffic; that the Southern Pacific owns and controls lines between Ogden and the coast with no power to make rates for business east of Ogden; that no rates could be made from the Missouri River to the coast without the joint consent of the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific; that, while the Union Pacific and its constituent companies separately owned connecting lines, (operated as a single system from the Missouri River to Portland, Ore., and operated certain small steamships between Portland and San Francisco,) yet such a route, via Portland, was not only impracticable as a competitor of the Southern Pacific, but any attempt to use it would have greatly injured the Union Pacific, because the Southern Pacific would thereupon have preferred the rivals of the Union Pacific in routing and interchanging traffic at Ogden, and the business in tonnage and revenue thus lost would have greatly exceeded the total volume of business received over such an impracticable route in competition with the Southern Pacific.

Mr. Harriman denies that the rail line of the Southern Pacific between San Francisco and Portland is in active competition with the ships of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company between the two cities, and explains that such competition is impracticable.

He denies that ships operated by the Portland and Asiatic Steamship Company between Portland and Asiatic ports, and connected with the rail lines of the Union Pacific, were ever in competition with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. He denies that any competition ever existed between the system of railroads and steamships owned by the Union Pacific Railroad Company and the Southern Pacific, or, if any such competition did ever exist, it was not substantial, or did not include a large volume of traffic of any kind.

He admits that the Union Pacific, in connection with the Central Pacific, is a competitor of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé for a large volume of traffic to and from the Pacific Coast.

HE "ANNOYED" THE POLICE.

Man with a Suicidal Notion Gave Sore Trouble to a Station House.

"Informed deponent, unless placed under arrest, would commit suicide, thereby causing great annoyance to the police of the Delancey Street Station."

This was the affidavit which Policeman Kessler handed to the clerk of the Night Court last night when he arraigned Sydney Citrus of 52 Delancey Street before Magistrate Moss. Kessler said that Citrus had run into the station a half hour earlier and had threatened to throw himself in the river unless he was locked up.

"Why did you thus annoy the police of the Delancey Street Station?" asked the Magistrate.

Citrus, who was much excited, explained that he was out of work and that his sweetheart had recently married his rival.

"My heart and my head ache," he declared. "If I hadn't been brought here I should have killed myself."

Magistrate Moss decided to adjourn the case until to-night. In the meantime the young man's story will be investigated. He told the Magistrate that he came here from Germany a year ago and had recently lost his place as a bookkeeper, which he obtained soon after landing here. He said he could speak Russian, Polish, Slavish, and German, as well as English.

YALE MEN'S SUNDAY EXODUS.

Faculty Committee Is Appointed to Keep Students Out of New York.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 6.—By the news of an appointment of a committee from the Faculty to investigate the Sunday exodus to New York of the upper classmen in the academic department at Yale, it became evident to-day that the Faculty is going to take measures to mitigate or if possible entirely eliminate the practice.

The committee consists of Profs. Keller, Hawkes, and Tinker. They are now at work on the matter, and a report will be made, it is expected, in the near future. It is pointed out that the problem is one which has never arisen before at Yale and from which no other university suffers.

The Faculty feels that the going away of so many men has a demoralizing effect on the rest of the student body, and they deplore the falling off in the attendance at Sunday morning chapel.

WOMAN CATCHES 2 BURGLARS.

She Clings to Them Until a Policeman Comes.

Cries of "Help!" and "Stop thief!" made Mrs. Henrietta Siemers of 105 West 113th Street look out of the rear window of her flat at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. In the yard of the adjoining house she saw Mrs. Mildred Winn, the janitress, screaming and pointing toward three men who were climbing over the fences.

Mrs. Siemers saw the three men enter the rear door of an apartment house on Lenox Avenue, and she ran downstairs and around the corner. In front of the apartment house stood three men, and Mrs. Siemers rushed upon them grabbing hold of two and calling for help.

They said they were Harry Shannon of 2,432 Eighth Avenue and James Mulligan of 11 Albany Street. Magistrate Kernochan held them each in $1,000 bail in the Harlem Court, after Mrs. Winn testified that they were two of the three men whom she had surprised in her flat and who had taken $30 in cash and several suits of clothes belonging to her husband.

33 YEARS' SEARCH REWARDED.

Picture Found on Body of Soldier in Civil War at Last Identified.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, April 6.—A daguerreotype of a young man and a girl taken from the body of a Union soldier on the battlefield of Chancellorsville during the civil war has been returned to the girl in the picture, Mrs. T. W. Stowe of Milford, Conn., after a search lasting thirty-three years.

Former Freeholder Edgar Whritenour, a mineral water manufacturer of this city and Hawthorne, conducted the search for the owner of the picture.

The daguerreotype came into the possession of Mr. Whritenour through his wife. Mrs. Whritenour's father, N. Barnes, who was a member of the Thirteenth New Jersey Volunteers, was captured during the war, and the daguerreotype was given to him by a Confederate soldier, who explained that the picture had been taken from a dead Union soldier at Chancellorsville.

On the back of the case were found the names "John Rawson and Nellie Augusta Nettleton." The case also contained a needle, piece of thread, and a lock of hair.

Mr. Whritenour communicated with every Grand Army of the Republic post in the country, but was unsuccessful until "Nellie Augusta Nettleton," now Mrs. T. W. Stowe, was located in Milford, Conn. Mrs. Stowe wrote to Mr. Whritenour yesterday. She says:

John Rawson was reported missing after the battle of Chancellorsville, and for ten years that was all I heard. Then a traveling man came to Milford. He said he knew "Johnnie Rawson" well, and said he had been one of the last to see him alive.

My husband is glad that I am to get the picture back. I had forgotten that my name was in the case. Do you not believe that this is one case in a thousand? A picture restored to the original owner after forty-five years? I wish I could make good to you all the expense you have gone to to find the owner. I am thankful that this little bit of my life's history has been handed down to me over the silence of so many years, and I admire your perseverance under such almost insurmountable obstacles.

To you and yours I am most sincerely your friend,
Mrs. T. W. STOWE.

The daguerreotype was forwarded to Mrs. Stowe after she had sent photographs of identification to Mr. Whritenour.

WEDDING SILVER
The Gorham Company announces an exhibition of Wedding Silver notable in two respects—the original character of the designs and the range of utilities they represent
Table Silver. Family Chests. Serving Pieces and Dishes. Decorative Pieces. Toilet Silver.
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Great Variety of Exclusive Styles in Easter Millinery
IN OUR vast display of new Spring models you will find hundreds of styles that are the composites of highest art ideals of the master-milliners of two nations.
Hats of Paris origin selected because of their rare beauty and elegance of design and then given certain modifications that bring them in closer accordance with American ideas.

But exclusive of the original Paris Hats, adaptations of which we are now exhibiting, we offer an almost countless number of striking styles designed by our own milliners, and which, though marked at a tithe of the prices, bear comparison with the best imported models.
It is easy to pick a becoming hat in a store like ours, where no style is accepted that is not in harmony with the most approved modes and at the same time possessing certain distinctive and exclusive characteristics that set it apart from the ordinary.
It is this striving for the highest ideals—toward the most artistic modes of expressing the fashion thoughts of the hour—that has brought Simpson-Crawford to its present pre-eminence in the millinery world—a pre-eminence that is not even approached by any other house on this side of the ocean, and which consists in our ability not only to show the most styles but to quote the lowest prices on those styles.
Trimmed Dress and Street Hats
Original French model hats, copies and adaptations therefrom, in all forming a handsome assemblage of correct headwear at exceedingly popular prices.
Hats at $8.50 and $10.50
equal to any at $12.00 to $15.00 each.
SIMPSON-CRAWFORD CO.

Stern Brothers
Dressmaking and Ladies' Tailoring Dep'ts
(Third Floor)
Attention is directed to an assortment of the
LATEST IMPORTED MODELS
which are being offered
At Less Than Cost of Importation
Riding Habits Made to Order At Reasonable Prices.
EXCEPTIONAL FACILITIES FOR THE
Cold Storage of
FURS AND FUR-LINED GARMENTS, ORIENTAL RUGS, DRAPERIES & HANGINGS
IN THE MOST MODERN AND APPROVED METHODS, WITH INSURANCE AGAINST DAMAGE BY MOTHS AND FIRE,
FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED
DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS AT SPECIAL CONCESSIONS FROM REGULAR RATES, ESTIMATES SUBMITTED AND ARTICLES CALLED FOR ON REQUEST.
Lace Curtains Cleaned and Stored
West Twenty-third Street

B. Altman & Co.
6,000 YARDS OF BLACK DRESS SILKS
(PURE DYE), WILL BE PLACED ON SALE THIS DAY (TUESDAY), APRIL 7th, AS FOLLOWS:
BLACK SATIN MESSALINE, ORDINARILY $1.75 & 2.00
BLACK DRESS TAFFETAS, ORDINARILY $1.50 TO 2.50
AT $1.15 PER YARD
A SPECIAL SALE OF HAND-EMBROIDERED ROBES (UNMADE)
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT GREATLY BELOW REGULAR PRICES, WILL TAKE PLACE THIS DAY (TUESDAY), APRIL 7th, ALSO
100 HAND-EMBROIDERED LINEN ROBES (UNMADE)
SKIRTS WALKING LENGTHS,
IMPORTED TO SELL AT $12.75 TO $16.00, AT $9.85
450 HAND-EMBROIDERED BLOUSES (UNMADE),
IMPORTED TO SELL FROM $2.85 TO $12.50,
AT PRICES RANGING FROM $1.90 TO 7.50

B. Altman & Co.
ARE PREPARED TO RECEIVE RUGS AND DRAPERIES,
FURS AND FUR GARMENTS, FOR STORAGE
DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS, THE MOST APPROVED METHODS BEING USED FOR THE SAFE-KEEPING THEREOF.
WHEN ARRANGING FOR STORAGE, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT ORDERS BE PLACED FOR CONTEMPLATED ALTERATIONS AND REPAIRS IN FUR GARMENTS, AND FOR THE CLEANING AND REPAIRING OF RUGS.
LACE CURTAINS CLEANED AND STORED.
34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue.

Upholstery Department
Spring and Summer Furnishings
We direct attention to the following sections in which we are at present showing complete assortments of the newest patterns.
Ruffled Muslin Curtains..... 75c. to $2.00 pair
Ruffled Net Curtains..... $1.25 to 3.50 "
Novelty Curtains..... 1.35 to 4.50 "
Renaissance Curtains..... 2.75 to 5.00 "
Irish Point Curtains..... 3.50 to 6.75 "
Window Muslins and Fancy Nets
36-inch Muslin..... 12½c. to 25c. yard
Embroidered Muslin..... 15c. to 50c. "
Fancy Nets..... 25c. to 75c. "
Imported Nets..... 65c. to $1.25 "
Drapery Fabrics
Cretonnes (31-inch)..... 20c. to $1.00 yard
Taffetas (50-inch)..... $1.50 to 2.50 "
Armures (50-inch)..... 75c. to 2.50 "
Silk Stripe (50-inch)..... 1.00 to 2.50 "
Marie Antoinette Stripes..... 85c. to 2.85 "
Made-to-Order Furnishings
Awnings—Samples and Estimates Submitted
Shades—Measured for and Estimates Submitted
Slip Covers—Very Extensive Choice of Materials
Furniture—Recovered in the Best Possible Manner
Lord & Taylor
Broadway & 20th St. 5th Ave. 19th St.

ASQUITH ON THE WAY TO MEET THE KING

Proceeding to Biarritz to Receive His Appointment as British Premier.

PARLIAMENT TAKES RECESS

Believed Full Reconstruction of New Ministry Will Be Postponed Until Important Legislation Is Completed.

LONDON, April 6.—Herbert H. Asquith, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, who has been summoned by King Edward to Biarritz to receive his appointment as Prime Minister, crossed by the night boat from Dover to Calais to-night, intending to proceed to Biarritz by the most direct route.

There is some complaint in the English papers that it is necessary for Mr. Asquith to take this long journey. This complaint carries with it criticism of the King for absenting himself from England at a time when it was quite evident there was an almost certain prospect of the resignation of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. There has been a rumor that the King would return to London on Saturday next, but this is very doubtful.

In his letter of resignation to the King, Sir Henry advised his Majesty to summon Mr. Asquith, and Mr. Asquith, in fact, has no rival for the leadership of his party and the Government. His accession to the Premiership undoubtedly will sooner or later lead to sweeping changes in the constitution of the late Ministry, but it is quite possible the new Premier will content himself with the absolutely necessary changes, leaving further reconstruction until the weighty measures now before Parliament are disposed of, this the more especially in view of the desirability of avoiding as far as possible by-elections, which would be necessitated by appointing men to new offices.

The friends of Winston Churchill, who figures as a likely Cabinet candidate, contend that he would be able to carry his seat in Manchester, but, taking into consideration the result of previous bye-elections, particularly that at Peckham, no Liberal seats are regarded as too safe at the present time.

In any event, whether Mr. Asquith decides to complete the reconstruction of the Cabinet now or postpone it, any difficulty that he is likely to experience will arise rather from redundancy than paucity of talent among the younger members of the party awaiting recognition. It will be almost impossible to find places for all the deserving aspirants, while further embarrassment is not unlikely through the reluctance of the older members of the Cabinet to make room for fresh blood.

It is an open secret that the party expects the retirement of the Earl of Elgin, the Colonial Secretary; the Marquis of Ripon, Lord of the Privy Seal; Lord Tweedmouth, First Lord of the Admiralty; H. J. Gladstone, Secretary of State for the Home Department; John Sinclair, Secretary for Scotland, and some others, but it is very doubtful if they can be persuaded to yield their places.

Another development which is regarded as not impossible is that Mr. Asquith will make overtures to Lord Rosebery to join the Cabinet at some future time. Mr. Asquith is supposed to be nearer in sympathy with Lord Rosebery than with the radicals of his party.

It is admitted on all sides that the retirement of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is a setback for the home rule movement. And the Nationalists do not attempt to hide their disappointment, the only bright spot being that Mr. Asquith agrees to leave Secretary Birrell in charge of the Irish Office.

John F. Redmond, the Nationalist leader, said to-day: "It is undeniable that the resignation of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is a great loss to Ireland. As to Mr. Asquith, there is nothing to say yet. I do not intend to attack him until I see what he does or fails to do."

Parliament has been adjourned until April 14 to enable the issue of writs for the re-election of new Ministers, so as to have the elections during the other recess. A meeting of the Liberal Party is expected to be called at an early date, at which Mr. Asquith will make a declaration of policy and invite the party to ratify it. This meeting will give formal confirmation and recognition of Mr. Asquith as the new leader of the party.

JAPANESE GOOD TAXPAYERS.

Practically No Arrears for the Year—Excellent Treasury Statement.

TOKIO, April 6.—Treasury returns for the year ended March 31 show an excess of receipts over estimates of approximately 50,000,000 yen.

The excess is attributable to the almost full collection of taxes. There are practically no arrears.

The Department of Finance is extremely gratified at the showing, and says that such conditions should dispel all doubts as to the ability of the Government to redeem its bonds, the first installment of which is now being taken up.

FIGHTING ITALIAN LINES.

German Companies Join White Star In Its Mediterranean Steerage Cut.

HAMBURG, April 6.—The Hamburg-American and the North German Lloyd Company have joined the White Star Line in its cut in steerage rates between New York and points on the Mediterranean, against the Italian lines. The Hamburg-American Line, in a statement published to-day, puts the blame for the present cut upon the Italian lines, but expresses the belief that the matter will be settled soon.

INVADE AMERICAN CONSULATE.

Japanese Make Brutal Attack on Native Staff of Consul General Straight.

MUKDEN, April 6.—Four Japanese entered the American Consulate to-day and brutally attacked the native staff in revenge for a private spite.

Consul General Straight made a requisition for the Chinese police and the Japanese were arrested and taken to the Japanese Consulate.

No apology has yet been offered, and it is probable that the matter will be made a subject of diplomatic action.

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EXTRA QUALITY

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SPRING HATS

Distinctive Styles in seasonable shades and weights.

180 Fifth Av. 367 Fifth Av. 181 Broadway

HOLDS MARGIN RULE VALID.

Supreme Court Sustains Precedent Established in New York.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—That securities held by a broker who is about to become bankrupt may be returned to their original owner without constituting a preference under the law was held to-day by the Supreme Court of the United States in deciding for Davidson and Shaw the case of Henry Arnold Richardson, trustee in bankruptcy for the estate of J. Francis Brown, bankrupt stock broker of Boston, vs. John M. Shaw and Alexander Davidson, on the ground that they were not creditors.

Brown was declared a bankrupt June 20, 1903, and on the day previous turned over to Shaw and Davidson, both of New York, $45,583 in securities which they had deposited with him in the course of their business with him as clients, they paying at the same time an indebtedness of $34,919 to Brown.

When Richardson was appointed receiver for Brown he began suit to secure the restoration of the securities on the ground that to turn them back to the original owners was an act of undue preference as among creditors.

The decision affirms the validity of the rule followed in New York that a customer buying stocks on margins is entitled to redeem them by paying the difference between his margin and the value of the stocks.

SECURITIES ONLY PLEDGED.

Supreme Court Says Broker Holding Them Is Not a Debtor.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Whether the relationship between a broker who holds securities belonging to a customer, and the customer is that of debtor and creditor, or merely that of pledger and pledgee, was involved in the case of E. S. Thomas, Trustee in Bankruptcy of the insolvent brokerage firm of Jacob Berry & Co. of New York vs. Anna D. Taggert, which was decided by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day in favor of Mrs. Taggert.

Mrs. Taggert was a patron of Berry, when, in November, 1904, his house went to the wall, and she had on deposit with him eighty-three shares of stock in a well-known corporation, which she sought to recover. The Trustee resisted on the ground that Mrs. Taggert's relation to the firm was on the same footing as that of any other creditor, but the Federal courts of New York, including the Circuit Court of Appeals, decided that the stock was held only as a pledge, and that therefore Mrs. Taggert was entitled to claim its return.

TRANSFER TAX LAW VALID.

Supreme Court Holds That Enactment Was Regular and Legal.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The case of Carolyn Foster Stickney, widow of Joseph Stickney of New York, vs. the Controller of that State, involving the method of enacting the transfer tax law by the New York Legislature, was dismissed by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day because the court found no Federal question in the case.

Mrs. Stickney attacked the law on the ground that the journals of the two Houses of the Legislature did not constitute sufficient evidence that the requisite quorum of three-fifths of the members were present when the bill was passed. The decision had the practical effect of affirming the decision of the Surrogate's Court for the County of New York, holding the proceeding regular and valid.

CUBAN QUARANTINE ORDERED.

Havana District Not Included In Yellow Fever Measure.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Marine Hospital and Public Health Service to-day issued an order establishing a quarantine beginning to-day against Cuba with the exception of the metropolitan district of Havana, which includes Havana, Marianao, and Camp Columbia.

The action of the Marine Hospital and Public Health Service makes the Havana district a "clean city" so far as yellow fever is concerned, but all of Cuba outside of that district is quarantined against.

$132,000 GIFTS TO COLUMBIA.

$100,000 Memorial Fund from Children of Orlando Harriman Included.

Gifts amounting to $132,600 were announced at a meeting of the Trustees of Columbia University held yesterday. The largest amount, that of $100,000, comes from the children of the late Rev. Orlando Harriman as a memorial of their father. The principal of this fund is to be designated as the Orlando Harriman Fund, and its annual income will be applied to the support of the chair in the department of English, at present held by Prof. George Rice Carpenter.

Thirty thousand dollars comes from an anonymous donor to be used under the direction of the President in meeting the needs of the university. Clarence H. Mackay gives $2,500 toward the special maintenance fund of the university for the current year. One hundred dollars is donated by James Speyer and Prof. John Dyneley Prince to pay Columbia's annual subscription toward the support of the American School of Archaeology in Palestine.

Upon nomination of the Prussian Ministry of Education, Dr. Max Verworn, Director of the Physiological Institute of the University of Gottingen, was appointed by the Trustees to be Kaiser Wilhelm Professor for the year 1908-1909. He will offer advanced instructions both to students in the medical school and those under the Faculty of Pure Science.

BIGAMIST SURRENDERS.

School Supervisor Ware, Fugitive, Says He Married Two Teachers.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 6.—Joseph H. Ware, aged 48 years, walked into the Central Police Station this afternoon and, addressing Capt. Henry, said: "I am wanted in Camden, N. J. There is a warrant out for me on the charge of bigamy."

Ware has, according to his own story, been a fugitive from justice since January last. He is out of funds. Ware says he was Supervisor of Schools in Allendale, Bergen County, N. J. Both of his wives are school teachers with whom he fell in love while teaching. Wife No. 1 was Miss Tema Robertson, whom he married in 1876. They have a son 24 years old.

In 1897, while Supervisor of Schools in Clifford, N. J., he met Miss Hannah Neale, a teacher. After a brief courtship they were married and lived together until January of this year, when his second wife learned of his first marriage.

[illegible]ESE WOMEN IN BOYCOTT.

Clad in White, They March in the Rain to an Anti-Japanese Meeting.

CANTON, April 6.—Over 1,000 Chinese women, wearing white as an emblem of mourning, attended a mass meeting here to-day, the purpose of which was to give support to the boycott against the Japanese, arising out of the trouble between China and Japan on the subject of the steamship Tatsu Maru.

Rain fell in torrents, but the white-clad women solemnly marched to the place of meeting, apparently indifferent to the downpour. The speeches to which they listened uncompromisingly denounced the Japanese and everything pertaining to them.

The anti-Japanese boycott is spreading rapidly. Its promoters are doing all in their power to make it effective against all Japanese products.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 6.—The Duma has scored a victory of sweeping importance in forcing the retirement of M. Alexieff, Vice Minister of Commerce and Director of the Department of Commercial Navigation, the affairs of which have long been in a chaotic condition. The Budget Commission threatened to report against the budget of this ministry unless Alexieff was removed.

BERLIN, April 6.—The Reichstag to-day passed the second reading of Section 7 of the Government's Associations bill, relating to the compulsory use of the German language at public meetings throughout the Empire.

LISBON MOB FOUGHT TROOPS THREE HOURS

Censored Reports, However, Put the Dead at Only Seven and Wounded at 100.

CHURCH SCENE OF BATTLE

Soldiers Poured Volley After Volley Into Densely Packed Mob—Were Stationed on Church Balcony.

LISBON, April 6.—No official announcement of the number of killed and wounded in yesterday's election riots has been issued, and no unofficial nor press estimates as to the extent of the casualties are allowed to go out of the country by telegraph.

It is, however, permitted to make the statement that seven persons were shot to death by the soldiers and that 100 are wounded.

The rioting was widespread, and such was the confusion arising in one instance in which a violent conflict had arisen between the populace and the municipal guard, that the guardsmen, mistaking infantrymen for members of the mob, fired a volley into their ranks, seriously wounding three of the soldiers.

The night was one of terror for Lisbon, which seemed suddenly aflame with seething revolt. Bands of men ran wildly through the streets, brandishing weapons, while the sharp crack of rifles was heard in various sections of the city. Thousands of the most peaceable citizens fled to their homes just as they did on the night after the assassination of King Carlos and the Crown Prince.

The principal rioting was the result of a dispute that arose between the Republicans and the Monarchists regarding the counting of votes. The Republicans who had been fearing fraud at the several Lisbon polling places, made a determined stand for their rights at St. Dominique's Church, which is located in the centre of the city, a district that is practically the stronghold of Republicanism. Both the Republicans and Monarchists kept sharp watch throughout the day. As the voters were following the ancient custom of voting in the churches, they filed steadily but slowly, into historic St. Dominique's and deposited their ballots in the official voting boxes.

When the polls closed, the Monarchist election officers declared that it was too late to count the votes and proposed to keep the lists in the Church and count them the next day. The Republican tellers refused to assent to this, insisting upon an immediate count to be followed by the sealing of the boxes.

The differences between the officials spread to the crowds that filled the church, and in a moment blows were struck and then a general fight followed. Suddenly the Municipal Guard arrived, and cleared the edifice of the struggling combatants at the point of the bayonet.

In the meantime the crowd outside of the church had been greatly augmented, and the guardmen's appearance at the doors after they had forced the people into the streets was the signal for a shower of stones, under which they were forced to retreat to the interior of the edifice.

As they retired they fired a volley from their rifles, bringing down several of the rioters. The mob steadily increased, and shouts and imprecations and cries of anger were heard on every side.

The guardsmen fired intermittently through the doorways, but the volleys were feeble and ineffectual. Eventually the commanding officer placed a detail on the balcony over the main portal, and from this point of vantage the guardsmen fired repeatedly into the surging populace, wounding a large number.

Still the mob did not give way, but only attacked the church the more furiously in an attempt to reach the guard. Several of the guardsmen were wounded, but they were replaced on the balcony by others, and for three hours the fight continued.

Then three companies of infantry and a troop of cavalry with one battery appeared, driving all before them.

By this time night had fallen, and there ensued in the darkness a desperate and uncertain hand-to-hand encounter between the soldiers and the rioters. The latter now numbered thousands. They wrenched paving stones from the streets and rushed into near-by houses, where they snatched all sorts of missiles, which they hurled at the troops. Some of the rioters were armed with revolvers, which they did not hesitate to use in the attack.

Just as the soldiers reached the square fronting the church, the guard on the balcony fired a volley directly into the ranks of the infantrymen, and three of the latter fell, mortally wounded. In the confusion and darkness the guardsmen had mistaken them for a band of rioters.

Before the superior forces of charging infantry and cavalry, the crowd slowly fell back. Eventually the mobs in the streets were dispersed, but many of the wounded were unable to seek a place of shelter.

Six persons were found to have been slain, and the wounded were strewn everywhere. The soldiers picked up some fifty of the latter and conveyed them to hospitals. Among these were several children, who had been trampled under the hoofs of the horses. Many others, less seriously injured, were able to reach their homes.

Another serious collision occurred at Alcantara as a result of a Republican voter challenging a Monarchist. The crowd rushed for the ballot box and a fierce struggle ensued both inside and outside the church. Guardsmen, who were stationed there, cleared the church with clubbed rifles, but outside they were greeted with yells of derision and an avalanche of stones. The guardsmen thereupon opened fire, killing one person and wounding many.

Smaller manifestations occurred in other sections of the city.

Lisbon remains practically an armed camp. Large numbers have been arrested. The people are now in a state of feverish unrest, and it is feared that there may be a recurrence of the bloodshed.

Telephone Removals

Owing to the rush of removal orders received during April and May, it is requested that subscribers desiring to make any changes in telephone equipment ***Notify the Contract Department as far in advance as possible.***

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

Contract Offices:		Telephone Nos.:
15 Dey St.	New York	19000 Cortlandt
115 West 88th St.	New York	19000-88th
127 West 125th St.	New York	19000 Morningside
860 East 180th St.	New York	19000 Melrose
40 S. 5th Ave.	Mt. Vernon	19000 Mt. Vernon
9 Riverdale Ave.	Yonkers	19000 Yonkers
813 Huguenot St.	New Rochelle	19000 New Rochelle

THE N.Y. & N. J. TELEPHONE CO.

81 Willoughby St.	Brooklyn	19000 Main
1827 Fulton St.	Brooklyn	19014 Bedford
440 Fifth Ave.	Brooklyn	19014 South
668 Broadway	Brooklyn	19014 Wmsbrg
9 Hardenbrk Av.	Jamaica	19014 Jamaica
91 Tompkins Av.	Tompkinsvle, S.I.	12080 Tompkinsvle
180 Market St.	Newark, N. J.	19000 Newark

NOTE ON CHINA BY ROOT.

Reported Secretary Has Prepared Protest to Russia and Japan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Serious consideration is to be given at to-morrow's Cabinet meeting to the situation growing out of the policy being pursued in China and Manchuria by Russia and Japan. It is reported to-night that Secretary Root will be prepared to submit to the President a rough draft of a note to the two Governments calling their attention to the fact that they are violating the provisions of the Hay note for the preservation of the integrity of China.

This communication is said to be in the nature of a reply to one submitted by Russia to the State Department last week, and it is understood it unqualifiedly indorses the Hay policy, to which both Russia and Japan submitted just before their recent war.

The Manchurian question now involves the United States, Russia, Japan, Germany, and China. It has been known in diplomatic circles for some time that Russia and Japan have reached a secret agreement as to what they consider their rights in China and Manchuria. This agreement may complicate matters, but if any serious objection to the attitude of this Government is raised it is considered certain that Germany will promptly come forward to the support of the United States. Moreover, it is intimated that Russia has lately become suspicious as to Japan's real intentions in China.

The exact nature of the note handed to Secretary Root by Baron Rosen, the Russian Ambassador, is a matter of much conjecture. It seems now that the Harbin incident was only a minor one, as regards the whole situation. An early settlement of this dispute is anticipated. As maintained by Baron Rosen, it is not a question of Chinese sovereignty in Manchuria, and to support this he points out that Russia has a Consul General at both Harbin and Mukden, whose exequaturs were issued by the Peking authorities.

Secretary Root to-day explained the situation at Harbin. The situation, he said, was complicated, but there was no great obstacle in the way of its settlement.

Lotos Club Elects New Director.

At the annual meeting of the Lotos Club, 558 Fifth Avenue, it was announced that the new clubhouse, at 110 West Fifty-seventh Street, would be ready for occupancy next December. John F. O'Rourke was elected a Director in place of J. Newton Gunn, whose term of office has expired.

INTER-MET BOND ISSUE UP.

Plan to Put Out $55,000,000 Meets Strong Opposition.

The matter of the $55,000,000 mortgage that the Interborough Rapid Transit Company wished to put on its property came up again before the Public Service Commission yesterday, and after a brief hearing was again adjourned until to-day.

Clarence H. Venner, President of the Continental Trust Company, has filed a brief with the commission setting forth his objections to the proposed mortgage. He finds several faults with the manner in which the plan was voted on, and with the notices that were sent out regarding it. He also asserts that the stockholders have not been properly informed of the proposition, and warns the commission that the issue of the mortgage and the stock which is to follow may assume, "if it does not already possess, the character of those particular transactions to scrutinize and prevent which this commission was created."

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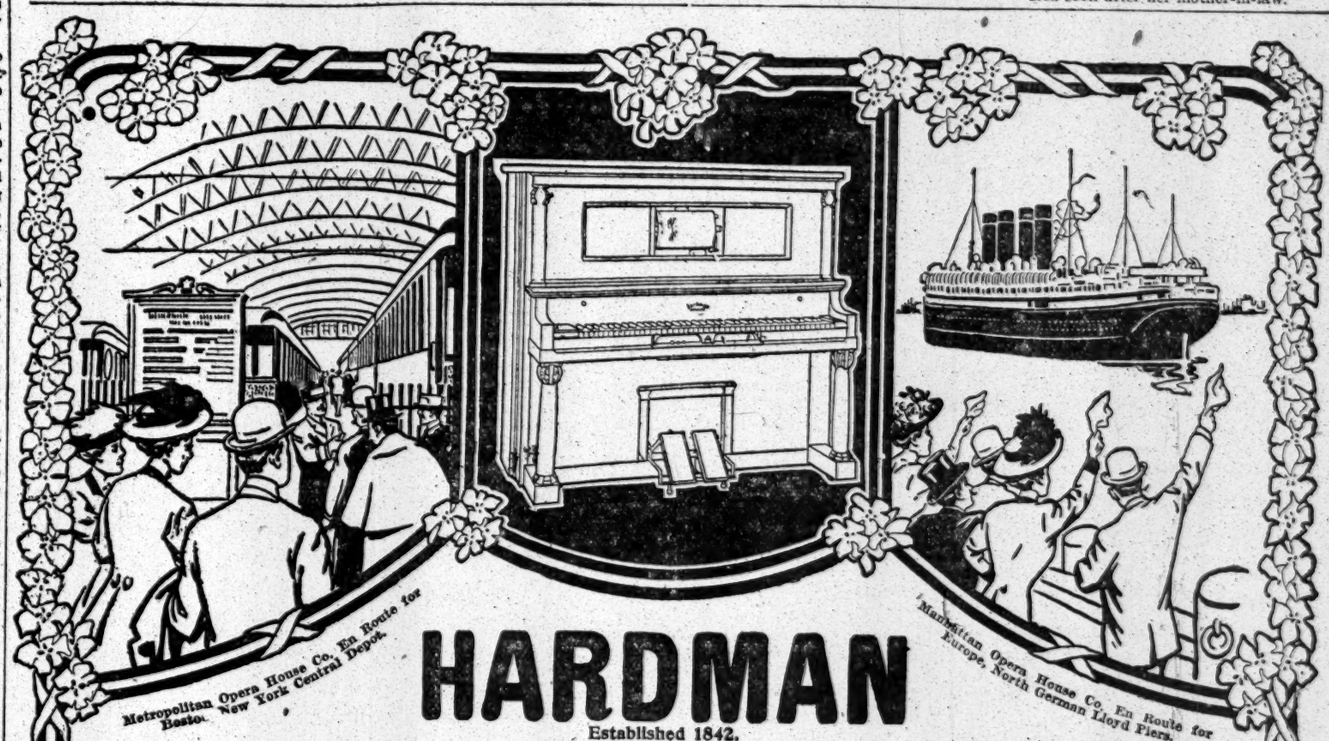
Alvin Sterling Silver Ice Tubs, $6.75 upward.

Sterling Silver, Watches Jewelry Diamonds

Loses Wife and Mother In Few Hours.

Harry McGill of 28 Liberty Street, Newark, lost his mother and wife within a few hours yesterday. The former, who was 79 years old, died from heart trouble early in the morning. Mrs. McGill, who was 40 years old, had been ill for several months with a pulmonary trouble, and died soon after her mother-in-law.


Metropolitan Opera House Co. En Route for Boston. New York Central Depot.
Manhattan Opera House Co. En Route for Europe. North German Lloyd Piers.

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Established 1842.

The Artists' Choice.

The Song-Birds Have Sailed
Our Sale Going on Now

The artists of the Metropolitan Opera House and of the Manhattan Opera House have left New York. The instruments they have personally used are at your disposal.

The past Winter has disclosed a fact of unusual importance.

The Hardman Piano and the Autotone are used by and are the *individual choice* of the world's greatest artists.

From the many pianos used by various artists we have selected the following. These instruments are absolutely new except for the use the artists mentioned have given them. Their value is actually enhanced, not only for association's sake, but because they were personally chosen and exclusively used by these great musicians—there could be no higher guarantee of quality and condition. We offer them for sale at a reduction from their regular price.

These instruments have a peculiar interest and are worth seeing even if you have no intention of purchasing.

At New York Store, HARDMAN AUTOTONE used by MR. SAMMARCO (Manhattan Opera House) Hotel Navarre, N. Y.

At Brooklyn Store, HARDMAN AUTOTONE used by MR. BONCI (Metropolitan Opera House) Ansonia Hotel, N. Y.

At New York Store, HARDMAN PIANO used by MME. CALVE (Manhattan Opera House) Brevoort House, N. Y.

At New York Store, HARRINGTON AUTOTONE used by MR. GILIBERT (Manhattan Opera House) Brevoort House, N. Y.

At New York Store, HARDMAN AUTOTONE Played upon only by MR. CARUSO (Metropolitan Opera House) At our 5th Av. Warerooms, N. Y.

At Brooklyn Store, HARDMAN AUTOTONE used by MME. TETRAZZINI (Manhattan Opera House) Knickerbocker Hotel, N. Y.

At New York Store, HARDMAN AUTOTONE used by MR. ZENATELLO (Manhattan Opera House) 106 W. 61st St., N. Y.

At New York Store, HARDMAN AUTOTONE used by MR. VAN ROOY (Metropolitan Opera House) Victoria Hotel, N. Y.

At Brooklyn Store, HARRINGTON AUTOTONE used by MME. ZEPPILLI (Manhattan Opera House) Hotel Navarre, N. Y.

At New York Store, HARDMAN AUTOTONE used by MR. DALMORES (Manhattan Opera House) Woodstock Hotel, N. Y.

A photograph with the fac-simile signature of each artist will be given gratis to the purchaser of the instrument used by that particular artist.

Piano-players (in separate cabinet form) have been endorsed by musicians. *Pianos* of different makes have been praised for their tone or for their touch.

The Hardman Autotone is the *only* piano capable of being played by hand in the usual way as well as of being transformed (in ten seconds) to an instrument which *all* can play by means of a perforated roll, that has been unanimously and unreservedly endorsed *in its entirety* (for tone, touch, interior mechanism and exterior means of true musical expression) by the greatest living musicians.

Unless the name AUTOTONE (spelled exactly so) appears on the fall-board and cast in the metal plate inside the piano, the instrument is not genuine.

16 UPRIGHT PIANOS.

(Item 2.)

Formerly in some of New York's best homes; exchanged by their owners for the Autotone—the greatest *living* piano—the piano all can play.

New York Store:		*Brooklyn Store:*	
Hardman, $350.	Steck, $325.	Hardman, $325.	Haines, $175.
Harrington, $225.	Herlich, $175.	Harrington, $200.	Sterling, $225.
Hardman, $250.	Wheelock, $150.	Hensel, $175.	Phelps, $100.
Hensel, $200.	Calenberg, $125.	Chickering, $100.	Gale, $60.

At Both Stores:

11 PIANO-PLAYERS

Exchanged for Autotones. Among them all the best known makes. Makes that cost $250 each.

YOUR CHOICE AT $125.

Hardman, Pianola, Angelus, Simplex.

11 COMBINATIONS.

Any of the Upright Pianos in Item 2 in combination with any of the above named piano-players for $100 more than the price of the piano alone.

Convenient terms of payment by special arrangement. All makes of pianos taken in exchange.

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Brooklyn: 524 Fulton Street.

GETS $1,000 REWARD FOR BRAVE FIGHT

Cigar Stores Co. Gives Cassidy Double the Sum He Kept Robbers from Taking.

ALSO A LETTER OF PRAISE

The General Superintendent Takes the Check to the Injured Boy in His Home.

When President George J. Whelan of the United Cigar Stores Company read his copy of THE NEW YORK TIMES on the train coming in from Plainfield yesterday morning he got his first news of the attempt to murder and rob John J. Cassidy, the clerk in the branch store at the Hotel Manhattan, Sunday morning, and he was amazed and delighted to read of the game fight put up against the two highwaymen by his employe.

"Is that story true?" asked Mr. Whelan, when he reached his offices at 44 West Eighteenth Street. He found that it was.

A report of the affair was ready for him, and the details showed that the 20-year-old clerk had put up a magnificent fight in the face of big odds.

Mr. Whelan decided that such fidelity deserved immediate reward. Young Cassidy had taken a terrible beating and had come near sacrificing his life to save the $500 in the till of the store.

The President of the company decided to send him a check for double the amount he had fought to prevent the robbers taking. A check for $1,000 was immediately drawn in Cassidy's favor, and F. J. Rosenfeld, the General Superintendent of the company, was sent to the young man's home with the check and the following letter:

April 6, 1908.

Mr. J. J. Cassidy, 503 East Eighty-seventh Street, New York City.

Dear Sir: As a mark of appreciation of this company for the courageous defense you made of the company's property at the store in which you are employed in the Manhattan Hotel, when an attempt was made to rob you Sunday, April 5, we beg you to accept the inclosed check for $1,000.

Let us add, as well, our earnest acknowledgments of your splendid conduct in the performance of your duty as a United clerk. You have brought honor to the badge you wear.

We are glad to know that while your injuries are severe, they are not serious, and we hope for your early recovery. Pending your incapacity for work your salary will be continued and all expenses incidental to your injuries will be assured and paid by this company.

Again thanking you for the protection you offered your store at a great personal risk, we are, respectfully yours, H. S. COLLINS, Second Vice President.

Mr. Rosenfeld trudged up the stairs of 503 East Eighty-seventh Street to the little flat where Cassidy lies bandaged and in the care of the mother he supports.

Mrs. Cassidy insisted Sunday afternoon on taking her boy from the Flower Hospital. She feared that the many wounds he had received would kill him, and she wanted him in the little home they kept on the boy's salary of $18 a week. Yesterday she was surprised when the General Superintendent made himself known and asked to see her son.

Young Cassidy, his head a great tower of white bandages and his broken wrist and thumb in splints, could just manage to give his superior a greeting.

Then he was told that the fight he had put up with the robbers and his fidelity to the interests of his company had pleased the President, and that he had sent him the check for $1,000. The sum is a fortune to the Cassidys, mother and son. The boy whispered through his bandages that he had done the best he could, and expressed feebly his gratitude for the substantial recognition of what he had tried to do. He said that he would get back on the job as soon as his wounds were healed.

Yesterday Haywood and Griffin, the two men who tried to blackjack Cassidy to death, spent their time in a cell of the Tombs nursing wounds of their own, for young Cassidy had managed to wrest from one of them his weapon and lay it heavily across the heads of his two assailants. The two will have a hearing to-day in Yorkville Court. They have admitted the attempted murder and robbery to the police. The legal department of the United Cigar Stores Company was asked yesterday by President Whelan to offer assistance in the prosecution of the prisoners.

REFEREE IN THAW SUIT.

Testimony in Annulment Action Soon —Evelyn Thaw's Literary Aspirations.

Upon request of counsel for both plaintiff and defendant Justice Hendrick yesterday appointed Robert E. Deyo of 64 West Forty-seventh Street referee to hear the testimony in the marriage annulment proceedings brought by Evelyn Nesbit Thaw against her husband, Harry K. Thaw, now in Matteawan. Thaw's wife was represented by Daniel O'Reilly, and Harry Thaw and his mother, Mrs. William Thaw, were represented by A. Russell Peabody. It is believed that the taking of testimony will begin on Thursday. Mr. O'Reilly will place Evelyn Thaw on the stand to testify as to the marriage contract and to identify the handwriting of her husband in the codicil to his will which he drew up on his marriage day, and which was used in his defense for the murder of Stanford White as a proof of insanity.

Alienists will also be put on the stand to testify that Thaw was a lunatic at the time he married Evelyn Nesbit.

Mr. O'Reilly said yesterday that as soon as the case was decided Evelyn Nesbit Thaw would leave the country.

Evelyn Thaw's literary inclinations have caused considerable interest among publishers, and efforts have been made to find out just along what line she intends to write.

"She has decided not to write her book until she is 30 years old," said Mr. O'Reilly to a TIMES reporter yesterday. "She is taking notes of events and observations and expects to be ready to write at 30."

"Will it be a novel?" was asked.

"No, nothing cheap; it will be a classic."

"The story of her own life?"

"Perhaps."

Mrs. Thaw is at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Vanderbilt to Testify To-day.

David McClure, the referee appointed to take testimony in the divorce suit brought by Mrs. Ellen French Vanderbilt against her husband, Alfred G. Vanderbilt, held no hearing yesterday, but he expects to continue the proceeding to-day, when Mrs. Vanderbilt will be the principal witness. It was rumored that Mr. Vanderbilt's lawyers would shortly make a statement respecting their client's position, but Anderson & Anderson of 15 Broad Street, counsel for Mr. Vanderbilt, refused to discuss the case.

A Study of Detail

Nothing is too small to escape the scrutinizing eyes of our designers. The curve of a cuff—the button of a sleeve—must harmonize with the type of garment in view. And it is this careful study of the small things that assures the success of the greater ones.

This is aptly illustrated in our $25 Spring Overcoats. They are fashioned of bright hued fabrics in smart weaves, and the more sedate black, in the new models—all with pure silk lining.

Wm. Vogel & Son,

Broadway, Houston St.

WIFE DRANK HEAVILY, SAYS HOWARD GOULD

Quart of Brandy a Day, Besides Cocktails and Champagne, He Declares.

NAMES CODY AND FARNUM

Answer to Katherine Clemmons's Suit for Separation Is Filed in Court.

Howard Gould's answer to the application of his wife, Katherine Clemmons Gould, for a separation for alleged abandonment, cruelty, and non-support, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday. It covers twenty-eight typewritten pages, sets forth many alleged shortcomings of Mrs. Gould, among them intoxication and misbehavior at various times and places, and names William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) as one whose relations with Mrs. Gould were illegal, and also Dustin Farnum, the actor, as a person with whom Mrs. Gould was infatuated, and who, according to the affidavit, met Mrs. Gould in many cities.

Just before Mr. Gould's answer was made public Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for Mrs. Gould, appeared before Justice Dowling and asked the court to direct that the issues in Mrs. Gould's suit be framed for a trial by jury.

Archibald R. Watson of the firm of Nicoll, Anable & Lindsay, counsel for Mr. Gould, opposed the motion and said that the evidence would be of a most conflicting character, and that as the statutory cause for divorce would not be the principal one to be determined the case should be tried before a Justice of the court, and not before a jury. Justice Dowling reserved decision.

In his answer Mr. Gould says that he married Katherine Clemmons in October, 1898, and alleges that the marriage was induced by fraud and the false representations of Mrs. Gould. The affidavit adds that since July, 1906, Mr. Gould has refused to live with Mrs. Gould. He declares that prior to their marriage Mrs. Gould represented to him that she was a person of good character and repute, and that she took particular pains to convince him that her relations with William F. Cody were exclusively of a business nature.

After referring at length to the alleged relations of Mrs. Gould and Col. Cody, the answer sets forth numerous alleged acts of Mrs. Gould which, he says, were of such a character as to embarrass, humiliate, and insult him in the presence of his and Mrs. Gould's friends. The scenes of these various actions vary all the way from the St. Regis in New York to the Mediterranean and the Winter hotels of Florida.

"Since the Autumn of the year 1902," the answer reads, "the plaintiff has indulged in the excessive use of stimulants and intoxicants, whereby the plaintiff was rendered quarrelsome, violent, abusive, and irrational, whereby the defendant has been embarrassed, humiliated, and insulted in the presence of friends, acquaintances, and strangers, and in the presence of the personal and domestic servants in the household of plaintiff and defendant, rendering the plaintiff unfit to perform her duties as the wife of the defendant and head of the household, and rendering a continuance of the defendant's marital relations with the plaintiff intolerable and impossible."

In December, 1902, Mr. Gould says he and his wife went to the Mediterranean on the steam yacht Niagara, and that upon this voyage Mrs. Gould invited several friends to accompany them. The Niagara was away nearly four months, and during that time, according to the answer, Mrs. Gould drank to excess on several occasions. The answer specifies an incident alleged to have taken place in the dining room of Shepheard's Hotel, in Cairo, Egypt, where, Mr. Gould says, he was greatly humiliated by his wife's noisy and boisterous behavior.

The next issue refers to Castle Gould on Long Island, which venture, Mr. Gould says, cost him $1,700,000 before it was abandoned. He says he tried to follow out the desires of his wife in the building of Castle Gould, but that by reasons of Mrs. Gould's use of intoxicants and her unreasonable, meddlesome, and quarrelsome conduct, and her attempts to direct and control the architects, contractors, and workmen, it was impossible to complete the building. She abused and profaned the men employed on the building, the answer adds.

In October, 1904, Mr. Gould says, his wife became intoxicated on a certain occasion and went to the lodge occupied by the coachman and his wife and acted in a loud and boisterous manner. On another occasion he says that his wife was so intoxicated while driving over the Castle Gould estate that the coachman had to support her to keep her from falling off the seat.

Noisy in Theatres, Says Gould.

In November, 1904, Mr. Gould says, he and his wife dined at Sherry's, and his wife became so intoxicated that she talked in a loud and excited manner about a woman who occupied a nearby table. When he tried to soothe his wife, he adds, she became more violent than ever. A few weeks later, the answer says, Mr. and Mrs. Gould went to the Casino to witness a performance of "Baroness Fiddlesticks," in which Miss Anna Fitzhugh was featured. On that occasion, Mr. Gould says, Mrs. Gould was intoxicated and talked loudly and irrationally about one of the principals in the play, and he was greatly humiliated before Mrs. Gould could be persuaded to leave the theatre.

The next theatre named in the answer is the New Amsterdam, where "Humpty Dumpty" was being played. Mrs. Gould, her husband says in his answer, did not like that play either, and expressed her dislike of it in such loud tones that many of the audience could hear what she said. On that occasion, he adds, Mrs. Gould characterized the play as "rotten." The next time that Mrs. Gould was noisy and boisterous, to his embarrassment and humiliation, Mr. Gould says, was at a dinner at the Café Martin. Finally Mrs. Gould, he says, was induced to leave the table in order that the guests "might be spared further embarrassment." His wife would not speak to him for several days, Mr. Gould says, because he would not take her to the annual dinner of the New England Society, at which function there were no women guests.

In January, 1905, the affidavit continues, Mr. and Mrs. Gould were guests at a private dinner, and after dinner bridge was played. While seated at the card table, Mr. Gould says, his wife, without reason or excuse, picked up the cards and threw them violently in his face, the result being that the game ended then and there. Then Mrs. Gould became boisterous, he adds, and insisted on returning to their hotel. The weather was bad and it was snowing hard, he adds, and, although Mrs. Gould wore an evening gown and slippers, she insisted on walking to the hotel, and it was only with great difficulty that the hostess dissuaded her from leaving immediately.

Says She Attacked Hostess.

Mr. Gould further alleges that soon after Mrs. Gould returned from Palm Beach, in 1905, she went in an automobile to the home of friends in West Eighty-seventh Street while intoxicated, and assaulted her hostess and severely bit, scratched, or in some manner lacerated her arm, and also attacked, or threatened to attack, some of the other female guests at the entertainment referred to.

Shortly thereafter, the affidavit continues, the plaintiff was found in the cellar or basement of the house, leaning against the wall, with her hair, hat, and costume disarranged. Plaintiff fell or lay down upon the concrete floor of said cellar or basement, and was finally induced to leave, being assisted to her automobile and carried to the St. Regis Hotel, where the plaintiff and defendant were then sojourning. A physician was summoned, who treated and prescribed for the plaintiff on account of her condition as described.

Tells How Much She Drank.

Mr. Gould says that at Castle Gould, in the latter part of August and early in September, 1905, his wife would drink daily a quart of brandy, in addition to champagnes, other wines, and cocktails. In this latter month, he adds, his wife discharged all the servants. On a trip to the West Indies in the yacht Niagara, in December, 1905, the defendant says, his wife drank to excess on several occasions.

In the latter part of 1905, Mr. Gould says, his wife would generally drink two or three cocktails before breakfast or luncheon, or whatever happened to be her first meal, and then, during the meal would drink a pint of white wine, and in the afternoon several brandy cocktails. As the time for dinner approached, he adds, she would drink two or three more cocktails, after dinner a cordial, and a brandy highball as a "nightcap" just before bedtime. In addition to this, he adds, Mrs. Gould kept in her boudoir bottles of brandy, gin, and other liquors, which she would drink during the night and day.

In February, 1906, the Goulds, according to the defendant's answer, were invited to attend a wedding at St. Thomas's Church, in Fifth Avenue. Mr. Gould says his wife was noisy and boisterous, and, although noticeably intoxicated, insisted, despite his protests, on entering the church. They were ushered to a front pew, where the family and intimate friends of the bride and bridegroom were seated, and after they were seated Mrs. Gould, he says, exclaimed in a loud voice: "I see a lot of old cats here."

In this same month, the answer says, there was another scene in the dining room of the St. Regis, when Mrs. Gould was again intoxicated, and, in June of the same year, while at Castle Gould, the answer adds, she was noticeably intoxicated on several occasions, and often scolded and berated the domestics in a loud and excited manner. In November of 1906, the affidavit says, Mrs. Gould was so intoxicated while at dinner, at Blue Gap Farm, near Lynchburg, Va., that she fell off her chair at the dinner table and lay helpless on the floor.

Mrs. Gould, her husband declares, was for several years prior to July, 1906, recklessly and wastefully extravagant, and that nearly all of that time he deposited to her credit in the Plaza Bank, New York an allowance of $10,000 a month. Despite the fact, he adds, that the allowance was intended to defray certain understood household expenses she failed to use it that way, and it was necessary for him, in addition to the allowance, to pay large sums annually for the personal bills and the purchase of jewelry, clothing, &c., for his wife.

Soon after they separated in July, 1906, he adds, Mrs. Gould went to a jewelry store on Fifth Avenue and purchased jewelry to the value of $55,000, and that before and since she has expended large sums wastefully, extravagantly, and recklessly.

The last part of the answer deals with the alleged relations of Mrs. Gould with Dustin Farnum, the actor. Mrs. Gould received Farnum, according to the answer, at the St. Regis, at the Bellevue-Stratford in Philadelphia, the Hotel Carroll, Lynchburg, Va., and the Marlborough-Blenheim in Atlantic City. The answer also says she followed Farnum over his New England route.

In his application for a jury trial Mr. Shearn characterized the answer of Mr. Gould as a mass of stable and pantry gossip.

Farnum Denies Gould Charges.

Dustin Farnum, at the Lambs Club last night, made a specific denial of the charges against him in Mr. Gould's affidavit. He declared that the whole story was an attempt on the part of Mr. Gould to discredit his wife.

"I have never been alone with Mrs. Gould at any time," said Mr. Farnum. "The whole thing has taken me so by surprise that I have found it difficult to recall at once incidents that never struck me as having any importance whatsoever.

"I first met Mrs. Gould some four years ago while I was palying 'The Virginian,' at the Manhattan Theatre, in connection with a benefit in which I had volunteered to appear, and which was given at Sherry's. I met her during the rehearsals. I do not suppose that I have ever met her more than eight or ten times altogether.

"As to the alleged incidents at the Bellvue-Stratford in Philadelphia and the following automobile trip to Atlantic City I have distinct recollections of all that took place. I was playing in Philadelphia and was living at the Bellvue-Stratford, where I always stay when in that city. I have one room there on the top floor which is always assigned to me when it is not occupied. Mrs. Gould was also in the hotel and had a large suite. She had a party with her.

"The next day she invited me and Miss May Robson to go in the automobile with her to Atlantic City, and we accepted. I think there were six in the party, and two of the guests were young girls of 14 and 16. At Atlantic City we saw Mrs. Gould a few minutes at dinner, and then, saying she did not feel well, she retired. I spent the day on the Boardwalk with the girls.

"It is not true that Mrs. Gould ever followed me on any tour through New England. I often made the trips from town to town in my automobile.

"I have been with Mrs. Gould at the Hotel St. Regis both in the café and in her apartments, but I was never in her apartments alone, and these apartments were a large suite, so there could not be anything private in my going there. I remember going to the Hotel St. Regis twice. On one of two specific dates on which I am said to have been there I was in Bridgeport buying an automobile and on another in Boston, where I had to see a man on Business.

Dustin Farnum made his reputation as an actor while playing in "The Virginian." Early this season he appeared in "The Ranger" at Wallack's, which was a failure. He recently had a second failure in "The Rector's Garden" at the Bijou.

Scott's Emulsion
For Coughs and Colds

DR. KOCH HERE TO-DAY; SEEKS REST IN TOUR

Prominent Men Plan a Dinner in Honor of the Famous German Scientist.

LIKES OUR HEALTH METHODS

He Has Called Our Control of Tuberculosis a Model for the World —His Lifework.

Dr. Robert Koch of Berlin, discoverer of the tuberculosis bacilli, and who is conceded by medical men to be one of the three greatest medical scientists the world has ever known, the other two being Pasteur and Virchow, will arrive in this city to-day on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

Dr. Koch is on a tour of the world, seeking recreation and rest from his recent work in South Africa, where for many months he conducted a series of experiments, seeking the cause and cure for the dread sleeping sickness. It was in recognition of his valuable services there that the German Emperor recently conferred upon Dr. Koch the title of Excellency.

Many of the most prominent medical men of the city will entertain Dr. Koch while he is here. On Saturday night the German Medical Society of New York, of which Dr. Carl Beck is President, will give the scientist a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria. Ambassador Speck von Sternburg, Consul General Bunz, and Andrew Carnegie are on the honorary committee which will receive Dr. Koch.

While in New York Dr. Koch will study at close range the methods of the Department of Health. A few years ago, during an address before the International Medical Congress in London, Dr. Koch referred to the administrative control of tuberculosis in New York, as conducted by the Health Department, as the model for the world.

One of Dr. Koch's closest friends is Dr. Herman M. Biggs of 113 West Fifty-seventh Street, who had this to say of the German scientist yesterday:

"Dr. Koch has contributed more to the advance of preventive medicine than any other man living. No discovery has been made in recent times which was of greater importance than the discovery of the tuberculosis bacilli. Koch, Pasteur, and Virchow stand in a class by themselves. Dr. Koch is largely responsible for the methods for cultivation of the bacteria, and he has made possible the modern development of bacteriology."

Honored by the Kaiser.

Although Dr. Koch's greatest claim to fame was his discovery of the tuberculosis bacilli, that is really a small part of the work which in recent years has made his name a familiar one to medical men throughout the world. He was until recently director of the Institute for Infectious Diseases at Berlin. This institution was built for Dr. Koch by the German Government. His work as head of the Cholera Commission, which in 1882 was sent to India and Egypt, also brought him fame.

During his experiments with the cholera patients Dr. Koch discovered the cholera spirillum, or comma bacillus, which is regarded as a positive test for Asiatic cholera. The German Government appropriated 100,000 marks, or $25,000, for Dr. Koch, in recognition of this service. It was just after this that he was appointed professor of the University of Berlin and director of the newly established Hygienic Institute of Berlin, and also a director of the Prussian Board of Health.

In 1890 Dr. Koch announced the discovery of a substance called tuberculin, which he thought would cause the growth of the tubercle bacillus to cease. Subsequent experiments, however, failed to entirely confirm his belief, so far as the treatment of human beings went.

Many times during his career Dr. Koch has exposed his life to danger while experimenting, for among the diseases that he has studied and experimented with have been cholera, rinderpest, the cattle plague, bubonic plague, tuberculosis, and the sleeping sickness, all of which are contagious.

His Work in Africa.

During his recent investigations in South Africa Dr. Koch was under commission by the German Government to find, if possible, the cause of the sleeping sickness, which proves so fatal in many parts of Africa, and also to investigate several infectious diseases of animals. Dr. Koch took with him a staff of expert chemists and bacteriologists and lived in the heart of the infected districts. His investigations there are not complete, and he will probably return to Africa as soon as his year's tour of the world is over. He has not yet made public the result of his investigations in South Africa.

Dr. Koch has contributed for many years to the leading medical journals of the world. Among his most pretentious medical works are "Actiologie der Tuberkulose," "Uber die Cholerabakterien," and "Wietere Mitteilungen uber ein Heilmittle gegen Tuberkulose."

Dr. Koch is in his sixty-fifth year. He is well preserved. He wears eyeglasses, and his hair, once black, is now turning gray. He is a little above the medium height, and wears a full beard. This will be Dr. Koch's first visit to America. He expects to travel through the South and West, and will probably sail from San Francisco for Japan.

BAN ON FATTENED OYSTERS.

Health Board Issues New Sanitary Rules Providing Permits for Dealers.

As a result of investigations made by the Department of Health since 1904 in regard to the cultivation and sale of oysters in the City of New York Dr. Darlington, the Commissioner of Health, yesterday issued the following addition to the Sanitary Code:

Section 185.—No oysters shall be held, kept, or offered for sale anywhere in the City of New York without a permit in writing from the Board of Health and subject to the rules and regulations of the said board.

Dr. Darlington later had this to say about the order:

"The new law was passed at a special meeting of the Board of Doctors to-day. The members were called to consider the report made on the cultivation and sale of oysters. It was not due to any increase in the number of cases of typhoid fever in the city, as the number is less this year than last.

"The difficulty has been to know what kind of law to adopt, as most of the oyster beds are outside the city limits, where the Department of Health has no authority. Our aim now is to prevent the sale of fattened oysters to the public, as they are taken from beds polluted by sewage. If any person is caught selling these fattened oysters his permit will be taken away, and if he then persists in defying the rules of the Board of Health he will be dealt with like all other offenders against the Sanitary Code."

Mayor Will Sign Sinking Fund Bill.

Mayor McClellan held a public hearing yesterday on the bill giving the Sinking Fund Commission power to issue short time securities, redeemable in not less than ten or more than fifty years. No one appeared at the hearing. The Mayor will probably sign the bill.

CRASH TIES UP THE SUBWAY.

Empty Trains in Collision in the Bronx and Switchman Badly Hurt.

A crash that was heard for blocks and caused a great crowd to collect on the street resulted soon after 9 o'clock yesterday morning at 174th Street and Boston Road, the Bronx, when John Lippincott, a switchman, ran a train of eight empty cars into another train of empties on the middle track of the elevated extension of the Subway. The motorcar in which Lippincott was plowed through the rear car of the train ahead, lifting it from the tracks and shunting it sideways over the north track. Lippincott's leg was broken and he was hurt internally.

Food Inquiry at Columbia.

President Butler of Columbia University made it the first day's work after his return from Bermuda to investigate the recent agitation against the food served to the students in the Columbia Commons. As a result, he has named a committee to investigate the present system and report on means for improvement.

SNATCHES $1,000 IN F[illegible]K.

Caught on Steps and Identified as Bad Man with a Record.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.—While Michael E. Hogan was standing in the public banking room of the Mercantile Trust Company to-day, Frank Sellick of New York, a bookmaker's sheetwriter, suddenly seized a roll of $1,000 from Hogan's overcoat pocket and ran, pushing aside men and women who stood in his path.

He was captured on the steps of the bank while attempting to pass the money to a confederate. The confederate fled before the money reached his hands and the crowd captured the money-snatcher. Sellick had plenty of money in his pockets.

Supt. John Shea of the Bertillon Bureau identified the prisoner as "Kid" Burke, alias Fisher, known to the police of every large city in the United States and in Paris and London. Several pictures of Burke were found in the Rogues' Gallery. Mr. Hogan is President and principal owner of the bank at Altamont, Ill.

Greenhut and Company

Dry Goods

Our patrons are cordially invited to visit the new Reception and Lounging Room on the Fourth Floor. Tea is served (without charge) throughout the day. Take 18th or 19th Street side elevators.

Hats—Trimmed And Untrimmed, And Flowers.

A number of charming new hats are added to-day to the wonderful collection we are offering at 5.75. In point of materials and trimmings we have made them the equals of any hats at 8.50. In addition, they have a piquant becomingness that is not usually found in hats of far higher price. The assortment includes Georgette sailors, chic turbans, severe walking hats, wing trimmed and colorful, flower-trimmed dress hats, *At 5.75*

We continue the sale of our *Imported Chip Flats at 55c;*

value 1.25

In a good assortment of colors for women, misses and children. Children's hats, prettily trimmed; value 2.50 . . . . 1.75

Flowers:

Wreaths and floral montures for hats, at . 1.75 & 2.75
Rose sprays, foliage and fashionable flowers, at . . 50c
Novelties in wings, owls' heads, ostrich feathers and aigrettes are shown in fullest assortment.

Main Floor

Lace-Trimmed Lingerie Waists

Six hundred new arrivals. Your style is among them. They are all lingerie waists, lace-trimmed with tasteful beauty. You may choose from twelve models—and be assured that any waist you select is worth one dollar more than its price.

At 2.00, 3.00 and 4.00 each

Second Floor.

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th Street, New York
(Formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.)

McCutcheon's

"The Linen Store"

Reg. Trade Mark.

Table Linens, Etc.
At 33⅓% Discount

A large importation of very high-grade hand loom goods.

Table Cloths

2x2 yard Cloth at.....	$5.00	5.25	5.75	6.00	6.25	6.75	7.25
2x2½ yard Cloth at..	$6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	7.75	8.00	8.25	9.00
2x3 yard Cloth at.....	$7.25	7.50	7.75	8.75	9.00	9.75	10.50
2x3½ yard Cloth at.....	$8.50	8.75	9.00	10.25	10.50	11.00	11.50
2½x2½ yard Cloth...	$8.00	8.25	8.50	9.75	10.00	10.50	11.25	19.00
2½x3 yard Cloth.....	$9.50	10.00	10.25	10.50	11.75	12.00	12.50	13.50

Larger sizes proportionately priced.

Napkins (Per Dozen)

Dinner Napkins at.....	9.50	10.00	10.25	10.75	11.50	12.50	19.50

Specials in Other Housekeeping Goods

Besides the above we offer a very large collection of lower priced Table Cloths and Napkins, which show VERY DECIDED REDUCTIONS. Also exceptional values in Towels, Sheets and Pillow Cases of pure linen. Bed Spreads, Blankets and Comfortables.

5th Ave. & 34th St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.

W. & J. SLOANE

CARPETS CLEANED

Skillfully and Thoroughly

THE cleaning of Carpets and Rugs is a business in which we have had many years of experience. Our technical knowledge of the weaving process of each grade of carpets and rugs is of great importance when the question of cleaning arises. The method applicable to one weave would be ruinous to another.

We guarantee to clean carpets and rugs thoroughly and properly. We also store them and pack with moth preventives. No extra charge is made for fire insurance.

Tele. 6600 Gramercy. Carpet Cleaning Dept.

Broadway & Nineteenth Street

THE VALUE OF PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE

Personal knowledge is the winning factor in the culminating contests of this competitive age and when of ample character it places its fortunate possessor in the front ranks of

The Well Informed of the World.

A vast fund of personal knowledge is really essential to the achievement of the highest excellence in any field of human effort.

A Knowledge of Forms, Knowledge of Functions and Knowledge of Products are all of the utmost value and in questions of life and health when a true and wholesome remedy is desired it should be remembered that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., is an ethical product which has met with the approval of the most eminent physicians and gives universal satisfaction, because it is a remedy of

Known Quality, Known Excellence and Known Component Parts and has won the valuable patronage of millions of the Well Informed of the world, who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual use that it is the first and best of family laxatives, for which no extravagant or unreasonable claims are made.

This valuable remedy has been long and favorably known under the name of—Syrup of Figs—and has attained to world-wide acceptance as the most excellent family laxative. As its pure laxative principles, obtained from Senna, are well-known to physicians and the Well Informed of the world to be the best we have adopted the more elaborate name of—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as more fully descriptive of the remedy, but doubtless it will always be called for by the shorter name of—Syrup of Figs—and to get its beneficial effects, always note, when purchasing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, whether you call for—Syrup of Figs—or by the full name—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

LOUISVILLE, KY. U.S.A. LONDON, ENGLAND. NEW YORK, N.Y.

TRAPPED BY FLAMES GIRL LEAPS TO DEATH

Her Clothes Already Ablaze, Julia Isola Would Not Wait for Firemen to Save Her.

FIREMAN RESCUES MOTHER

Another Woman Breaks Thigh—Seven Men Overcome by Gas at Fire That Destroys Pearl Street Tenement.

One woman was killed and nearly a score of others injured in the fire which yesterday morning destroyed the four-story tenement at 470 Pearl Street. Miss Julia Isola, 22 years old, who lived with her parents on the top floor, jumped from the window when her clothes and hair were afire and died later in the Hudson Street Hospital.

The building was one of the old-fashioned tenements, long out of date in every particular. The stairs were of wood and narrow, and the fire escapes old-fashioned, with loose iron ladders stretching from floor to floor in the rear. Many of the ladders were missing, and the little iron porches were used more for pots of flowers and boxes for storing food and milk than as a means of escape in time of peril.

Under the butcher's shop on the street floor was a big basement, the front of which was used for storing fuel for the six families living in the place. The back was a stable occupied by the horses of small merchants and peddlers in the neighborhood.

Starting in the basement about 2 o'clock, the fire spread rapidly, and the fifteen horses near it began their whinnies for help. One of the stablemen sent in an alarm.

The fire seized upon the old ramshackle wooden stairway in the narrow hall and began eating it up. It ate to right and left at each landing, and as the families awakened many of them found that escape by the rear fire escape was out of the question. They fled to the front rooms, and the firemen, quick in arriving, took them down on the ladders.

The Isola family consisted of the father, Julia, who perished; her brother, Rudolph, and two sisters, Ida and Lizzie. They were the last to be aroused, and the fire was already blazing on the top landing. Rudolph opened the door to the hall and the flames burst in upon them, setting fire to the boy's hair. The father slammed the door and smothered the blazing hair of his son with a coat.

Making their way to the back fire escape, the Isolas got out on it, but the flames were pouring from the window just beneath, and their feet began to blister. Forced back into the smoke-filled room, they made their way to the front window. The father and son lowered themselves in an attempt to make a chain to the window below and thus save the three girls. The firemen were then sending up one of the longer ladders and shouted for the Isolas to stand their ground for a moment longer. But Julia's dress had caught fire, and, panic-stricken, she leaped from the window and fell, flaming, to the street. The firemen were just in time to save the others of the family.

On the same floor with the Isolas lived the family of Thomas Conway, father, mother, and seven children. One of the children, Michael, a strapping young man, had just been appointed a fireman and was in the crew of Truck 1, which was the first to come clattering into Pearl Street.

The mother of Michael, with her husband and children clamoring about her skirts, found herself cut off from the rear. She went to the front window and screamed for help. There was her boy below hustling on the job of getting up a ladder.

"Mike!" called the mother, "Save us!"

The ladder was sent up like a rocket, and it had hardly touched the hot sill of the window when Mike scurried up. His big arms got his mother around the waist and down he slid with her to safety as a half dozen of his comrades climbed up for the rest of the family, all of whom escaped without injury.

Daniel Hanlon and his wife lived on the third floor. They got to the old fire escape and stood there until, with a shriek, Mrs. Hanlon made a flying leap for the roof of an extension running from the rear of the second floor. She landed heavily and fractured a thigh.

The Morgan family on the third floor had the fright of their lives. They got out by the rear, but in the excitement they forgot five-year-old Charlie. The lamentations of the mother and brothers and sisters of Charlie sounded high above the pumping of the engines, the hoarse orders of the Battalion Chief and the Captains and the crash of falling timbers.

John Woods of Mike Conway's company, Truck 1, went to the rescue. The Morgan flat was in flames and the bed clothes were burning where Charlie slept in the deep drowse of a child. Woods got him out safely.

The firemen, with the families out of the building, turned in to save the frightened horses. They got thirteen of the fifteen out from their trap in the basement. Two were suffocated and died in their stalls.

While working to save the horses Lieut. McConnell and seven men of Engine Company 7 were overcome by escaping gas that filled the basement and stable. They were dragged out by their comrades.

Pretty nearly every one in the tenement had a cut or bruise or burn of some sort. They were all treated by ambulance surgeons and then friends in the neighborhood took them in for the day.

BRIDGE WHIST OR CHURCH?

The Rev. Dr. Houghton Says Game Must Not Conflict with Religious Duty.

When the time came for the Rev. Dr. G. C. Houghton, rector of the Little Church Around the Corner, to give out the notices for the week on Sunday evening last, he said:

"It has been brought to my attention that the members of this congregation have found it very inconvenient to attend the evensong service at 5 o'clock because they play bridge whist until that time and then find it necessary to go home instead of to the service."

And then Dr. Houghton told his flock a few things about their duty as churchmen and churchwomen. Yesterday Dr. Houghton supplemented his remarks of Sunday night.

"I do not believe that the people have any right to deprive the Almighty God of the prayer and praise which is His due by absenting themselves from His house or omitting their devotions at stated times when they are called upon by the Church and by their religion to render these devotions," said Dr. Houghton. "And especially it is, to my mind, most unseemly that pleasures for themselves or for others should be the cause of depriving God of what is His due. In the season of Lent one should feel that even a deeper devotion to the culture of their souls should be given."

Dr. Houghton would not divulge the name of the churchman who brought the bridge-whist matter to his attention.

"It was a man of position and prominence, but I prefer not to give his name," said the rector.

"Will you let this sentiment against the hour for holding evensong services influence you in changing the hour?" he was asked.

"That is not likely," he said. "No, it certainly will not. The evensong service will not be interfered with by bridge whist."

CROOKED BANKS HIT BY PROPOSED LAW

Senator Page's New Bill Seeks to Protect Immigrants from East Side Frauds.

CALLS FOR A COMMISSION

And an Appropriation of $10,000 to Make a Complete Investigation of Immigration to New York.

The movement to protect immigrants against crooked private bankers, which has been pushed by a special committee of the National Civic Federation, has resulted in the introduction of a new bill at Albany, calling for the appointment of a commission to make a general investigation of the subject of immigration and appropriating $10,000 for the work. It is understood that the measure, which was introduced by Senator Page, has the support of Gov. Hughes.

This Page bill is advocated as a partial substitute for the Merritt bill—a proposition to create a State department of immigration and to bring all the business activities connected with the handling of immigrants and emigrants under an adequite supervision. Objection was made from many sources to the Merritt bill, and the State Banking Department declined to accept the further proposal of the Civic Federation committee to bring private banking business under State supervision, on the ground both of practicability and of constitutionality.

Not did the State Banking Department, even with the addition of a special supervisory staff, want to undertake the enforcement of the two laws passed last year, providing, first, for the filing of a fifteen-thousand-dollar bond by any one who proposed to sell foreign steamship tickets or transmit money abroad, and, second, that it should be a misdemeanor to sell any tickets not properly indorsed.

These bills did not touch the matter of deposits, and to the obtaining of protection along this line the Civic Federation committee directed its attention. It was first thought that last year's bills could be extended so as to cover deposits, but this plan had to be abandoned, for the reasons stated. The bill for a commission to investigate immigration is the alternative.

Yesterday's meeting of the committee, of which Marcus M. Marks is Chairman, was attended, among others, by Joseph N. Francolini, President of the Italian Savings Bank, who spoke from personal observation of the sufferings of ignorant immigrants at the hands of crooked east side bankers.

Mr. Francolini brought with him a duplicate of a deposit slip issued by one of these bankers, using the words "Bank for Savings," which no person or corporation accepting deposits may use without permission from the State Banking Department and without submitting to its jurisdiction. He said that the banker issuing the slip had been using the forbidden title for some time and with impunity, because there was no one charged with the duty of enforcing the law against this particular class of offenders. He was heartily in favor of the Page bill providing for the commission of investigation, on the theory that such a commission when appointed would make it its first duty to look into the matter of banking methods among those who deal with ignorant immigrants.

A representative of another institution declared that the situation under the laws passed last year was really worse than it was in the years before, because of the non-enforcement of those measures. The east side bankers dealing in steamship tickets now put out a sign, it seems, declaring that $15,000 has been deposited with the State, and leaving their depositors to conclude that this deposit stands as a guarantee of deposits, as well as of the authenticity of tickets.

It was the general conclusion of the committee that the bill creating a commission of investigation was the first step in the direction of protecting immigrants.

NO RABIES IN THIS CITY.

Supt. Freel of the S. P. C. A. Expresses Doubt That the Disease Exists at All.

Supt. Thomas F. Freer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals told the members of the Woman's Municipal League, at 19 East Twenty-sixth Street, yesterday, that there was practically no such thing as rabies and hydrophobia in this city and that they were perfectly safe from any harm if they happened to be bitten by their pet dogs or cats, providing, of course, they took ordinary medical precautions.

He said there was no more danger of those diseases in this city than from yellow fever. He said:

"All of the twenty-six animal catchers employed by the society have been bitten on an average of four times per month in the performance of their work. During the last fourteen years our men have been bitten about 15,000 times while gathering 1,155,513 small animals—dogs and cats—from the public streets, and not one of the bites has resulted in rabies or hydrophobia. Of course, the wounds were cauterized and ordinary care taken with them, just as any other wounds would be.

"A great deal of the terror from dogs is due to the imagination of persons bitten. Only the vivisectionists declare that rabies is very common in animals. Physicians disagree, and some, and they are eminent in their profession, declare that there is a question as to whether there is a complaint or disease of this kind at all.

"The Health Department declares that Staten Island is at present overrun with rabied dogs. As far as the society's representatives are able to determine, not a single case of hydrophobia has developed on Staten Island this year. There are people uncharitable enough to say that the scare is wholly and solely gotten up in the interests of the vivisectionists and for the purpose of enabling the Health Department to obtain additional funds for experimenting."

WIDOW NO. 2 TURNS UP.

She Says She Is the Only Mrs. Seifert and Wants the Sculptor's Estate.

Married almost forty years and the mother of three children, who are now of adult age, two of them being married, Mrs. Caroline Seifert of Eighteenth Street, near Fifth Avenue, College Point, is called upon not only to defend her right to the name of wife but also her right to the property left by her late husband, Emil C. Seifert, a sculptor.

She was served with papers yesterday in an action instituted by Mrs. Marie Seifert of Brooklyn, who demands, as the lawful widow of Seifert, an admeasurement of her dower rights in property left by the sculptor.

Seifert died Dec. 31, 1906, leaving considerable property to his widow, Mrs. Caroline Seifert, and their three children, Mrs. Mabel Baldwin, wife of Walter Baldwin of Whitestone; Emile E. Seifert, and Miss Violet Seifert.

According to the papers, Seifert and Miss Marie Nagel of 22 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, were married in 1867. After the birth of a son the wife obtained a separation, together with the custody of her infant son and $400 a year alimony. It was further directed that neither one should marry during the lifetime of the other.

Following this Seifert, it is alleged, went to Paris, where his art captured the heart and hand of a French girl, whom he married and brought back to America, and they went to live in College Point.

The plaintiff also says that the $400 a year alimony ordered by the court was never paid, and she intends putting in a claim against the estate for the money, while her son, who lives in Brooklyn, she says, is the only legitimate heir to the residue of the estate.

GRAND JURY MINUTES GONE.

Record of Kissena Park Inquiry Badly Wanted in Queens County.

Trouble is said to be in store for the officials who had charge of the Kissena Park scandal inquiry before a recent Queens County Grand Jury over the mysterious disappearance of a large part of the minutes of the inquiry. Before Justice Garretson in the Flushing Supreme Court last Saturday it was announced that the first section of the transcribed minutes had been taken to the office of Nathan Vidaver, in Manhattan, who was conducting the investigation under an appointment as Deputy Attorney General from Attorney General Jackson's office.

Justice Garretson was indignant when he learned that the minutes had been taken out of the custody of the court, and, what was worse, outside of the county. Joseph D. Edelson, who appeared for Attorney General Jackson, said he had no knowledge of the whereabouts of the missing minutes, whereupon Justice Garretson directed him to inform the Attorney General that he wanted the minutes returned to the custody of that court by noon yesterday, but the minutes were not forthcoming.

RUNAWAY INJURES FIVE.

Woman and Four Men Knocked Down and Sent to a Hospital.

A young school teacher and four men were injured early last evening by a runaway horse attached to an express wagon owned and driven by James Boggano of 81 and 83 Greene Street. The animal, frightened by the passing of an elevated train, at Thirty-first Street and Sixth Avenue, bolted and started at a mad gallop southward in Sixth Avenue.

At Twenty-eighth Street the horse swerved and the wagon was thrown violently against an elevated pillar. The horse, freed from the wagon, continued down the avenue, and at Twenty-second Street knocked down three men and a woman. The woman said she was Miss Evelyn Geddo, a school teacher of 24 West Thirty-first Street. She was injured so severely that she had to be taken to the New York Hospital.

The men were Frank Pierce of 233 Elizabeth Street, August Brasso of 235 West Forty-fifth Street, and Francisco Piso of 253 Elizabeth Street. They were all taken to the New York Hospital and later went to their homes. The horse was stopped at Sixteenth Street. The driver of the vehicle, who was thrown out when the pagon struck the pillar, was only slightly injured.

10 YEARS FOR SHOENLAND.

Abductor of 15-Year-Old Jennie Tolberg Sentenced After Third Trial.

Frederick Shoenland of 142 Norfolk Street, who was recently convicted of abducting 15-year-old Jennie Tolberg of 1,438 Boston Road, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Mulqueen to ten years' imprisonment.

On the first trial the jury asked Judge Rosalsky not to impose a penalty of more than two years if Shoenland was convicted. The jury was rebuked and dismissed. After the second conviction a sentence of 16 years was set aside.

Union R. R. Receivership Permanent.

In the suit of the Lorain Steel Company of Pennsylvania against the Union Railway system in the Bronx and Westchester County, Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday made permanent the appointment of Frederick W. Whitridge as receiver of the defendant company. Mr. Whitridge is also receiver for the Third Avenue line.

Song Service at St. Mary's Church.

The choir of St. Mary's Church, Classon and Willoughby Avenues, Brooklyn, will sing "The Seven Last Words of Christ," by Dubois, and "O Day of Penitence," Gounod, at the church to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. The soloists will be Master Joseph Toner, soprano; Berrick von Norden, tenor, and Hanford C. Adams, bass. N. Lindsay Norden is the organist and choirmaster.

ECLECTIC CLUB SPLIT OVER $25,000 RENT

Women Divided on Questions of a Home in the Waldorf and Increased Membership.

HUSBANDS FROWN ON PLAN

Too Much Like Men's Club, They Say —Sixteen Rooms and All Service in New Quarters.

Is the Eclectic Club of New York going to take a $25,000 a year apartment at the Waldorf-Astoria, quadruple its membership, or is it to go to pieces because half its members say they won't pay that enormous rent a year and they don't want a single more member in the club than it has now?

The Eclectic has already voted to take the apartment, and will move in, one faction says, not later than next Fall, while the disgruntled half say that the club is a house divided against itself which cannot possibly stand, and that if the club takes regular quarters at the Waldorf-Astoria it will not live there as a happy family by any means.

It is rumored that the Eclectic Club husbands have objected. They think $25,000 a year is a good deal of money for a club of women to raise, and also they do not like the idea of a women's residence club with sleeping apartments; it seems too much like a man's club they say. They do not say this publicly, but their opinions have weight, and that is why many of the women do not sanction the move. Voicing the objecting members, Mrs. Richard H. Stearns said yesterday:

"Our club now is a house divided against itself. This idea of taking expensive headquarters is going to change the nature of it altogether, and I for one am unalterably opposed to it. I am quite satisfied with the club as it is.

"We shall have to pay $25,000 a year, and to do that we shall have to increase our membership to 1,000, and we have only 175 now. I think it will be a very difficult thing to get together 1,000 desirable women, with a strong emphasis on the desirable. We certainly shall not be a happy family.

"No, my husband was not opposed to it. I don't know about other women's husbands; one is all I can look after, but Mr. Stearns thinks I know better about the clubs and leaves all those things to me."

Mrs. Dore Lyon, Eclectic's President, is not disturbed by the disagreement in the club.

"Yes," she said, "some of the husbands have objected to it. I think they thought it was too large a financial problem for women to try to raise $25,000 a year. Then, some of the members like Eclectic as it is, and do not like the idea of change, but their objections are what you may call pleasant ones, only because of their affection for the club. This new arrangement they will find more satisfactory.

"Oh, yes; we have fully decided to do it; have voted upon it in the club, and will go into possession in the Fall. We shall have to increase our resident membership to 500, and our out-of-town membership to any number. It will not be difficult. We have from fifty to seventy-five visitors, guests of members, at each of our bi-monthly meetings, and that looks as if the women would like to join. If each of our nearly 200 members invites two friends we will have the number.

"It is a sixteen-room apartment we will take, and the rent includes everything—stewards, kitchen service, waiters, and even our own carriage porter with an individual uniform. Those are the things over which most men's clubs that go to pieces stumble; it is not over the rent. The club will go on, only with more attractions. We shall not increase our membership fees of $25 a year.

"We shall have our regular meetings with luncheon; then there will be extra days in charge of special committees, with evening functions to which gentlemen will be admitted. We will have a tearoom, and tea will be served daily without extra charge. I hope we shall make it the home in New York of outside artistic literary and musical people.

"People who object to the large membership will find that is not an objection, for when they drop into the club every day they will not be as anxious to come to all the meetings. Many of them have told me that while they don't like the idea, yet they will stand by the club."

HID HIS GOLD IN A WALL.

Aged Man's Daughter Finds $7,682 at His Death—Distrusted Banks.

Banks might fail and cashiers abscond for all the late William H. Wilkins of Whitestone, L. I., cared, according to testimony presented to Surrogate Noble in Queens County, where his daughter, Mrs. Ann Elizabeth Horton of Whitestone, put in an appearance as executrix to straighten up her father's estate.

In her testimony she stated that her father's estate amounted to about $14,369, and of this amount she found $7,682 in gold and silver coin stored away in a hole in the wall. She said her father had no faith in banks or cashiers, so he had a sort of repository built in the wall back of the kitchen door casing. After it was once sealed up he had no way of opening his home-made bank, and he dropped money in through a small slot from time to time. From the day he had the place built up to the time of his death, and he lived to be 85 years old, he never disturbed his hole in the wall savings.

Wilkins left four daughters, and the estate is to be divided equally between them.

Bonci Buys Land for a Home.

Alessandro Bonci, the tenor, has bought a plot of ground at Amityville, L. I., on which he intends to erect a handsome Summer home. The property consists of five lots on Florida Street, and was acquired from the Bonsignore Realty Corporation, which is developing a large tract in that section.

Established 1725

B. & G.

(Barton & Guestier)

Pure Olive Oil

BARTON & GUESTIER BORDEAUX (FRANCE) OLIVE OIL Superfine Clarified

Fac-simile of label.

B. & G. Olive Oil is guaranteed under U. S. Pure Food Law, and has been imported into the U. S. for 50 years.

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ARTIFICIAL MINERAL WATERS

First Ave., 25th to 26th Street, N. Y. City

Telephone 3420 Madison.

MRS. COLT'S SUIT FAILS.

She Can't Get a Share of Banker Kiley's Estate, Court Decides.

Supreme Court Justice Crane, in Brooklyn, yesterday, decided against Mrs. Flora A. Colt in her suit to compel the executor of the will of the late Thomas W. Kiley, an aged banker, to include her as a residuary legatee.

Mr. Kiley, who was well known in financial circles in Brooklyn, married Mrs. Colt in 1903 while he still had a wife living, from whom he had not been divorced. The two women lived within a short distance of each other in Brooklyn, and when the fact of the banker's marriage to Mrs. Colt became public it caused a sensation.

Mrs. Colt sued Cornelius O'Connor, executor under the Kiley will, to enforce a contract she alleged Kiley had made with her, in which the banker agreed not to change a will he had made naming her as a beneficiary. Kiley later made another will, in which Mrs. Colt was not mentioned. Mrs. Colt alleged that the first will was made after she discovered in 1905 that Kiley had another wife living.

She brought a suit against him for $250,000. This was dropped when Kiley made the will in which she was mentioned and agreed not to revoke it. It appears that in a subsequent adjustment of their affairs, Kiley placed $50,000 in trust for the benefit of Mrs. Colt. Justice Crane held that Mrs. Colt had signed away her claim for a residuary bequest and for this reason he decided against her.

CITY DEBT BILL NOW READY.

Amends Constitution to Exclude Rapid Transit and Dock Bonds.

After two conferences on Saturday and yesterday Controller Metz, Corporation Counsel Pendleton, Tax Commissioner Lawson Purdy, State Senator Page, Edgar J. Levy, and members of the Legal Committee of the Citizens' Union have agreed upon amendments to the Travers-Lee bill, and as amended the bill will be introduced in the Senate by Mr. Page this week.

The bill is calculated to exempt dock and rapid transit bonds from all calculations as to the city's debt limit. As originally introduced objection was made that it might serve as a cloak for reckless expenditure of the city's money. The conferees have made the measure more explicit.

As it amends the State Constitution, the bill must pass two successive Senates and then be submitted to the people for ratification. The men behind it are particularly anxious to get it through the Legislature this session, for then it can pass a new Senate next year and be submitted to the people the following Fall, thus allowing a bond issue under it about Jan. 1, 1910.

Adams, Flanigan & Co.'s New Store.

Adams, Flanigan & Co. have started a new dry goods store at 150th Street and Third Avenue. The members of the firm are John Flanigan, Thomas E. Adams, Clay Adams, and Horace Flanigan, all former members of the Adams Company, Sixth Avenue.

BROKAW BROTHERS

A QUESTION OF COLOR.

Our selling of Spring Suits to date is convincing proof that our colorings are right. Plenty of soft tones in browns and olives, stone drabs and brown drabs. But not the shades that wear foxy.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY

ASTOR PLACE & FOURTH AVE. N.Y.

A QUESTION OF CUFFS

IN THE QUEST OF NOVELTY THE FASHION OF MEN'S CUFFS HAS COME INTO PROMINENCE THIS SEASON.

WE HAVE TRIED TO GET AWAY FROM THE PLAIN TWO OR THREE BUTTONS AND HAVE EVOLVED A VARIETY OF STYLES OF CUFFS TO FINISH OFF THE SLEEVES OF THIS SEASON'S SACKS.

IT'S A DETAIL, BUT THE NEWEST AND NEATEST DEVICES IN CUFFS WILL BF FOUND ON THE SUITS THAT BEAR THE NAME OF BROWNING, KING & COMPANY.

Browning, King & Company

Broadway at 32d St, Cooper Square at 5th St, Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Southwestern Limited

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Train De Luxe TO ST. LOUIS

How to Tell

Whether Coffee is causing your Troubles

It seems easy to leave off drinking coffee and note the results.

But you say "I can't get along without coffee," so the dreary days follow one another, the same old pains and aches, slowly growing a little worse. Do you dare think of the road ahead, if that downward tendency keeps on, and why shouldn't it unless you change the daily habit?

Suppose today you assert your right to crush habit and start a new and healthful life. It's easy to quit coffee and take on

POSTUM

Which is made of clean, whole wheat, and contains no CAFFEINE—the drug in coffee that causes so much trouble.

MORE THAN EVER

Increased Capacity for Mental Labor Since Leaving Off Coffee.

Many former coffee drinkers who have mental work to perform, day after day, have found a better capacity and greater endurance by using Postum Cereal instead of coffee. An Ills. woman writes:

"I had drank coffee for about twenty years, and finally had what the doctor called "coffee heart." I was nervous and extremely despondent; had little mental or physical strength left, had kidney trouble and constipation.

"The first noticeable benefit derived from the change from coffee to Postum was the natural action of the kidneys and bowels. In two weeks my heart action was greatly improved and my nerves steady.

"Then I became less despondent, and the desire to be active again showed proof of renewed physical and mental strength.

"I am steadily gaining in physical strength and brain power. I formerly did mental work and had to give it up on account of coffee, but since using Postum I am doing hard mental labor with less fatigue than ever before."

"There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

POSTUM

Is not only free from the harmful coffee poison, but contains the natural phosphate of potash found in a part of the wheat berry which is included in making this famous food drink.

It builds up broken-down brain and nerve cells, and no one needs this more than the chronic coffee drinker.

Ten days freedom from coffee will show

"There's a Reason"

for

Postum

LAST DAYS OF EXHIBITION

Open Evenings 8 to 10

"This is a good collection, made up of Paintings that have something to say for themselves."—TRIBUNE.

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES

Day 9 to 6 MADISON SQUARE SOUTH NOW ON

Evening 8 to 10 NEW YORK CITY FREE VIEW

To Be Sold at Unrestricted Public Sale

Thursday & Friday Evenings of This Week

April 9th & 10th, beginning promptly at 8:30 o'clock

At Mendelssohn Hall

FORTIETH ST., EAST OF BROADWAY

(Admission by card, to be had free of the managers)

Notable Paintings

BY THE

Great Masters

OF THE

Early English, Dutch, Italian, French and Flemish Schools

From the Blakeslee Galleries

"This assemblage would equip a museum which would be a compendium of Art without additions for many years to come."—HERALD.

"A collection of Paintings that not only live up to the fine traditions of the place where they are shown, but of the man who has brought them together."—PRESS.

The Sale will be Conducted by Mr. Thomas E. Kirby, of

The American Art Association, Managers

6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South.

Under the management of the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries

Owing to the recent death of

Mr. Abraham I. Adler of the firm of

Fishel, Adler & Schwartz

313 Fifth Avenue

THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF HIGH CLASS

MODERN PAINTINGS AND WATER COLORS

ARE OFFERED FOR ABSOLUTE SALE

at their above premises

Upon the evenings of

To-morrow (Wednesday,) Thursday and Friday, at 8:30 o'clock

NOW ON EXHIBITION

The firm intends continuing in their wholesale and publishing business only, for the future.

MR. JAMES P. SILO will conduct the sale.

PLAN TO FINANCE WESTINGHOUSE CO.

$10,000,000 in Stock to be Issued, $4,000,000 of Which Goes to Creditors.

REST TO STOCKHOLDERS

If the Plan is Not Accepted, President Westinghouse Says, the Company Will Be Sold Out.

A new plan for terminating the receivership of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and financing the company has been devised by the Committee of Merchandise Creditors and approved by the Directors, which does away with the issue of mortgage bonds and reduces the amount of assenting stock to which stockholders must subscribe from $7,000,000 to $6,000,000.

Under the new plan $10,000,000 of stock will be issued, but of this amount $4,000,000 will be taken care of by the merchandise creditors. The original Reorganization Committee, of which James N. Jarvie is Chairman, has approved the plan, and in the confident belief that subscriptions to the entire $10,000,000 of new stock at par will be forthcoming by June 1, the Jarvie committee has extended the time for depositing obligations and claims to May 15.

President George Westinghouse said yesterday that it was of the utmost importance to the company's stockholders to come in under the new plan.

"If the stockholders do not take this stock," he said, "there is little doubt that the company will be sold out by the creditors, and in that case the stockholders will have to put up more money to participate in the new securities than is represented in the new stock subscriptions."

In order to facilitate the work of obtaining subscriptions, a Stockholders' Committee has been formed, to co-operate with the other committees. The composition of the Stockholders' Committee is as follows: Charles Francis Adams, Boston; Charles J. Canda, New York; Alvin W. Krech, New York; George W. Guthrie, Mayor of Pittsburg, and George T. Oliver, Pittsburg.

The Merchandise Creditors' Committee, which formulated the new plan, represents more than one-half of the total of $4,250,000 owing this class of creditors. These creditors signified their willingness to take assenting stock to the extent of $4,000,000 under the proviso that there would be no issue of mortgage bonds. The new plan leaves the convertible bonds and the collateral notes undisturbed. The subscriptions to be taken to $6,000,000 of the new stock by the stockholders are to extend over a period of ten months. The first installment is to be payable 25 per cent. June 1, 20 per cent. each on Aug. 1, Nov. 1, and Jan. 1, and the final 15 per cent. on April 1, 1909.

"The $6,000,000 of new cash capital," says a circular sent yesterday to stockholders, "together with the cash accounts and bills receivable of $12,832,728.56, and the working assets of $14,601,670.64, (consisting of the regular inventory of raw materials and supplies, materials finished and in process,) as shown by the auditor's statement of Feb. 29, 1908, should certainly give the company ample working capital for handling a large business to the best advantage."

The circular continues:

"A careful estimate shows that under reasonably favorable conditions the company should, during the next five years, earn sufficient to pay all its fixed charges, 7 per cent. per annum on the preferred stock, 6 per cent. per annum on its entire issue of assenting stock, (amounting to about $34,000,000 when this plan is effective,) and create an annual surplus of at least $1,000,000. From figures submitted by the accountants this estimate would seem to be conservative."

Both the Merchandise Creditors' Committee and the Readjustment Committee are to be represented on the Directorate of the company under the new plan.

MEXICO'S RAILROAD MERGER.

Securities of Central and National to be Exchanged Here and Abroad.

MEXICO CITY, April 6.—It was announced yesterday by the Mexican Government that details of the plan for the exchange of securities of the Mexican Central and National Railroad Companies for those of the merger company would be published on Wednesday in New York, London, Amsterdam, Paris, Berlin, and other money centres. The success of the merger will depend on the acceptance of the proposals by the holders of the securities.

Holders of present securities must deposit them on or before May 1, 1908, at designated places in one of the above-named cities.

The following banking firms are named as readjustment managers: Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., Speyer Brothers, Speyer & Co., Hallgarten & Co., Bank Yuer Handel und Industrie, Berliner Handelsgeschellschaft.

For securities deposited proper certificates will be issued. Applications will be made to the New York Stock Exchange for a quotation for certificates of deposit issued for securities already enlisted or securities exchanged.

The plan has been approved by the Mexican Government and by the Directors of the Mexican Central Railroads Securities Company.

BUSH TERMINAL EARNINGS.

The Company Gains by City's Purchase of Waterfront, Report Shows.

The report of the Bush Terminal Company for the year ended Dec. 31 shows gross earnings of $1,014,317, an increase of $129,292 over those of 1906. Operating expenses increased $38,326, to $415,574, leaving net earnings at $598,743, a gain of $90,966 over the previous year. The total income was $667,441, an increase of $159,664. The surplus for the year of $169,957 showed an increase of $26,551.

President Irving T. Bush, in his report to stockholders, said: "The City of New York, during 1907, acquired by condemnation nearly all of the water-front property on each side of the company's plant for the purpose of building piers. This will be of benefit to this enterprise, by bringing to South Brooklyn a large amount of additional shipping, and firmly establishing that water-front as the terminal for large freight steamers, and with the construction by the city of the Fourth Avenue subway, will increase in value the large amount of vacant property carried by the company.

"The general business of the company will not be materially affected by financial conditions. Commercial depression usually results in the accumulation in warehouses of merchandise not required for distribution. This more than offsets the falling off in other branches of the company's business. The earnings for the first two months of 1908 are better than the corresponding months in 1907."

Mr. Drake Not in Witsenhausen Co.

John Drake of 9 Malden Lane, whose name was inscribed as a Director of the L. Witsenhausen Company on the papers of incorporation registered at Albany on April 3, informed THE NEW YORK TIMES last night that he had never given permission for his name to be used, and denied that he had any connection with the company.

N. Y. Central February Earnings.

The New York Central reported yesterday for February gross earnings of $6,045,537, a decrease of $516,575, and net earnings of $845,771, a decrease of $141,468. Similar showings were made by most of the other New York Central lines, lessened expenses serving to cut down the loss in net earnings.

POLICEMAN IS MISSING.

Wife Gets Warrant for Him, Charging Him with Desertion.

Mrs. Ada Rosenhaim of 530 East 139th Street, the Bronx, appeared in the Morrisania Court yesterday and swore out a warrant charging her husband, Patrolman Harry Rosenhaim of the East Fifty-first Street Station, with deserting her and their eight-month-old baby.

Rosenhaim has been missing since Thursday. His wife said last night that he drew his pay that day, came home, entered their flat in her absence, and took all his clothes and a comb and a purse belonging to her and left. The comb was a handsome one, she said, which he had given her, and the purse was such as women use, so she thinks he had a companion.

"He left me and our baby without a cent," said she. "The furniture was theirs, and this she sold yesterday and moved to the home of her husband's sister, 202 Brown Place."

"He sent his badge in Thursday," said Capt. Lantry of the East Fifty-first Street Station last night, "but there is a charge at Headquarters against him for leaving his post, and you can bet he is not coming back."

Capt. Lantry said Rosenhaim had been a member of the force about two months. He was away last week on sick leave and was ordered to report for duty. In response he sent his badge.

COTTON MILLS' FULL TIME.

Rubber Works in New England Also Resume Operations.

PLAINFIELD, Conn., April 6.—The Lawton cotton mills here and cotton mills in other Eastern Connecticut towns, employing in all about 2,500 persons, went on full time to-day after a long period of curtailment.

At Naugatuck the boot and shoe department of the Goodyear India Rubber Glove Company and the reclaiming department of the United States Rubber Company resumed operations to-day after having been idle for some time. About 2,200 hands are affected.

BRISTOL, R. I., April 6.—After a shutdown of three weeks' duration, the local plant of the National India Rubber Works, employing about 1,400 hands, resumed operations to-day. The time schedule includes the regular working day for five days a week.

NEW LONDON, Conn., April 6.—The Niantic Manufacturing Company of East Lyme begins running overtime to-night to fill orders. The mill employs about 150 hands.

CONCORD, N. H., April 6.—The Boston and Maine Railroad shops in this city, employing 750 men, will start to-morrow on a time schedule of four days a week, nine hours a day. This is double the time the men have been working for the last month.

PEACE IN LAKE SUPERIOR CO.

Philadelphia Interests Obtain Control and Harmony Board Is Elected.

The annual meeting of the Lake Superior Corporation was held in Jersey City yesterday and a harmony directorate elected. Charles E. Orvis, one of the most prominent of the old Directors, withdrew from the board, but it was he who seconded the motion yesterday for the election of the following Directors: Francis B. Reeves, James Hay, Horatio G. Lloyd, Charles S. Hinchman, J. Tatnall Lea, all of Philadelphia; John T. Terry of New York, Leander N. Lovell of New Jersey, Charles D. Warren of Toronto, Thomas J. Drummond and O. R. Wilson-Smith of Montreal, George Tatginson of Preston, Ont., and William J. Sheppard of Toronto.

Charles D. Warren, regarding whose administration fault had been found by the New York interests in the company, was re-elected President. Francis B. Reeves was chosen First Vice President and John T. Terry Secretary and Treasurer.

The result of yesterday's election places the management of the company in the hands of the Philadelphia interests.

CHILDREN BEGIN FARMING.

Hundreds Rush to Secure Plots in De Witt Clinton Park Gardens.

One of the busiest places in congested New York yesterday was the children's school farm in De Witt Clinton Park, Eleventh Avenue, between Fifty-second and Fifty-fourth Streets. Last Saturday the flag was raised giving notice that the farm work for the neighboring children was to begin. Crowds of children immediately rushed to the gates, and 400 names weer enrolled before noon. The number who can be accommodated within the small garden plots is 1,000.

Yesterday spading up the ground was in progress, and sixty amateur farmers worked at a time, while a line of 200 or more awaited their turn.

The work is a private charity, and is in charge of Mrs. Henry Parsons of 20 West Fifty-sixth Street. The organization is known as the First Children's Farm.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Capt. C. M. Seaman, Coast Artillery Corps, is designated member of Artillery Board, vice Capt. C. E. Kilbourne, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved.

Capt. B. M. Koehler, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from Seventy-ninth Company and placed on unassigned list.

Capt. H. G. Learnard, Fourteenth Infantry, detailed member of General Staff Corps, and will report at San Francisco and report arrival by telegraph to the Adjutant General of the Army.

Special orders March 14 relating to Capt. B. M. Koehler, Coast Artillery Corps, revoked.

Leave: Lieut. Col. C. H. Watts, Ninth Cavalry, one month, effective upon relief from duty as recruiting officer at Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Navy.

Commander E. A. Anderson detached duty in charge navy recruiting station, Cincinnati, to navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.

Lieut. V. S. Houston detached duty the Illinois to duty in charge navy recruiting station Cincinnati, Ohio.

Lieut. C. R. Miller detached duty Bureau of Equipment to navy yards Puget Sound, Washington, and Mare Island, Cal., special temporary duty thence to the Connecticut.

Lieut. A. G. Kavanagh to Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Pontiac and Powhatan at Portsmouth, N. H.; Paducah at Port au Prince, Albany at Mare Island, Tennessee, Washington, and California at Port Angeles, Abarenda at Bradford.

Sailed—Buffalo from San Diego for Magdalena Bay, Sioux from navy yard, New York, for Boston.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A committee consisting of A. J. Hemphill, George E. Maxwell, Hamilton F. Benjamin, and George L. Wrenn, Jr., has been named to protect the interests of the holders of the preferred stock of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway. The Guaranty Trust Company has been named depository. E. C. Hebbard is secretary of the committee and Eustace Conway counsel.

At the annual meeting of the Directors of the Panama Railroad Company yesterday Lieut. Col. H. F. Hodges was elected a Director to succeed Gen. Peter C. Haines, resigned. Lieut. Col. Hodges is the purchasing official for both the Panama Railroad Company and the Panama Canal Commission.

JACOB
Ruppert
LAGER BEER BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY
At Hotels & Restaurants. ASK YOUR GROCER.

CHRISTMAN PIANOS
offer the finest proposition in Baby and Studio Grand Pianos, charming Upright and Player Pianos. Latest styles, elegantly finished; all guaranteed first class. It pays buyers to investigate. Used pianos, good makes, extremely reasonable. 35 West 14th St., bet. 5th and 6th Avs.

STURZ PIANOS
Sold on Easy Terms Direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS, AT 142 LINCOLN AV., 134th St., Block East of 3d Av.

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS
Several Steinways, Sohmer, Gabler, Horace Waters, and several others, at bargain prices. Easy terms. Rentals, $3 and up. WESER BROS., Factory, 520-28 W. 43d St.

WE WILL SELL 7 NEW ROYAL PIANOS! Made by Krell Piano Co. and fully guaranteed—for $235.00 each. Regular price $325.00. Payments only $1.50 a week. Great bargain. Speak quick. Tway Piano Co., 94 5th Av., near 14th St., New York. Established 30 years.

Bargains—Sohmer, Steinway, Weber uprights, 20 uprights, $75 upward. Winterroth, 103 East 14th St.

WOODRUFF WANTS LOYAL HUGHES MEN

Chairman Says Only True Friends of Governor Should Be Delegates at Large.

HE STICKS TO HIS LIST

Thinks Leaders Should Leave No Room for Charging Bad Faith Toward the Governor.

Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff of the Republican State Committee is not pleased at the aspersions that have been cast regarding the possible choice of "near Hughes" delegates at large from this State to the National Convention at Chicago. Mr. Woodruff took occasion yesterday to say positively that while he would not choose the "big four" and would not even have the customary "slate" ready, he believed the delegates should be loyal Hughes men.

The State Convention takes place at Carnegie Hall next Saturday, beginning at 11 o'clock. Although there has been much speculation as to who the "big four" will be, there are no certain indications for the reason that it was only on Saturday that Gov. Hughes made known his intention of refraining from naming them.

Mr. Woodruff and his colleagues had expected the Governor to act otherwise. He said yesterday that he had not consulted any of the other leaders with regard to choosing the delegates at large, but that he was still of the opinion that only personal friends of the Governor should be chosen, so that the sincerity of the delegation might not be questioned.

"When the convention meets next Saturday," said Mr. Woodruff, "we shall follow precedent and appoint a committee consisting of one member from each Congressional district to select the delegates at large and the Presidential Electors. There is no slate at present, and there will be no slate. The matter will be left entirely in the hands of the committee.

"My own idea is that we should send to Chicago as delegates at large the same men that Gov. Hughes would have selected had he accepted my suggestion that he make the selection. Personally I would go back to my original list.

"The men I spoke of were President Schurman of Cornell University, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, former Mayor Seth Low, and Frederick R. Hazzard. Mr. Hazzard comes from Syracuse. He and the Governor were college mates, and they are warm personal friends.

"It would not surprise me to see the four men I have named selected as the delegates at large. If that is done, then there will be no occasion to charge bad faith or insincerity in our support of Gov. Hughes for the nomination for the Presidency. I have no intention of going to the convention as a delegate at large myself, and I don't believe that an active member of the State organization should be chosen. The purpose of the organization is to demonstrate its good faith in its support of the Governor's candidacy."

The Republican Assembly District Conventions, which will choose delegates to the State Convention, will be held to-night. It is not expected that any contests will develop, except possibly in the Thirteenth. The Congressional Conventions, which will choose delegates from the various districts to the National Convention, are to be held on Thursday night.

Some of those who will probably be chosen as delegates from the districts to the National Convention are Borough President George Cromwell of Richmond and Joseph T. Hackett, from the Eighth Congressional District, Charles H. Murray from the Ninth, Samuel Koenig and Thomas H. Rothman from the Tenth, William Halpin and Edward Lauterbach from the Eleventh, Herbert Parsons from the Thirteenth, William H. Douglas and Abraham H. Gruber from the Fifteenth, and William H. Ten Eyck and Edward Healy from the Eighteenth. In the other districts no slates have been prepared.

Instructed for Hughes.

Special to The New York Times.

NORWICH, N. Y., April 6.—The Chenango County Republican Convention today instructed its delegates for Hughes for President. Delegates were also instructed for State Senator Jotham P. Allds and Congressman John W. Dwight.

CORTLAND, N. Y., April 6.—The Cortland County Republican Convention today selected delegates to the State Convention and instructed them for Gov. Hughes for President. The convention indorsed Congressman Dwight for renomination.

BELMONT, N. Y., April 6.—At the Allegany County Republican Convention today Jesse S. Phillips was renominated for a ninth consecutive term in the Assembly. Dr. George H. Witter of Wellsville was advanced as Allegany's choice for State Senator to succeed S. Percy Hooker of Genesee. Resolutions were adopted indorsing Charles E. Hughes for President.

Hughes Ignored in Williams Caucus.

Special to The New York Times.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., April 6.—A caucus of the Republicans of Williams College was held this evening in Jessup Hall to make Presidential nominations. Taft received a majority of thirty-seven votes. Other nominees were La Follette, Cannon, and Knox. The Democratic nominating convention will assemble to-morrow, and the final election will take place on April 13. Two-fifths of the Williams students come from New York State.

TAFT CHEERED IN OMAHA.

Criticises Bryan's Attitude on the Philippine Question.

OMAHA, Neb., April 6.—Secretary of War Taft rounded out the first day of his trip to Nebraska with a speech to-night at the Auditorium, where he was the guest at a banquet given by the McKinley Club. The Secretary took occasion to reply to the recent utterances of William J. Bryan in which the Democratic leader criticised the action of the McKinley and the Roosevelt Administrations for their policy in the Philippines.

The Secretary said that Mr. Bryan was not consistent in his utterances, because he had been the means, in a large degree, of bringing about the signing of the treaty of Paris, whereby the Philippines came under the control of the United States, and he was now criticising the action of the Administration because of its efforts to teach the Filipinos the art of self-government.

The Secretary also dealt at length with the question of railroad legislation and individual combinations.

The galleries held 5,000 persons, while 1,200 were seated at the banquet tables. Following the feast Frank Crawford, Gov. Sheldon, Howard H. Baldridge of Omaha, Gen. John C. Cowin, and William Allen White spoke. Secretary Taft was greeted with cheers that lasted five minutes when he rose to speak.

Proctor Won't Seek Senatorship.

Special to The New York Times.

RUTLAND, Vt., April 6.—Gov. Fletcher D. Proctor announced to-day that he would not be a candidate before the State Legislature next Fall for United States Senator from Vermont to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his father, Redfield Proctor.

"RED" BLAMES ROCKEFELLER.

Anarchist Editor Says He Is Back of Roosevelt and Paterson's Mayor.

PATERSON, N. J., April 6.—One of the editors of La Questione Sociale, in lamenting the action of the authorities in suppressing the anarchistic publication, to-day said:

"We do not blame the police so much, because back of the patrolmen who unlawfully entered our premises was the Sergeant, and back of the Sergeant was the Captain, and back of the latter was the Chief, who took his orders from the Police Commission, which is controlled by the Mayor, and back of that official is President Roosevelt, and back of Roosevelt is Rockefeller."

Mayor McBride has decided that another number of La Questione Sociale shall not be used in this city.

MIND CURE FOR DRUNKARDS.

Brooklyn Clergyman Tells of a Case He Thinks He Has Conquered.

The Rev. Dr. McDonald, pastor of the Washington Avenue Baptist Church, in Brooklyn, addressed the Baptist Ministers' Association yesterday at Madison Avenue and Thirty-first Street, on the treatment of mental and physical ailments by the "Emmanuel Movement," which is neither Christian Science nor faith cure, he said.

He described three cases he had treated, the first a drunkard, the second a woman with delusions, and the third a woman who feared she would die from leprosy and was afraid to meet a Chinaman on the street. All three, he said, showed evidences of cure after treatment.

BROOKLYN BRIDGE IS SAFE.

Never So Well Equipped for Heavy Traffic as Now, Says Report.

The Public Service Commission received from the Bridge Commissioner yesterday reports from engineers on the condition of the Brooklyn Bridge and the safety of running trains consisting of six motor cars over that structure. The reports all say the bridge is safe, and that such trains may be operated safely.

Prof. William H. Burr of Columbia is one of the engineers who examined the bridge. In his report he says:

"The efficient system of inspection under which the structure is maintained has resulted in replacements, the correction of misfitting members originally placed in the stiffening trusses, and the improvement of many details, until it may now be confidently stated that the bridge has never been in as satisfactory condition to carry traffic as at present."

Sewer at Bathing Beach.

Peter J. Stumpf, Assistant Commissioner of Public Works under President Haffen of the Bronx, was the chief witness yesterday at the Haffen inquiry before the Commissioners of Accounts. Mr. Stumpf, as an Alderman, introduced the resolution in the local board asking the city to buy the Hunt's Point Park property.

Asked if the knowledge that a sewer emptied into the Sound at that point would have affected the usefulness of the site as a bathing place, in his estimation, he said it would not.

Metz Names McCarren Men.

Controller Metz yesterday announced the appointment of Thomas J. Drennan to be Deputy Collector of Assessments and Arrears in Brooklyn to succeed William E. Melody, who was removed last week. John Hamilton was appointed Auditor in the Finance Department. Both are McCarren men.

Clark's Montana Mines Not Sold.

Positive denial was given yesterday to reports that ex-Senator W. A. Clark was contemplating a sale of his Montana copper mines to the Amalgamated Copper Company. One who spoke for the Senator pointed out that such a time as the present was the last in which a sale would be effected.

SUES COUNT FOR $124,985.

Col. Fowler Seeks to Recover That Sum from Count Pedrazza.

Papers were filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Kneeland, Files & Reese, lawyers, at 71 Wall Street, on behalf of Col. Edward S. Fowler, the Collector of the Port of New York, in a suit to recover the sum of $124,985 from Count Isidore Pedrazza, who is staying at the St. Regis Hotel.

This sum was paid to the Count by Lord William Henry Armstrong in England, who drew a bill of exchange against Count Pedrazza on April 9, 1906, for the amount on the London and Westminster Bank, which the Count accepted, but did not take up when it became due on Jan. 15, 1907. Lord Armstrong then assigned the bill to Col. Fowler, who indorsed it, and began the present action. The interest on the $124,985 from Jan. 15, 1907, is included in the action for recovery of the money.

TOO BUSY TO BE A JUROR.

But Wine Merchant's Excuse Doesn't Satisfy Court and He Is Fined $100.

Benno C. Samuel, a wine merchant of 686 Greenwich Street, did not answer yesterday when called for jury service before Judge Mulqueen. The Judge received a note from Mr. Samuel, whereupon he remarked:

"Mr. Samuel begs to state that pressure of business makes it impossible for him to serve on a jury. He cannot afford to give the time. Possibly he can better afford to give $100. We will fine him to that amount."

Mr. Samuel will be requested to make a reasonable excuse in court and pay the fine.

RAILWAY REBATE CASE ON.

Federal Suit Against the Great Northern to Go to Jury To-day.

The Federal suit against the Great Northern Railway Company under the Elkins anti-rebating law, on an indictment charging that the Great Northern paid rebates to the American Sugar Refining Company in 1904 on shipments of sugar to Sioux City, Iowa, began yesterday in the United States Circuit Court before Judge Holt and a jury. At the end of the day's session all the evidence was in and Judge Holt adjourned court until this morning, when he will charge the jury.

Lawyer Joseph G. Dudley for the defense and Assistant United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise rested their cases on the agreed set of facts that the sugar was shipped in 1902, that the Elkins law was enacted in 1903, and that the rebates were not paid until 1904.

BOSTON BANK LIQUIDATES.

National of the Republic Will Settle Through the Shawmut.

BOSTON, April 6.—The National Bank of the Republic, one of the largest and best-known financial institutions in the city, closed its doors to-day, and its business and assets will be liquidated by the National Shawmut Bank. The announcement to-night that the Bank of the Republic has ceased to exist came as a great surprise to business men. The institution has a capital of $2,000,000 and deposits of nearly $15,000,000.

Belle Terre

Dean Alvord, the successful creator of Prospect Park South, first conceived Belle Terre, and is now personally perfecting this distinctive Colony of country homes at Port Jefferson.

DEAN ALVORD CO.,
277 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Uneeda Biscuit

HEALY NOW HIS OWN TENANT.

Restaurateur Buys Building He Occupies from the C. T. Barney Estate.

Thomas Healy, the restaurateur, signed contracts yesterday for the purchase of the property at the northeast corner of Columbus Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, of which he has been the tenant for the last ten years. Mr. Healy bought the property from the Charles T. Barney estate and paid $350,000 for it.

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS.

BROOKLYN. Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. Closes at 6 P. M. Daily. BROOKLYN.

USE THE SUBWAY—Bronx to Borough Hall—One Fare, 5c.

Extraordinary Sales for Tuesday

As Announced Sunday.

No orders accepted until Tuesday morning. No mail or telephone or hurry box orders.

These Are Marvelous Embroidery Days.
20c to 98c Embroideries, at 10c to 49c a Yard.

Most unusual, indeed, are these Embroidery offerings. They consist of a wonderful assortment of neat and showy designs, mostly broken lots, just widths missing here and there—insertion to match exactly. They range from the narrow edge to a demi-flounce in Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss.

75c to $1.50 Allovers at 49c. 59c and 69c a yard,
Another assortment of these beautiful Allovers that went like a flash in our previous sale. They are exceptional values, and there are exquisite designs in Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss.

$1.50 to $2.50 Flouncings at 98c and $1.25 a yard.
Beautiful patterns in these 27-inch Flouncings, mostly open work designs, with heavily and elaborately embroidered floral effects; some filet combinations.
Main Floor, Centre, Central Building.

69c to 98c Flouncings Reduced to 49c a yard.
These 18 and 27-inch Flouncings, which have been left from our famous recent sales, are reduced to 49c a yard. They are slightly soiled, and there are some short lengths in the lot.

Great List of New Nassau Records.
The Latest Hits at 39c Each.

LOOK THROUGH THE LIST and if you haven't any of these, do not fail to get it, as they are all good. These are marvellously cheap Nassau Disc Records, for use on the Victor and other disc-playing machines.

B 25—"Somebody Been Around Since I've Been Gone"—song.
B 29—"Much Obliged to You."—comic song.
B 26—"Waning Honey Moon"—song.
B 30—"Wouldn't You Like to Have Me for a Sweetheart?"—duet by Ada Jones and B. Murray.
B 42—"Dream of the Mountains"—orchestra.
B 43—"I'm Looking for the Man Who Wrote the Merry Widow Waltz"—song.
B 44—"I Want You"—song.
B 47—"Don't Worry"—song.
B 48—"Goodbye, Sweetheart, Goodbye"—song.
B 49—"I'm Afraid to Come Home in the Dark"—song.
B 50—"Just Because He Couldn't Sing Love Me and the World Is Mine"—song.
B 51—"I Got to See the Minstrel Show"—song.
B 54—"Rain in the Face"—comic duet.
B 55—"Maple Leaf Rag"—banjo solo.
B 56—"Much Obliged to You"—banjo medley.
B 57—"Goodbye"—song.
B 58—"Dreams"—song.
B 72—"A Waltz Dream"—band.
B 73—"The Glow Worm"—band.
B 74—"Genee"—band.
B 75—Medley of Irish Jigs and Reels—orchestra.
B 78—"Under Any Old Flag at All"—song.
B 80—"Toreador Song"—song.
B 83—"Hoo-oo"—song.
B 86—"My Gal Irene"—song.
B 87—"Has Anybody Seen My Husband?"—duet.
B 88—"I Love You So"—Merry Widow quartet.
B 89—"Women"—Merry Widow duet.
B 90—"The Cavalier"—Merry Widow duet.
B 91—"Quite Parisian"—Merry Widow duet.
B 97—"Sousa Swing"—banjo solo.
26480—"Berceuse Slave"—violin solo.

Victor Talking Machines.
From $10.00 to $100.00 on easy payment plan of 10% down and 10% a month.
Edison Phonographs, from $12.50 to $55.00.
Music Store, Fourth Floor, West Building.

$1.25 Corsets, 59c.
Two Models. Long princess hip model, medium long waist effect.
Girdle top Corset, with princess hip effect; made of white coutil; supporters attached to front and side.
Second floor, front, East Building.

85c. Batiste Shirt Waist Slips, 59c.
Batiste Shirt Waist Slips, in pretty shades of pink, blue, also white; made with tucked front, elbow sleeves, neck and sleeves finished with lace edging; value 85c., at 59c
Second floor, center, East Building.

$7.50 to $10.00 Portieres, $3.80 a Pair.
Mercerized Tapestry Portieres, bordered, silk cord edge and tassel fringe top; all desirable decorative colors.
Third floor, front, Central Building.

Private Files, 8c.
Private Files for Easter gifts, 8c. each, regularly 15c.
Main floor, front, East Building.

Women's 19c. Stockings, 12½c.
Fast black cotton Stockings, with embroidered fronts; some all black, double heels and toes.

Mens 25c Half Hose, 19c.
Fancy Half Hose, in black and colors, in embroidery and plaid effects; some tan and black.
Main Floor, Front, Central Building.

Cut Glass Water Tumblers, 19c Each.
At 19c. each, value 40c. each. American cut glass Water Tumblers, Mineral Tumblers, Ale Tumblers, etc., in a deep and brilliant combination of cuttings. No mail, telephone or hurry box orders filled and none C. O. D.
Basement, West Building.

Men's 50c Neckwear, 29c.
Men's French seam Four-in-Hands, in every good plain color. They have striped borders and are one of the newest styles of this season 29c
Main Floor, Front, East Building.

Women's Undervests, 19c.
Fine cotton and lisle Undervests, low neck, sleeveless, some lace trimmed, others plain 19c
Main Floor, Front, Central Building.

Hail to the 1908 Auto! Hail to Brill Clothes!

Both Typify Progress.

The splendid ready-to-wear garments you can buy now are as far ahead of the "store clothes" of other days as a modern motor is ahead of Duryea's first efforts.

Brill clothes are from ten of America's most modern and progressive tailoring concerns and embody the newest and most progressive ideas in tailor work, fabrics and style.

Brill clothes may be had in over 120 different models and over 500 different fabric styles—surely an assortment that offers greatest opportunity for you to express your individual taste.

Make your Easter clothes selection to-day. Avoid the hurry and the crowding of too late clothes buying.

Brill suits, spring coats and Cravenette raincoats, $15 to $45.

Brill Clothes at $25
Including suits in the new Henley or English hairline stripes and suits of many exclusive fabrics in new shades of brown, gray and tan.
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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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THE DONKEY AND THE RAVEN.

Absolutely the only argument worthy of consideration by sensible and unprejudiced men that has been put forward in favor of Mr. BRYAN'S nomination at Denver is this: That it will be better for the party to let him nominate himself and get whipped again, so that he will be out of the way for the campaign of 1912.

The fault of this argument is that there is no guarantee whatever that a third defeat would make an end of BRYAN. He doesn't mind defeat. Indeed, he thrives on it. The Democratic Party may break down and die, but Mr. BRYAN'S Commoner circulates and Mr. BRYAN goes on collecting $200 a night for his lectures. In fact, from the point of view of the pocket he is undoubtedly better off than if he had been elected in 1896 or in 1900. He is a richer man today for not being ex-President. With an untroubled mind he can look defeat in the face, but to be deposed from the leadership of the party, to be compelled to take his place in the ranks and follow another, that would be disaster indeed. Then the country would no longer attend to him, and there would be no solemn conferences of club committees over the question whether he should be invited to dine and speak, or to dine only, or neither. No man in the private station has ever sought the nomination for the Presidency with such prodigious industry and persistence. He organizes, he talks, he browbeats, he cajoles, he is here, there, and everywhere mending his political fences, buttressing up the weak points, firing the zeal of his workers, and concentrating attention upon himself. But these labors are directed to securing the nomination. That is, they are for BRYAN, not for the party.

That Mr. BRYAN cannot be elected President, that he cannot lead the party to victory, ought to be as plain to his own vision as it is to that of all sober-minded Democrats. Two defeats have not inspired confidence in Mr. BRYAN, and it is plain from the speech of people and from the utterances of leading Democratic newspapers, notably in the South, that his popularity has waned. He holds the chief place upon the party stage because, first, of his own untiring labors, and, second, because the party workers understand that the short and easy way to establish their regularity is to proclaim themselves Bryan men.

To assent to the nomination of Mr. BRYAN at Denver, whether for the sake of getting him out of the way through defeat or because of the fact that his activities made him the most conspicuous Democrat, is to accept what the circular put forth from Gov. JOHNSON'S headquarters in Chicago calls "the doctrine of despair." Demonstrably weaker than he was in 1896 or in 1900, Mr. BRYAN has absolutely no "claim" upon his party save that which he himself asserts. The assertion of it by him is colossal selfishness, demonstrably so, since the personal advantage to him is obvious, the disaster it involves to the party no less certain.

The Republicans of the country will vote for the Republican candidate, whether it be Mr. TAFT or Mr. ROOSEVELT. Those Democrats who from conscience and conviction, from their distrust of the man and their opposition to his doctrines, oppose Mr. BRYAN, would vote for Mr. TAFT or even for Mr. ROOSEVELT before they would vote for him. The incredible folly of insisting upon a nomination that insures defeat can be explained only on the ground of the complete disorganization of the party and the blindness or the apathy of those who should guide it in safer courses.

Mr. LYNCH'S circular put forth from the Johnson headquarters sounds the note of courage and gives the warning. "We take it for granted that there is no necessity for the ravens of defeat to perch on the banners of the Democracy in 1908, simply because they did it in 1896, 1900, and 1904." Mr. BRYAN and those who work for his nomination are seeking by every enticement to call the raven to his perch. The donkey years ago became in caricature the accepted symbol of the Democracy because of the party's incurable persistence in stupidity. If Mr. BRYAN is nominated at Denver, the patient beast will have a partner. The donkey and the raven will henceforth be the Democratic symbols.

A PLAIN TEST.

Mr. SULZER of this city has introduced a bill in the House "relating to the revenues for the Government and to encourage the industries of the United States." The intention of the bill is declared to be "that whenever goods, wares, and merchandise produced or manufactured in these United States are sold cheaper in foreign countries than in this country, the same shall be placed on the free list and not entitled to any of the benefits of existing tariff laws."

We do not suppose that Mr. SULZER expects to secure much serious attention for this bill from the House, or even from the Ways and Means Committee, of which he is a member. But we hope he will get the chance to state the ground for the bill, and the nature and scope of the trade at low prices abroad with high prices at home, at which the bill is aimed. Such a statement will be a legitimate and useful contribution to the discussion of the tariff and its abuses which is bound to take place during the next few months. The favors secured to the foreign customer as compared with the home customer of the protected industries are one of the weakest and sorest spots for the protectionists in the whole tariff business. Mr. SULZER'S bill is a plain and searching test of the boasted patriotism of the supporters and beneficiaries of the system.

THE NEW BRITISH PREMIER.

Political adroitness and tact have been the distinguishing traits of Great Britain's retiring Prime Minister. His successor is a jurist of high rank, a parliamentarian, according to so good a judge of parliamentary procedure as Sir CHARLES DILKE, second to none now living. But he has never been renowned as a political leader, while Sir HENRY CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN'S shrewdness alone served to hold the Liberals together as an effective opposition in the dark days of the Boer war when the early succession of the party to power seemed all but impossible. His methods then frequently seemed wrong-headed, in view of the popular idea that when a nation is at war all true patriots should support its Government. But they were "good politics," and they served to place Sir HENRY in the Premiership.

Mr. ASQUITH succeeds him in a critical hour. His admirable equipment easily gave him the leadership of the House of Commons during CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN'S illness, and he is the logical choice of his party (nominally of the King) to reorganize the Cabinet and carry on the Government. He must take on new honors and responsibilities while his duties as Chancellor of the Exchequer are not yet completed, and he is confronted with many signs of disorganization and even of open rebellion in his party of many branches and factions. Laborites, Socialists, and Irish Nationalists are discontented, while the followers of Lord ROSEBERY have openly favored, through their leader, a partial acceptance of the "tariff reform" policy as an alternative to dalliance with political elements they believe dangerous to the welfare of the nation.

The new educational bill has been lost in a cul de sac, while the licensing bill, which Mr. ASQUITH has already pledged himself to carry through, is causing much disturbance. The Opposition rejoices in its victories at recent by-elections, and its leaders feel hopeful of a speedy return to power.

Obviously to hold his party together in such a crisis Mr. ASQUITH must develop a larger measure of purely political skill than he has hitherto displayed. Otherwise he is an eminently fit man for his high position, one in whose integrity and zeal the better element, irrespective of party, has confidence; patient, sincere, learned, and eloquent; unemotional and unmagnetic, but admirably judicious, and in all ordinary circumstances perfectly sane.

DR. MACARTHUR'S TESTIMONY.

When the benevolent ROBERT HUNTER set out to do good to others than his own class he never thought he would live to be repudiated by his beneficiaries, and be preached at as an evil influence in the community. But that sad fate is his. Chance made the Rev. Dr. MACARTHUR a witness of the scenes which Mr. HUNTER assisted in producing, so contrary to his excellent intentions, and he praises the police whom Mr. HUNTER condemns. Instead of being Cossacks, they were merely executing the popular will, for nobody will allege that it is the popular will that illegal meetings shall be held and bombs be thrown. It is a pernicious idea that constitutional freedom of speech in the United States gives anybody the right to say what he pleases, where and when he pleases, regardless of the public peace. Mr. HUNTER should have understood this without being told.

But the Rev. Dr. MACARTHUR had worse to say, and said it well: "Greater responsibility rests upon the men of his—Mr. HUNTER'S—class, greater, perhaps, than upon the unbalanced wretch who threw the bomb." This is well worth saying. Bomb-throwing can never make headway, but excessive tolerance of Mr. HUNTER'S insidious doctrines contains a certain danger. It is possible to sympathize with the benevolent intentions of parlor Socialists, and even to tolerate their activities, but they can endure to hear the plain truth about themselves as well as the system can endure the misstatements which they make so irresponsibly. The Rev. Dr. MACARTHUR'S remarks do better service than the half-baked Socialism recently fashionable from pulpits.

RECORDS OF IMMIGRANTS.

At the last session of Congress a bill was passed amending and strengthening the statutes relating to naturalization. One of the most useful of its provisions authorized the United States Government to appear in court when application for naturalization is made, through attorneys, who were also authorized to make a special examination of the antecedents of the applicants and of the two persons in each case who certify to the character of the applicant. There were other provisions looking to a deliberate and intelligent inquiry into the fitness of applicants for naturalization and designed to prevent the perfunctory and essentially corrupt methods which have so long prevailed.

There is to be on the 20th of this month a conference in Washington of the Assistant District Attorneys representing the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, who are charged with the duties just referred to, for the purpose of organizing a systematic and effectual inquiry as to immigrants seeking naturalization. It is understood that particular attention will be paid to investigation of suspected Anarchists, and undoubtedly this would serve a useful purpose. But quite apart from this special matter, it is of the utmost importance that the requirements for naturalization should be strictly and uniformly enforced. There is nothing new about these requirements. They are now practically the same as they were made under the first Administration of President WASHINGTON. They have always been in themselves adequate. The trouble has been in the criminal way in which they have been administered, and this criminal method of administration has been uniformly due to the outrageous betrayal of trust by the Judges, State and Federal. This is sharp language, but it is literally true. It has lain in the discretion of any Judge having jurisdiction in naturalization cases to exact evidence satisfactory to himself as to the fitness of the applicant for citizenship, and when he has failed to exact such evidence the fault has been his own. The chief change in the law is that now all transactions are carried on openly, and the United States may appear as a party to the proceedings.

LABOR'S RIGHTS AND WRONGS.

When Mr. GOMPERS is calmer he will perceive that his threats are not judicious. In this country the majority rules. Mr. GOMPERS represents a small minority, and is not the irremovable Czar even of them. His antagonism to capital may seem a merit to those of a certain way of thinking, but it must be remembered as well that he antagonizes the interests of at least four-fifths of the class which he assumes to represent—unless he admits that he represents only trades unionists. That would make indisputable the fact that he is not a representative of labor at large. It is not becoming that the representative of a minority should threaten the majority, delivering instructions in an angry tone to Congress and the Supreme Court. It cannot be that the trades unionists should think this good policy, even if they approve his aims. The danger to Mr. GOMPERS'S leadership is even greater than the danger to his cause.

But both Mr. GOMPERS and his cause are in danger more for reasons of substance than for mere mistakes of manner. He not only wants what he ought not to have, but he supports his demand by erroneous assertions adapted to mislead those who rely upon them. Labor has, and should have, the same rights regarding combinations for the advantage of labor as any other class of the community. It neither has nor should have any exceptional rights, certainly not rights to damage others to benefit itself. There is a certain sardonic satisfaction in the fact that labor is caught in the net laid for capital, but not for that reason would the public see both embarrassed in their beneficial activities. Repeatedly we have criticised statutory condemnation of reasonable combinations, but not for that reason can we approve statutory condonation of unreasonable combinations, and that is what Mr. GOMPERS asks for.

Mr. GOMPERS errs when he says that there is any desire to interfere with the "inherent right of workmen going on strike in protection of their rights and their very lives." Nothing need be said upon the point that trades unionists' lives are in danger from either the law or non-unionists. Neither is it true that any law takes from those for whom Mr. GOMPERS speaks any right to oppress others, as by boycotts, blacklists, and the violence which so frequently accompanies strikes. Labor never had such rights. The Sherman anti-trust law merely provided a special penalty—triple damages—for acts always wrongful, and which would not become rightful if allowed by statute. Mr. GOMPERS may be challenged safely to produce a case where labor was punished under the common law for conspiracy in restraint of trade by combining to raise wages. The British statutes punishing such combinations are themselves quasi proof that such acts were not punishable at common law, otherwise the statutes would have been superfluous. What the common law did was to regard combinations of masters and men impartially, and to punish only those whose acts were evil. All that Mr. GOMPERS is entitled to ask is that labor should be permitted to benefit itself without damaging others. To that there is no objection, or was none until Mr. GOMPERS endangered the sympathy felt for benevolent trades unions by demanding what no men should have.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Islanders Dislike Automobiles.

Taking the ground that automobiles are a menace to public safety, the Legislature of Prince Edward Island seriously purposes the suppression of the few machines now in the little province and the exclusion of them for the future. This is insularity with a vengeance, and the facts presented in support of the proposed action are most beautifully irrelevant to anything except an obstinate determination on the part of the islanders to change the established customs either of themselves or their horses.

The province, they say, is thickly settled. (It isn't, except from a Canadian point of view, but let that pass.) The railroads being few and short, much use is made of horses for both the business and pleasure of the farmers, and the horses, having seen few automobiles, are afraid of them. There have been several accidents caused by this timidity, and some people have actually given up going to church, so dangerous do they consider it to drive with wives and children over a road where meeting an automobile is among the possibilities.

That settled it, of course, for they are a churchgoing folk up there, and both political parties, it is reported, have agreed on the necessity for banishing the motor. The easy alternative of teaching the horses that the automobile isn't as dangerous as it is unfamiliar seems to have occurred to nobody, and, because keeping up with the times involves a brief inconvenience and disturbance, the gentle islanders have determined to switch themselves off the line of progress.

That seems a pity, and it is surprising, too, for Prince Edward Island is in most respects not at all a backward region. Its capital is a well-built and lively little city, its roads, even in the remoter country districts, are generally excellent, and the farming population is intelligent and prosperous. The Summer climate is delightful and that of Winter by no means as severe as the latitude indicates. There is much on the island to attract visitors—including strawberries different from and better than those anywhere else in the world—and if the people chose they could rapidly increase the already large number of vacationists in the coast villages.

Barring the automobile is not the way to do it, for the island is one in which motoring is particularly pleasant, and in which the machines are really needed to supplement the present scanty means of transportation. It is queer how the old antagonism to automobiles, almost extinct elsewhere, lingers in islands. Neither Bar Harbor nor Nantucket will have any of them, and we hear that in Bermuda there is talk of an appropriation of public money for the purchase and destruction of the only auto yet imported there. It is evident that "insular" doesn't have its double meaning for nothing.

Housekeeping and Carpentering.

At last the boarding house has a defender! At any rate, "A. L. R.," whose particularly vivacious letter we printed yesterday, professed an almost passionate preference for that much-contemned institution—and for the independence enjoyed by the feminine dweller therein—as compared with being the "queen" of a little flat whose other should-be occupant lingers long at the club, the saloon, or the stage door.

Of course, there are two sides to the question, and indubitably life in some boarding houses is better than life in some homes. But indubitable is it, too, that the home has possibilities far beyond the boarding house and that the latter at its best leaves much to be desired, which cannot be said of the home. Moreover, "A. L. R." isn't quite as logical as she thinks, and she seems to have a tendency to form conclusions before taking all the facts into consideration.

Take, for instance, her statement that "there is no reason why all women should be housekeepers any more than it would be reasonable to think all men should be carpenters." That sounds well—if you say it quickly and do no thinking after the saying—but really it's just nonsense. As a trade, housekeeping for women does stand on about a par with carpentering for men, and it would indeed be as absurd to say that every woman who must live on wages should go into the one as that every man in the same predicament should go into the other. "Carpentering," however, is a word with only a single meaning, while "housekeeping" has two, one narrow and the other very broad.

Consciously or unconsciously, our vivacious correspondent skipped from the broad to the narrow meaning and back again, and either makes herself, or hoped to make others, the victim of a false analogy. Her complete refutation would carry us too far and too deep for a newspaper discussion, but it is safe to say, and "A. L. R." would probably admit, that while men, as men, are not specialized in the direction of carpentering, women, as women, very decidedly are specialized in the direction of what she part of the time, and her antagonist in the controversy all the time, meant by "housekeeping."

In the April number of The American Magazine there is a large and real poem—the magazines get such once in ten or fifteen years—that can profitably be read in connection with this debate—or out of it, for that matter. It is entitled "The Cry of the Woman." Perhaps "A. L. R." won't like it much, but—well, it has a certain bearing on the carpenter argument.

Banking in the Far East.

If The Shanghai News is to be believed, a committee representing about 17,000 depositors in the Chiyoda Bank of Japan, after long and fruitless efforts to get their money out of that institution, have sent Viscount HORI, its President, a written and formal request that he commit hara-kiri in expiation of his failure to keep the bank solvent.

What the Viscount has done or purposes doing The News does not state, but unless he is a very much modernized and up-to-date Japanese, it is hard to see how he can avoid following the course suggested to him. Probably, however, he will do nothing of the kind. Had he been a noble of the old school that believed in and practiced hara-kiri, he wouldn't have been a banker at all, and if he had been he wouldn't have waited to be asked before resorting to the Happy Dispatch—wouldn't, that is, if the circumstances were such as to make his sudden disappearance desirable for himself or others.

But that's immaterial. The real importance of the story lies in its suggestiveness to the Occidental mind.

THE SLENDER INCOME.

Should It Not Suffice for Simple Hospitality?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the principle that "all the world loves a lover" much interest has been aroused by the recent letter of "Fides in Matrimonium." Much interest also has been felt in the varied answers given to the seeker of advice. One letter in particular, that of Mrs. Hart, was ideal. It pictured a woman contentedly happy while living upon a very slender income, and perfectly satisfied with her husband—rarer, still—and a lesson to the "Very Rich."

I cannot refrain, however, from taking exception to the last paragraph of Mrs. Hart's otherwise admirable letter. A woman perfectly contented within four walls, with "her books, camera, and her works," with no thought of the surging humanity outside, seems to me to be reprehensible. How about the poor business women, who, like her former self, have only a "cheerless staying place in a boarding house"? Has Mrs. Hart no acquaintances among these to whom an invitation to take an occasional meal in her cozy home would be a great treat? How about the delights of friendship, which Mrs. Hart seems perfectly willing to exclude from her life? What of the grace of hospitality? Is not Mrs. Hart in her felicity in danger of living a narrow and selfish life?

I cannot close without a reference to the "Young Woman Who Knows," who assures us that it is perfectly possible to procure "a vacation in Summer and pretty clothes" with an allowance of $5 per week! Surely she must know how to fashion the "pretty clothes" herself, and has discovered a Utopia, where it is possible to obtain comforts at a minimum! I like, however, her enjoyments in "entertaining her friends in a simple way," and think in this respect her viewpoint is broader than that of Mrs. Hart.

MARY A. W. BROWER.
New York, April 6, 1908.

Not Pining for a "Mrs."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I hope it is not too late to add another word to the controversy over thirty-five-dollar-a-week husbands and boarding house single blessedness. I want to record my own heretical opinion and shock some of those smug old married ladies who fancy that every single woman is pining for a "Mrs."

I am 29 and earning $200 a month. I have everything I want in the matter of food, clothes, and amusements. My work is delightful. I meet through it the most congenial people, men and women, of various intellectual attainments. My success has been assured from the start. I have met only the most pleasant treatment in business life. There are many positions like mine.

It is selfish, I grant, but why should I want to give up these comforts and this freedom of intercourse, with all the joys of the spirit and the body, for a risky experiment in matrimony with a man earning probably less than half as much as I? My "duty to humanity"? How many married people can honestly say that was a consideration when they married? Companionship and support in old age? Well, I grant that this side of the bargain does appeal to me, but when I look about at my friends who have married and find that most of them over 40 are either widows, deserted wives, or unhappy wives, I am inclined to think there is mightily little weight in that inducement. A. B. M.
New York, April 5, 1908.

He Responds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Accepting your invitation to "Speak Up," let me assure Mr. Grimps that I am so heartily in accord with my wife's sentiments that I can amend her letter in only one particular, the signature.

It should have been

TWO MERRY HEARTS.
New York, April 6, 1908.

One View of It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter of "Fides in Matrimonium," in which he desires to be advised on the practicability of matrimony on $35 per week, shows a psychology typical of an age of commercialism, in which the dollar mark is not only the criterion for things material, but is also the mark by which are gauged all the finer and nobler sentiments of man. M. M. BRESLOW.
New York, April 5, 1908.

"THE BOMB INDUSTRY."

Singer of "Marseillaise" as Viewed by Annie Nathan Meyer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thank you for your true and courageous editorial, "Encouraging the Bomb Industry." I was astounded to read Mr. Robert Hunter's words when I had been told by one who witnessed the proceedings at Union Square that the self-control of the police had been marvelous.

The one who told me this is a man known throughout the country for his broad humanitarian views. He had been profoundly impressed by the admirable behavior of the police, and spoke to me immediately after the bomb threwing before the newspaper accounts had appeared. Do continue to press home the responsibility for class passion where it belongs. Too many dabblers in social questions think they are good citizens, whereas, in reality, they are dangerous enemies to civilization. I heard one woman who is prominent both socially and in the philanthropic world tell her hearers (young working women) that they who sat up sewing on the gowns of the rich ladies really owned them, really have a right to wear them more than the ladies who had them on their backs. Do tell such rash talkers that they are not quieting but fostering dissatisfaction and dangerous unrest.

ANNIE NATHAN MEYER.
New York, April 6, 1908.

Might Have Hit Mr. Hunter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In that "peaceable assemblage" there was a man with a bomb in his pocket prepared to use it, and had not the square been promptly cleared the "outrage" would undoubtedly have proved more appalling, even, perhaps, to Mr. Hunter himself. J. W. EDMONDS.
New York, April 5, 1908.

They Crowd to Hear Wagner.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Does New York want to hear Wagner? You would think so had you been one of the immense audience which crowded the Metropolitan Saturday afternoon to listen to one of the most notable performances of "Tannhaeuser" that have ever been given in New York. Not so great a crush as the one in the evening to hear "Trovatore"? Yes, but that was a Caruso crowd. With any other tenor there would not have been anything like so large an audience, and besides, it was his last appearance, and his friends were naturally anxious to give him a good "send-off." SOUTH ORANGE.
New York, April 5, 1908.

Hard on Mollycoddles.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having finished my university course in America, after entering the Ecole des Beaux Arts (architectural department) in Paris, besides my initiation I went through a year's fagging for those further advanced than myself. If I had "cried baby" I should have been punished, and rightly so. But at the end of that time I had a right to command others. This system, though hard on the mollycoddles, has worked well for years.

ONE WHO HAS GONE THROUGH IT ALL.
New York, April 4, 1908.

Manly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Three cheers for Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota. Hip! Hip! Hurrah! The manly, not begging, offer of Gov. Johnson's letter on the nomination for President ought to set the people and the Democratic Party afire.

H. A. JOHNSON.
New York, April 4, 1908.

GIFT OF MORGAN COINS.

Natural History Museum's $10,000 Collection Goes to Numismatic Society.

One of the most valuable gifts of coins ever made to the American Numismatic Society of this city has just been made by the American Museum of Natural History, that institution on Friday presenting to the first-mentioned society the Morgan collection of gold and silver coins which since 1902 have been on exhibition in the gem room of the Natural History building, in Central Park West.

The collection was originally brought together by a well-known Philadelphia numismatist, and upon his death was offered for sale. A well-known New York coin expert, Lyman H. Low, appraised its value at $10,000, and it was purchased by J. Pierpont Morgan, who presented the collection to the Museum of Natural History.

Leading members of the American Numismatic Society have brought arguments to bear upon the Trustees of the museum to show that the coins should be placed with the large collection of coins and medals of the American Numismatic Society, whose building will be opened in a short time for the benefit of the public, and this proposition the Trustees received favorably, with the proviso that it must meet the approval of the original donor, Mr. Morgan. That gentleman gave his consent to the transfer just before leaving for Europe, and on Friday the collection was received by the Numismatic Society.

GALLERY NOTES.

Exhibition of Studies of Bird Life by George E. Lodge.

The studies of bird life by Mr. George E. Lodge now on exhibition in the Mohawk Building, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-first Street, will repay examination by any who are lovers of art, naturalists, or sportsmen. Mr. Lodge has approached his subject from these three sides, and it would be difficult to find a combination of such apparently diverse elements more satisfactory than he has made. What first strikes the ordinary observer is the success with which extremely detailed parts are subordinated to the effect of the whole. In each case the bird, closely studied and rendered with scientific precision, is nevertheless part of a landscape, the character of which is freely interpreted. Whether the picture is of a single bird or of a flock, there is the same artistic grasp of the scene, but in the single bird subjects there is more poetry of air and light. The "Lone White Swan," for example, shows the bird's curious figure, the neck craned forward, pressing through the foggy atmosphere, while just above the line of his flight the sun shines dimly. The execution is very simple; there is no cloud to break the emptiness of the white sky, the only incident is the bird's flight, but the result is a kind of drama that imposes itself upon the mind, a vision of an aerial world little known to us and familiar to vast numbers of living creatures. In the pictures of birds flying in groups or settling toward earth the composition is admirable, as in the "Canvasbacks Gathering" and the "Pintails Coming Down." The characteristic gesture of the duck dropping his wings and preparing to come down feet foremost, the handsome pose of a stately gray gyrfalcon on a ledge of icy rock, the curled-up claws and bristling wings of a fish-hawk, the brilliant coloring of a sparrow hawk against an atmospheric blue sky, offer their challenge to the naturalist's eye. The artist has worked with a certainty of touch engendered by many years of familiarity with his subject. He makes his sketches from life in the open air, often using a field glass to determine the attitudes, and completes them in his studio from his knowledge of the bird's anatomy and of its habits in the air. The result of his method is the avoidance of any suggestion of lifelessness such as may always be noticed in studies made from birds that have been killed and stuffed, however carefully they may be drawn. The pressure of the air beneath supports the flying bird, separates his feathers, and completely alters his appearance. It is this look of life and motion that Mr. Lodge invariably obtains in combination with his rendering of microscopic detail.

Most of his studies are made in water color and nearly all of them are of American birds in the neighborhood of Currituck Sound, North Carolina. One or two oil colors seem to indicate that, while this is not his natural medium, he still might have a more or less conspicuous success in it with subjects in which landscape predominates. The fine touch to which he has accustomed himself in representing a bird's plumage becomes tamer in the heavier medium, but a lovely canvas, "The Grouse Moor," realizes with great skill the crumbly texture of the heather and its dim rose bloom on the moorland, while the birds in this instance are generalized and painted with regard chiefly to their characteristic form and action.

1,271 CASES TO GRAND JURIES.

Busy Time Outlined for April Panels—Joseph P. Day Heads One.

The two regular county Grand Juries for the April term—one for the morning, the other for the afternoon—were impaneled yesterday by Judge Crain, in General Sessions. Of the first, the Foreman is Joseph P. Day, a real estate dealer, of 31 Nassau Street; of the second the Foreman is Francis W. Halsey, an editor, of 44 East Twenty-third Street.

After swearing in the jurors the Judge told them that they must deal with 1,271 cases in which indictments were now pending in the District Attorney's office.

"No Work."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With all this talk of "no work," do you know that it is practically impossible to get a seamstress to do simple work and do it well, without taking it to a shop and paying a large sum? There are many women who have no time to sew for themselves and many who do not know how, but who cannot pay the prices of the well-known places. For three years I have tried to find some one to make shirtwaists and have succeeded only once. This was a young Jewish tailor, but he succeeded in marrying a wealthy woman and stopped working at his trade. To all my requests for information of other women I receive the reply: "I only wish I knew." BUSY.
New York, April 4, 1908.

PROSE AND POESY.

(A RURAL MISADVENTURE.)

They roamed between
Delicious dells;
He had sixteen
Ecstatic spells.

He cried: "Yon herds,
Yon stretch of fence,
Yon frequent birds—
Immense, immense!

"Yon blossoms shy,
Yon blazing sun,
Yon wondrous sky,
All! All!

"My own, my sweet,
Do you not glow
With bliss complete?"
She answered, "No!"

He stopped; he eyed
Her in a trance;
He almost fried
Her with his glance.

Then walked he East
And walked she West;
His wrath increased
As he progressed.

For who would wed
With such a one
When all is said
And all is done?

THOMAS R. YBARRA.

METHODISTS WANT CHURCH TO RELAX

Ministers Vote for Repeal of Ban on Dancing and Other Amusements.

FOR LIMITED PASTORATES

Protest Against Eliminating the Name of Christ from Hymns in the Schools—For a Negro Bishop.

At yesterday's session of the New York Methodist Conference at St. James's Church, Madison Avenue and 126th Street, recommendations were made to the General Conference of the Church, which takes place in Baltimore next month, for several radical changes in the policy of the Church, among them being the passage of resolutions calling for the repeal of the "anti-amusement" clause of the Book of Discipline and advocating the appointment of a negro Bishop and a return to the ancient system of itinerant preachers by having a time limit fixed on the length of pastorates.

The last proposition was hotly debated before it passed, and was opposed by Chancellor Day and all the prominent Methodist ministers of this city. Among other interesting subjects brought up were protests against striking out the name of Jesus Christ from the familiar school hymns, and an indictment of "sensational and vulgar" Sunday newspapers.

Late in the afternoon the business session was interrupted to allow the Rev. Dr. A. E. Barnett of the Tremont Methodist Church to deliver the Conference sermon, and he added to the excitement of the day by declaring that "Socialism is an indictment of the Christian religion and the challenge of the laboring man to the Church."

Secular Hymns in the Schools.

The Rev. Dr. Thomas Bond of the Thirty-fifth Street Church, in presenting the resolution protesting against the elimination of the name of Jesus Christ from public school exercises, said:

"A persistent attempt is being made to blot out every reference to the Lord Jesus Christ in our public schools. Directly and indirectly the impression has gone abroad that anything of a Christian secular character shall be stricken out of the schools and the hymns sung there. They have changed the hymn 'Holy! Holy! Holy! Lord God Almighty!' to 'Holy! Holy! Holy! Gracious Adorable Divinity!' In the hymn 'Come Thou All Gracious Lord' all reference to Jesus Christ is stricken out. The name of Jesus has also been left out in editing the hymn 'Now the Day Is Over' and 'Father' substituted. 'Jesus, Tender Shepherd, Hear Us,' has been changed to 'Father, Tender Shepherd, Hear Us.'

"These are only a few examples, and despite the fact that the highest court in the land has ruled that this is a Christian community. It is high time we raised our voices against this attack on Christian principles."

The resolution which was then passed by a unanimous standing vote reads:

Although the highest courts in the land, State and National, have declared the United States to be a Christian country, there seems to be a widespread attempt to nullify such declaration, and in the City of New York the Board of Education has, in deference to the demand made by certain citizens, put its veto on any reference to the name of our Divine Lord and Master.

Therefore, resolved, That we, the members of the New York Conference of the Methodist Church, in annual session in New York assembled, most earnestly protest against the dishonor put on the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and, call upon the Board of Education of New York City to reverse its policy in this matter.

Vote for Limited Pastorates.

Upon the proposition to again fix a time limit to the duration of pastorates, the Rev. Dr. W. F. Anderson, Secretary of the Methodist Educational Society, led off by declaring that "the removal of the time limit had been favorable to men of middle life and beyond." He said the Church had not been under the new law long enough to tell whether or not it had proved its value.

Chancellor Day took up the cudgel for the existing order. "An unsettled pastorate is bad," he said. "The Bishop sends a man to a charge for a year, and whether he stays or not depends entirely on his own merits and success. Under the old system what would happen to Dr. Eckman at St. Paul's, Dr. Goodell at Calvary, and Dr. MacMullen at Madison Avenue, who have held long-continued pastorates with the greatest success?

"Suppose we put back the old system. Drs. Eckman, Goodell, and MacMullen would change about in the larger pastorates. We have more small charges than large ones in our Conference. We are not in the situation they are in Brooklyn, where there are more large charges to go around. What we must do is lower the Conference bars and allow a greater interchange between them."

Several men jumped to their feet to answer, but there were cries of "Question!"

Bishop Moore put the matter to vote and it passed, 116 to 96.

The resolution memorializing the General Conference for the repeal of the "anti-amusement" clause, which was introduced on Saturday, was then put to vote without discussion and passed with only seven dissenting votes.

The clause, which is Paragraph 248 of the Book of Discipline, reads:

In cases of neglect of duties of any kind, imprudent conduct, indulging sinful tempers or words, the buying, selling, or using intoxicating liquors as a beverage, signing petitions in favor of granting licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors, becoming bondsmen for persons engaged in such traffic, renting property as a place in or on which to manufacture or sell intoxicating liquors; dancing, playing at games of chance, attending theatres, horse races, circuses, dancing parties, or patronizing dancing schools, or taking such other amusements as are obviously of misleading or questionable moral tendency, or disobedience to the order and discipline of the Church—first, let private reproof be given by the pastor or leader, and if there be an acknowledgment of the fault, and proper humiliation, the person may be borne with. On the second offense, the pastor or leader may take into consultation one or two discreet members of the Church. On a third offense, let him be brought to trial, and, if found guilty, and there be no sign of real humiliation, he shall be expelled.

Another resolution calling for the election instead of appointment of Presiding Elders was then defeated. A resolution to petition Congress for the abolishment of the sale of liquor in all United States possessions was passed by a unanimous standing vote.

When the proposition of the negro Bishop came up the Rev. W. H. Brooks of St. Mark's Church in West Fifty-third Street, was asked to address the conference and said: "We of our race need greater episcopal supervision. We are hindered by the fact that we cannot meet the Bishops of our Church in a social way."

The Rev. Drs. Tipple and Day seconded the resolution, and it was passed by a vote of 175 to 4, one of the dissenting votes being cast by a negro preacher.

The Rev. Aaron Coons of Croton Lake, who has been preaching for fifty years, addressed the conference and argued for a restatement from the pulpit of the doctrines of the "General judgment, punishments, and rewards, and the wrath to come."

Clergyman Defends Socialism.

The Rev. Dr. Barnett's address started with a discussion of the future of the Church. "It must be saved from itself and then from the world," said he.

After reading extracts from news items telling of suffering among the poor and the lavish expenditures of the rich, he continued: "Socialism stands for equality and justice for all men. And I am one minister of the Gospel who does not believe that the advocates of the new social order are crazy fanatics or red-handed Anarchists.

"There is a distrust of the Church among the laboring men, but thank God this distrust does not yet include Jesus Christ."

TWO ENGAGEMENTS INTEREST SOCIETY

Thomas B. Gilford, Jr., to Wed Mrs. Mary P. H. Robinson of Philadelphia.

MISS HOWLAND TO MARRY

Betrothal to St. John Smith Is Announced—Was Bridesmaid of Pauline Morton.

The engagement of Thomas B. Gilford, Jr., to Mrs. Mary Penrose Hooton Robinson, widow of the late David Trumbull Lanman Robinson of Philadelphia, has been announced to intimate friends of the pair.

Mr. Gilford is a member of one of the oldest and best-known families in New York. He was graduated from Columbia in 1885. Samuel T. Gilford and John Parkin Gilford, who married Miss Lentilhon, are brothers. He is a member of the Manhattan, Metropolitan, and New York Athletic Clubs.

Mrs. Robinson has been a widow about five years. She is a daughter of Mrs. Francis Carpenter Hooton of Philadelphia and a niece of Mrs. William Cochran and Walter C. Penrose of the same city and of Mrs. Ferdinand C. Lathrobe of Baltimore. She is well known in Philadelphia society. Her first husband was a New York man, but they did not make their home here.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Another engagement of interest to society, just announced, is that of St. John Smith to Miss Florence Howland, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Morton Howland of Chicago and Amherst, Mass.

Miss Howland, with Miss Katharine Elkins, was a bridesmaid at the wedding a year or more ago of Mr. Smith's brother, J. Hopkins Smith, Jr., to Miss Pauline Morton, daughter of Paul Morton.

St. John Smith is a son of J. Hopkins Smith of East Forty-seventh Street. He was graduated from Harvard in the class of '98 and also from the Harvard Law School. He is a member of the Union and University Clubs and a Governor of the Harvard Club.

SYMPHONY SOCIETY RECEPTION.

Walter Damrosch to Conduct at Plaza Function on Saturday.

The Directors of the Symphony Society of New York have issued invitations for a large reception for their friends at 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon at the Plaza.

The musical programme has been arranged by Walter Damrosch, who will conduct. It will include two comedy overtures by Mozart, a 'cello solo by Henry Bramsen, and a trio for oboe, clarinet, and English horn by Messrs. Addimando, Leroy, and Tabuteau, and a flute solo by George Barrere.

Among the Directors and members of the Reception Committee are Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Ditson, Mrs. William P. Douglas, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. Trenor L. Park, Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Miss Laura J. Post, Mrs. Francis Wellman, Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, Miss Mary R. Callender, and Miss Caroline De Forest, and also John D. Archbold, Amos Pinchot, Jacob H. Schiff, and H. H. Flagler.

HOPPIN—PRUYN.

Hamilton L. Hoppin and Mrs. Cornelia Van Rensselaer Erving Pruyn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Erving, and widow of John V. L. Pruyn, were married yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church. The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of the church, officiated.

The bride was given in marriage by her father. She wore a brown traveling gown with hat to match. She had no attendants.

Mr. and Mrs. Hoppin will spend the Spring and Summer at Mount Kisco, N. Y., where the bridegroom has a country place.

R. T. Wilson Not Seriously Ill.

At the office of R. T. Wilson & Co., in 33 Wall Street, it was said yesterday that there was no foundation for the reported serious illness of R. T. Wilson other than that he was perhaps not in the best of health. Mr. Wilson's indisposition, his secretary said, could hardly be called illness.

Fair for Seaman's Institute.

A fair will be held to-morrow by the class sewing for the Seaman's Benefit Society at the rooms of the Women's Municipal League, 19 East Twenty-sixth Street. The proceeds are to go toward the maintenance of the Seaman's Institute boat, Sentinel. Many kinds of useful and fancy articles will be on sale, and also home-made cakes and other dainties. Miss Cornelia Beeckman will pour tea, and Miss Helen de Peyster will read palms.

Social Notes.

Mrs. W. Seward Webb will entertain with bridge on Thursday at 3:30 o'clock.

The Monday Afternoon Bridge Club met at 3 o'clock yesterday at the home of Mrs. Henry M. Alexander.

Miss Parsons of 99 Park Avenue will give a duplicate bridge on Thursday, April 23, at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs is booked to sail for Europe on April 28.

Miss Robinson's bridge club will meet on Monday evening, April 20, at 8:30 o'clock at Mrs. Charles E. Pellew's.

Miss Virginia Brush entertained the Monday Bridge Club yesterday at the studio of Joel Nott Allen. Mrs. Allen, her niece, assisted in receiving. Several of Mr. Allen's recent portraits were shown.

The engagement is announced of Miss Elsa Herzfeld, daughter of Felix Herzfeld of 147 West Eighty-sixth Street, and Bernard Naumburg, a New York lawyer.

Under the auspices of the Junior League an entertainment will be given for the benefit of the New York Orthopaedic Hospital this afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. B. Alexander, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street.

The marriage of Miss Mary Underhill Wood and Merrill Edward Gates, Jr., will occur at noon to-day in Grace Church Chantry.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Graham, who have just returned from Palm Beach, Fla.; Harold McCormick of Chicago, Mrs. Alexander Brown of Baltimore and Miss Brown, Mrs. W. B. Thomas, Miss Thomas, and Mrs. Samuel Hoar of Boston are at the Plaza.

Miss M. S. Burkham of 37 West Forty-ninth Street will give a bridge at the Plaza on April 24.

Julian Pascal will give a piano recital at the Plaza on April 23.

William Jay Schieffelin will preside at a meeting to be held in the interest of women's education in Japan at the Plaza on April 2.

Mrs. Lloyd Bryce, who has been spending the week-end at her country seat, Roslyn, L. I., returned to her home, 1,025 Fifth Avenue yesterday.

Mrs. Frederick Upham Adams and daughter Olive, who have been spending the past six months in Texas, have returned to their home at Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. N. W. Green, who has been out of town for a few days, has returned to her home in the Rembrandt, 152 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Benjamin have returned from a week's stay at Niagara Falls, and are now at 140 West Sixty-ninth Street.

The New York Industrial Educational Association will meet this afternoon at the Plaza in the interest of the mountaineers of the South. Gen. Stewart L. Woodford will preside.

A recital of Shakespeare's "Twelfth Night" was given by Miss Jessie Katherine Watson yesterday afternoon at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Charles Battell Loomis will read from his stories for the benefit of poor women this afternoon at the Buckingham.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Ernest Thompson Seton Returns on the St. Paul from Tour of England.

Sailing for Bremen to-day on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse are:

Miss Luz, Arocha, Mrs. Guadalupe Canoras de Braniff, R. S. Coggeshall, Dr. Frederick Fischer, Dr. William J. Holland, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hart, Charles E. Howard, Mrs. H. V. Higgins, D. H. Lippett, Baron R. Luze, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Ross, Arthur P. Schmidt, and Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Ullmann.

Passengers arriving yesterday on the American liner St. Paul were:

Mr. and Mrs. William Bramley, Mrs. W. B. Cooper, Thomas Carmichael, Mrs. H. L. Daggett, Mr. and Mrs. Sterling W. Hubbard, Leonard F. Nadler, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Perkins, and Mrs. Henry William Smith.

On the same vessel returned Ernest Thompson Seton, writer of animal stories, who has been on a lecture tour in England. He is about to publish another book.

New Musical Piece Coming Here.

A new operatic spectacle entitled "Pocahontas" will be produced under the management of Bolossy Kiralfy at the Lyric Theatre, Philadelphia; on April 20, and will later come to the Lyric Theatre, in New York, for a long engagement. The piece is a historic spectacle, and in no manner connected with the musical comedy known by the same name. The company, which is now rehearsing here, has been engaged by Edmond Gerson, and includes Edmund Stanley as Capt. Smith and Marguerite Sawyer as the Indian maiden. The production will include a chorus of fifty and a ballet of seventy.

"Human Bullet" at the Hippodrome.

Zula, the Human Bullet, made his first American appearance at the Hippodrome last night. Zula was shot from what appeared to be a cannon through a burning hoop across practically the entire distance of the Hippodrome stage, falling into a net. He was announced in regular circus fashion, and the announcer did not even forget the time-honored custom of warning the audience to "observe absolute silence." The Human Bullet was fired into space by a man dressed in a sailor's uniform.

Carl to Give an Organ Concert.

William C. Carl will give a free organ concert to-night at 8:15 in the Old First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Twelfth Street, assisted by the full choir of the church. The programme will be modeled after the famous Moteten choir concerts of the Thomas Kirche, Leipsic, where Bach played.

Paris Auto Race a Vaudeville Hit.

Jack Norworth, the "College Boy," brought out applause last night at Hammerstein's Victoria when he referred to the New York to Paris automobile race in his song "A Wise Old Owl." Mr. Norworth gave the Thomas and Zust cars a good send-off, and the large audience cheered at the mention of the machines.

Judgment Against Raymond Hitchcock

Judgment by default for $4,337 was entered yesterday against Actor Raymond Hitchcock in favor of the Johnson Service Company, a Wisconsin corporation, the amount alleged to be due on a note for $4,000 made by Hitchcock on Dec. 10, 1906, payable one year after date. Hitchcock was served with the summons in the suit on March 13.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

Maude Adams is the attraction this week at the Montauk Theatre in Brooklyn, where she will be seen in "The Jesters," the new piece which she presented during the latter part of her engagement in Manhattan at the Empire.

Robert Edeson in "Classmates" is the offering to be found at the Broadway.

At the Majestic Theatre the offering for the week will be "Lena Rivers."

Dolly Kemper will appear at the Columbia Theatre in her Irish play, "Sweet Molly, O."

Benjamin Chapin and his company in his sketch of "President Lincoln, entitled "At the White House," is the leading feature of the vaudeville programme this week at Williams' Orpheum. Many other standard vaudeville acts are also on the bill.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The stock company at Keith & Proctor's Harlem Opera House yesterday presented "Sky Farm," which is the bill for the week.

The Spooner stock company, at Blaney's Lincoln Square Theatre, yesterday offered two performances of Belasco's old drama, "The Wife," with Edna May Spooner in the stellar role.

Edward Vroon, an American actor who has recently been identified with the stage in London, will open an engagement at the Garden Theatre on Monday, April 20. He will appear in a romantic drama of which he is the author, entitled "The Luck of McGregor."

The Shuberts announced yesterday that the first New York performance of Eugene Walter's play, "The Wolf," will take place on Saturday evening, April 18, at the Bijou Theatre. Ida Conquest and William Courtenay head the cast. The presentation of Henry E. Dixey in "Papa Lebonnard," which was to have taken place at the Bijou this Thursday, has been indefinitely postponed. The management explains that the piece will open on tour about April 20, the delay having been caused by trouble in finishing the translation.

'AMEN CORNER' IN NEW HOME.

Corporation Designates the Hoffman House as Its Future Domicile.

The Directors of the "Amen Corner" Corporation officially designated the Hoffman House as the future home of the "Corner" yesterday. Resolutions to that effect were passed at a meeting held in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, at which Harold McD. Anderson was elected President of the corporation for the ensuing year. The resolutions are as follows:

Resolved, That in order that the Amen Corner shall not be without a home free from political associations of a partisan character, and that the Corner shall continue to perpetuate its historical traditions, the headquarters of the corporation be established and continued at the Hoffman House; and be it further

Resolved, That the treasurer and secretary of the corporation be instructed to arrange for the consummation of these resolutions, and that they transfer, under proper guarantee for maintenance and security, and upon the understanding that such property shall be delivered to the corporation on demand, the four Amen Corner benches, now the sole property of the corporation, into the custody of Mr. John P. Caddagan, manager of the Hoffman House.

And so the old benches will hereafter have room in the Hoffman, probably in the lobby, and it is regarded as a certainty that they will serve as a magnet to draw politicians.

The officers elected at the meeting were as follows: President—Harold McD. Anderson; Vice President—Edward Gillmore; Secretary—John W. McDonald; Treasurer—Luther B. Little. A vote of thanks was tendered to the retiring President, Louis Seibold, and a similar resolution was passed thanking the managers of the old Fifth Avenue Hotel, where the "Corner" was for so many years.

Tillman to Enter Sanitarium.

EDGEFIELD, S. C., April 6.—Senator B. R. Tillman is now able to undertake short drives through the country. He expects to enter a private sanitarium in Atlanta this week, and after about a month there probably will go to Europe.

For Griddle Cakes of All Makes

Karo

CORN SYRUP

Karo Corn Syrup is more than "goodness." Not only nutritious but delicious—a golden syrup of exquisite flavor that pleases all palates. For every use from griddle cakes to candy.

10c, 25c and 50c air-tight tins.

The Best Spread for Bread

CORN PRODUCTS MFG. CO.

THE ROYAL MOUNTED A STORY-BOOK PLAY

With a Familiar Love Complication Set in the Canadian Northwest.

CYRIL SCOTT WINS FAVOR

In an Easy, Natural, and Appealing Performance of a Smooth-Tongued Irish Hero.

THE ROYAL MOUNTED, a play in four acts, by William C. and Cecil De Mille.

Major Buckland	Charles B. Wells
Orderly	Arthur Kenneth
John Hickey	Charles Lamb
Victor O'Byrne	Cyril Scott
Rosa Larabee	Clara Blandick
Antoine Bassett	Duane Wagar
Long Jack	Harry Powell
Eastern	Griffith Evans
Mag Trudeau	Ethel Wright
Joe Hamner	Brigham Royce
Sergeant Radley	Elwood Bostwick
Louis Trudeau	George Archibald
Sam Larabee	Charles Lane

"There are four stages to a murder in the Northwest. First, there's the murder; then there's the Mounted; then there's a hanging; and then there's peace."

That, we are to understand, is the ordinary procedure. But—and here is where the fine Italian hand of William (or was it Cecil?) De Mille comes in—when the Mounted happens to be in love with the sister of the man who committed the murder, the programme must be changed. Have a hanging, and what becomes of the happy ending? True, it reduces the number of post-marital relatives, but at the expense of a hanging in the family it's too much of a sacrifice. Fortunately, the Messrs. De Mille have a way out of the difficulty.

It was the waiting to see what the way could be that kept the audience at the Garrick in a state of fairly pleasurable excitement last night. Then Lieut. O'Byrne (who had allowed the murderer to escape, not because the man was his sweetheart's brother, but because he had properly committed the murder in her defense) showed that the rascal who had been killed was in reality a hold-up man with a price on his head; consequently, the man who killed him had "done the State some service," and not only would not swing for it himself, but he, the Lieutenant, could not be court-martialed for having voluntarily assisted in his escape.

What Major Buckland, commander of the Royal Mounted, would have to remark on that deponent sayeth not. However, after having observed the Major in a first act talkfest with one of his subordinates—the subordinate being the hero O'Byrne, likewise Irish and of a slippery tongue, and therefore having all the best of it—one was ready to believe that the Major would be satisfied.

Persons who have read Sir Gilbert Parker's stories—they need not have read more than the one volume, "Pierre and His People"—will not have to be told that the Canadian Northwest is a colorful country, the kind out of which the timber of real drama might be hewn. Somebody will do it some day. But he will know the life first hand. The Messrs. De Mille have merely made a story book play—and made it very nicely—the kind that comes out of illuminated covers, or might stay there quite as well. Where the material has come from does not really matter, for at bottom these plays are all alike, and are of the dramatic stock pot.

Twice during the evening the play gives a mild thrill of the unexpected; for the rest it is easily discounted out of familiar past experience. Such freshness as there is comes from the unusualness of the minor characters—taciturn Canucks, rough of manner and hesitant of speech, or speaking in queer phrases, as, "My family, I hope he ain't be seeck," which, considering that it refers to a wife and brood of twelve Canucks, means a pretty hard burden on one poor little personal pronoun.

A paragraph will serve to tell all of the story that is needed. A man has been murdered, but the name of his murderer is unknown. Victor O'Byrne, Lieutenant in the Royal Mounted, is sent to ferret out the criminal. His reward is to be a Captaincy and reinstatement in his father's affection—he has been disinherited on account of a refusal to marry as parental authority decreed. At the crucial moment he discovers that the lumberman murderer is the brother of the girl who has won his heart. The man justifies his act after the handcuffs are on his wrists. O'Byrne releases him, allows him to make good his escape, and then surrenders to a subordinate who has been assisting in the hunt. When it appears that he must swing for his dereliction of duty he is able to prove that the murdered man is a notorious criminal for whose capture a reward has been offered, and presumably he and the girl live happily ever after.

Mr. Cyril Scott, very affable in his manner, very smooth and easy of tongue, with an Irish brogue that seems part of the real man, and a tender manliness in his lovemaking, easily compasses all that the central rôle demands, and easily wins the approval that the excellence of his performance deserves. Clara Blandick is the young heroine sweetly and naturally, while Duane Wager, Ethel Wright, Harry Powell, and Brigham Royce fill in other parts very nicely. The general performance is smooth and competent.

SHRINERS NAME BABY CAMEL.

Circus Ceremony in the "Jungle" of Barnum & Bailey's Show.

The baby camel born on Sunday afternoon in the "Jungle" of the Barnum & Bailey Circus at the Madison Square Garden incurred grave danger of catching a severe cold last night. This was because the Shriners, some 2,500 strong, were celebrating at the circus and had elected to name the little camel Mecca, in honor of their temple.

The naming, which was a very solemn ceremony, came at about 10 o'clock. An attendant, with an air worthy of a trained nurse, brought the fifty-pound baby into the arena, literally carrying him in his arms. He was placed on the middle platform and several Shriners, wearing their caps, grouped themselves about him. Then one of them opened a bottle of something mysterious, which had a pop to it.

"In the name of Allah and Mohamed, I christen thee Mecca," said the Imperial Potentate, as he took the foaming bottle and poured some of its contents on to the head and shoulders of the camel. Mecca squealed vigorously.

Humorists in the audience suggested that little Mecca had been named like a boat with a bottle of wine because he would one of these days be a ship in the desert. After the naming a score or more of clowns indulged in a hilarious burlesque of what it means to be initiated to the Mystic Shrine. The neophite was tossed heartlessly in a blanket and put through the thirty-third degree in about every imaginable manner.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Arthur King Laflin.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 6.—Arthur King Laflin, who was a prominent member of the American colony in Paris, died this morning at his home in the Avenue des Champs-Elysées after a brief illness. He returned a fortnight ago from Biarritz, whither he had gone to recuperate after an attack of influenza.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Arthur King Laflin was the son of the late George H. Laflin, and grandson of the late Matthew Laflin, who, in the sixties, was a well-known Chicago capitalist and philanthropist. He was born April 30, 1850. He leaves a sister, Mrs. Elisha P. Whitehead of Chicago, and a brother, Louis E. Laflin, of Lake Forest. The body will be brought to this country and placed in the family vault at Pittsfield, Mass.

Dr. Carl Wuest.

Dr. Carl Wuest died Sunday at his home, 1,025 Bushwick Avenue, Williamsburg, in his eighty-second year. He had never been well since the death of his wife three years ago while preparations were under way for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage. Born in Butzbach, Germany, Dr. Wuest had lived in Brooklyn for fifty years. He was with Carl Schurz in the German uprising of 1848. Later he was exiled and came to the United States. He was a member of the Students' Fencing Corps and the Arion Singing Society. In 1852 he established a drug store at Siegel and Ewen Streets, Williamsburg. He was a member of the Kings County Pharmaceutical Society. Funeral services will be held this evening. He leaves three sons, Dr. Charles A. Wuest, now Coroner's physician and ex-Coroner of Brooklyn; William P. Wuest, ex-County Clerk of that borough, and Otto Wuest, and two daughters, Mrs. Matilda Muth and Mrs. Louise Fischer.

Ignatius Radley.

Ignatius Radley, secretary of the Franklin Savings Bank, Eighth Avenue and Forty-second Street, died yesterday at his home at Independence Avenue and West 227th Street, of pneumonia, after an illness of only three weeks. Mr. Radley was the son-in-law of W. C. Muschenheim, proprietor of the Hotel Astor, having married his daughter Emma ten years ago. She and one daughter survive him. He was 38 years old and a member of the Liederkranz and Arion Societies. The funeral will take place at the house Thursday morning.

First Civil War Nurse Dead.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 6.—Upon the forty-first anniversary of her marriage, "Aunt Becky" Young, the first woman to offer herself as a nurse in the civil war, died to-day at her home here. She was 76 years old.

Gardner Cobb.

Gardner Cobb, one of the oldest railroad engineers in the country, died in Shamokin, Penn., last night. He ran President Lincoln's funeral train a part of the way from Washington to Illinois.

Danish Minister of Finance Dead.

COPENHAGEN, April 6.—Wilhelm Lassen, the Danish Minister of Finance, died in this city this afternoon of a stomach complaint of long standing. The Folkething adjourned its sessions out of respect to the dead Minister.

Obituary Notes.

BYRON J. CARTER, Vice President and General Superintendent of the Motor Car Company of Detroit, Mich., and inventor of an automobile, died in that city yesterday of pneumonia.

JOHN TORRANCE, for many years Canadian representative of the Dominion Line, died in Montreal yesterday in his 73d year.

CHARLES T. WORTMANN, a well-known resident of Irvington, N. J., died suddenly of apoplexy Sunday night. He was 43 years old.

NEWTON C. EASTON, head of the real estate firm of Easton & Co., 102 West Forty-second Street, died on Sunday at his home at 378 Park Place, Brooklyn, after a short illness. He was 63 years old.

SOLOMON R. BRIGGS died at his home, Pavonia and Chestnut Avenues, Jersey City, on Sunday, of pneumonia. He was 59 years old. He leaves a widow and three daughters.

Mrs. RUTH BLAIR REA, mother of Third Vice President Samuel Rea of the Pennsylvania Railroad, died yesterday afternoon in the Hotel Kenmawr, Pittsburg, from a stroke suffered five days ago. Mr. Rea, who has charge of the Pennsylvania Railroad construction at New York, on hearing of her illness, reached her several days ago, remaining at her bedside until death came. While Mrs. Rea was almost eighty years of age, it is thought that her death was hastened by the sudden death of her daughter, Miss Jennie Rea, one year ago.

New West India Line Vessel In.

The Coppename, second of the steamships built to ply between New York and Dutch Guiana for the Royal Dutch West India Line, arrived yesterday. The ship brought the first cargo of bananas from Dutch Guiana. The Coppename's saloons are decorated with pictures in Delft tiling. One scene represents the City Hall Park littered with lumber as it was when work was begun on the Subway.

FOR THE TABLE.

The man who is fond of salads (as most men are) says that the only kind of dressing for a mixed salad of tomatoes, lettuce, cucumbers, and any of the combinations, is made of Roquefort cheese. The foundation is a regular French dressing into which crumbled cheese is stirred until the dressing is smooth.

There is economy in both grape fruit and strawberries at the time of the year when they are both high by combining them. The pulp is removed from the grape fruit, the fibrous part is removed and the shells are then filled with the strawberries and yellow pulp combined. It makes a pretty and delicious dish.

Macaroni cups are cooked in water. The parboiled macaroni is placed in the cups and covered with a sauce made of regular tomato sauce to which chopped clams and grated cheese are added. The macaroni is baked nearly an hour in the oven, being basted from time to time with the sauce. The cupped macaroni is served on a platter with a dish of the sauce.

Individual service makes an attractive luncheon dish of many things of the nature of stews which have not too much liquid and which one housekeeper serves in the simplest of little paper cups. The turkey's last day on the table becomes one of elegance when served in this way.

Mashed potatoes beaten light and fluffy and with grated cheese on top placed in a hot oven in little patty pans make a delicious delicacy of the everyday staple.

Cooking in deep fat is the making of many dishes and pork tenderloins cut the short way of the large piece in strips two inches thick and pounded flat with a potato masher are delicious friend in this way. They are also excellent broiled.

An excellent egg dish for Lent is prepared with a cream sauce and cheese. The sauce is the regular white sauce which is always better if made with genuine cream. It should be remembered that if in making, while the hot butter and flour are being rubbed together, the milk or cream is allowed to heat in another pan, the sauce will not be lumpy when they are combined. This sauce is poured, when it is cool, into a shallow pan and the raw eggs are dropped into it very carefully. Over the top the cheese is grated, and when it is brown and the eggs set the dish is ready to serve.

Alligator pears are coming in now from the West Indies in prime condition and are 30 cents each.

Blood oranges are still in the market at 50 cents a dozen. California seedless oranges are 40 to 60 cents a dozen.

Pineapples, higher than they have been, are 33 cents each.

Strawberries are 50 cents and are promised at lower prices soon.

Pears are $1.50 a dozen.

Oregon apples, Spitzbergens, and Roman

BE A NEW THOUGHTER AND LIVE TO 100

Sour Milk, White Corpuscles, and a Pink Diaphragm Will Do It, Mrs. Hudnall Says.

HOW TO STOP GROWING OLD

Live on Vegetables in Addition to the Sour Milk and Achieve the "Life More Abundant."

If you belong to the New Thought, not only do you grow your diaphragm of a proper and delicate shade of pinkness, but you may also aspire to a hundred years of life if you have learned "the Consciousness of Infinite Union," which is at the bottom of the New Thought. As one should cultivate a pink diaphragm for the sweet disposition, so to enjoy the 100 years allotted to every fervent New Thoughter one needs only to grow white corpuscles.

At least that is the method suggested by Mrs. Florence Brewster Hudnall in a lecture on "Why We Grow Old and How to Defer It," given last night at the New Thought Emporium, Room 1, Carnegie Hall.

Room 1 is the lecture hall of the New Thought College, where metaphysicians, healers, and lecturers meet together for continued unfoldment. The curriculum embraces courses in "All-Health, Conscious Imaging, Cosmic Energy, Conscious Ideation, Investigation of the Cosmic Consciousness, and Instructions in the Kabbalah." At that last one recent convert to the New Thought murmured despairingly, "What is she talking about?" Her plaintive sigh was frowned down by "Those who know, and to whom New Thought is Truth," spelled always with a capital T.

Some more charitable person, however, told the inquiring soul that the "Instructions in the Kabbalah" is reserved for advanced students in the occult, whereas she was yet a beginner, desiring "to be taught the methods of living consciously." Thus reassured, the inquiring soul settled back comfortably in her seat to let the New Thought work.

The lecture was opened, not with prayer, but with song, for the "joy element" marches in the van of the New Thought. A musician in pale-gray flowing robes, up the back of which darker gray hollyhocks appear to wander, seated herself at the piano and played "Oh, Wert Thou in the Cold Blast," with variations from the pitch and the key. At the close of that one was in the proper sympathetic mood to realize why we grow old and to wish to defer it.

This is really a very simple matter indeed, Mrs. Florence Brewster Hudnall assured her audience. One grows old from disease; to avoid disease, grow white corpuscles; to grow white corpuscles, live on sour milk. Such a diet may not seem healthful at first, but as each person swallows 14,000 germs per hour, why hesitate at a few more?

There are now thirteen varieties of powdered sour milk germs on the market, put up in forms to attract the most delicate appetite.

Besides this, the New Thoughter should chew. Here a word of warning was thrown in. Mrs. Hudnall told the harrowing story of the man who endeavored to chew each morsel ninety times, but he continually lost count of the number and had to begin all over again. The unfortunate man died of nervous prostration from the awful mental effort of counting his ninety chews.

To this warning the lecturer added a few helpful suggestions for reaching the hundred years appertaining to the New Thought. "Avoid late suppers, pessimism, and champagne. Preserve the joy element at meals and cultivate frivolous conversation for one hour afterward."

Foremost among the "don'ts" is anger. The lecturer told her audience that one drop of blood, drawn from an angry man, when diluted in water and fed to guinea pigs, killed eighty of the helpless victims of wrath.

To the diet of sour milk one may also add carrots, onions, cabbage, and apples. By faithfully following these directions, the New Thoughter may reach the Life More Abundant, for, in the language of the "New Thought," which was born on the tableland of illumination and worked out into tangible form on the plains of human understanding, "the All-Will wants us to have everything that we want and no one limits us but ourselves."

FOOD.

Mothers are at their wit's end many times trying to find a safe, nourishing food for the baby that's just been weaned. This is an important epoch in the little one's life and on securing proper food depends the future growth of the child.

Grape-Nuts soaked in hot milk, then cooled to the right temperature, with a little sugar, meets the requirements of the newly weaned child in 99 cases out of a 100—perhaps an even hundred!

Try a teaspoonful, softened to a paste with a little of the hot milk and then all mixed together—half a cupful. It's safe because Grape-Nuts is made only of wheat and barley and baked from 12 to 16 hours. It's a great food for babies or grown-ups. "There's a Reason."

Next Saturday

Spring and Summer Books

The New York Times Saturday Review

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NEW TORPEDO HIT BULL'S-EYE

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Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 6.—With perfect conditions of weather and sea, one of the new Whitehead torpedoes from the Weymouth Company of England was fired to-day in Narragansett Bay from the bow tube of the torpedo boat Morris.

The run was perfect, with a continual speed of thirty-six knots maintained for a distance of 2,000 yards, and striking the bull's-eye.

TORPEDO BOATS AT ANCHOR.

Arrive at Magdalena Bay—46 Vessels in San Francisco Review.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 6.—Six torpedo boats arrived at Magdalena Bay at sundown yesterday, one day ahead of the scheduled time. The Arethusa has not yet arrived.

The last week of the fleet at Magdalena Bay found all the ships at anchor and the officers and men resting after their fatiguing target practice. Preparations are being made for a regatta on Friday. The fleet will leave Magdalena Bay next Saturday at 4 P. M.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Some slight modification in the plans of the parade of the Atlantic battleship fleet from Magdalena Bay to San Francisco, as announced Saturday, providing for stops at Port Harford and Monterey, were made public to-day.

The line-up and formation of the vessels to participate in the grand naval review in San Francisco Bay on May 8 was announced formally at the Navy Department to-day. Battleships, armored cruisers, gunboats, torpedo boat destroyers, and fleet auxiliaries will make up the formidable combination that will be reviewed by Secretary Metcalf and witnessed by the people of California. Forty-six vessels are scheduled to participate.

ADMIRAL EVANS IMPROVING.

Drive Fatigues Him Some, but Pain Does Not Return.

PASO ROBLES, Hot Springs, Cal., April 6.—Rear Admiral Evans continues to show improvement. Although he had a rather restless night, it was said to be due to fatigue resulting from his drive of yesterday.

He awoke rather early this morning, but suffered no pain, and was in good spirits. He spent an hour and a half in baths and treatments.

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BUSINESS NOTICES.

Tompkins & Tompkins, Counselors-at-Law, 156 Fifth Avenue. Wills, Probate of Wills.

Born.

SCALLAN.—On April 5, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert O. Scallan, a daughter.

Married.

HOPPIN—PRUYN.—On Monday, April 6, 1908, at St. Thomas's Church, by the Rev. Ernest M. Stires, D. D., Cornelia Van Rensselaer Pruyn, daughter of John Erving, Esq., to Hamilton Louis Hoppin.

MARR—STOLTZENBERG.—On April 7, 1908, by the Rev. Dr. George S. Pratt, assisted by the Rev. Morgan Ashley, at All Souls' Church, Marie Hubertine Stoltzenberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. H. Stoltzenberg, to O. Malcolm Marr.

GATESON—RAYMOND.—On April 4, Bessie A. Raymond to T. Gearing Gateson.

Died.

CLISBY.—At Macon, Ga., April 6, Celetta, daughter of the late Jonathan H. and Martha M. Ransom, wife of Joseph Clisby.

COSSAART.—Sunday morning, April 5, Dr. A. B. Cossaart. Funeral at his late residence, 1,378 Lexington Av., April 7, 8 P. M. Otsego County papers please copy.

COSSAART.—The members of the Homoeopathic Medical Society of the County of New York are requested to attend the funeral service of our late member, Dr. Arthur B. Cossaart, '69, at his late residence, 1,378 Lexington Av., on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.
J. STROTHER GAINES, M. D., Secretary.
GEORGE F. LAIDLAW, M. D., President.

CUNNINGHAM.—On Monday, April 6, 1908, at her residence, 109 East 86th St., Sarah Moffat, widow of William Cunningham and daughter of the late John Moffat, in the 84th year of her age. Funeral private.

EASTON.—At his residence, 378 Park Place, Brooklyn, April 5, Newton Candee Easton, in his 64th year. Funeral Wednesday, 11 A. M.

GARDINER.—On April 5, 1908, George Austen Gardiner, son of Col. Asa Bird and the late Mary Austen Gardiner, at Baltimore, Md.

PERRY.—At Lakewood, N. J., Sunday morning, April 5, Dora Howell Perry, wife of Roscoe A. Perry. Funeral services at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening, April 7, at her late residence, 44 7th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PIERCE.—Entered into rest at Brooklyn, N. Y., on Sunday, April 5, Theodora Lyon Lockwood, wife of S. Dewey Pierce and daughter of the late Luke A. Lockwood. Funeral private.

PLATT.—Sunday, April 5, Lucy D. Baum, wife of Edwin W. Platt. Funeral services Tuesday evening, 8 P. M., at her late residence, 952 Trinity Av., Bronx.

RADLEY.—On Monday, April 6, 1908, Ignatius Radley, beloved husband of Emma Muschenheim, aged 38 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Spuyten Duyvil, New York City, Thursday morning, April 9, at 10:30 o'clock. Carriages will meet N. Y. Central R. R. train leaving Lexington Av. and 43d St. Station at 9:44 A. M. Interment private.

RODMAN.—Entered into rest on Sunday, April 5, 1908, in the 78th year of his age, the Rev. Erskine Mason Rodman, Rector Emeritus of Grace Church, Plainfield, N. J. Funeral services will be held in Grace Church on Wednesday, April 8, at 3 o'clock.

ROMAIN.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., Sunday, April 5, 1908, Mary A., widow of Washington Romain and daughter of the late Stephen Jones of East Chester, N. Y., in her 86th year. Funeral service at her late residence, 19 Lawn Av., on Wednesday at 4 P. M. Interment at St. Paul's Cemetery, East Chester, N. Y., at convenience of the family.

SMITH.—On Sunday, April 5, 1908, William Wheeler Smith, in his 70th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 17 East 77th St., New York, on Tuesday afternoon, April 7, at 4 o'clock.

BARUCH.—At West Cranford, N. J., Dalbert Baruch, aged 9. Funeral to-day.

BASSE.—At 11 King Av., Weehawken, April 5, Claus Basse, aged 53.

BENINGER.—At 116 King St., April 4, August M. Beninger. Funeral to-day.

BOHLAND.—At 414 Van Brunt St., Brooklyn, Henry W. Bohland. Funeral to-morrow.

BROWN.—At 35 Union Av., Mount Vernon, April 5, Jethro A. Brown. Funeral to-day.

BROWN.—At 72 Beech St., Arlington, N. J., April 4, Thomas W. Brown.

BULL.—At Corona

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Heavy — Call Money Rates, 2@1½ Per Cent.

THE WINTER WHEAT REPORTS

Grain Prices Fall Sharply in Chicago—Erie Plan Leaves Market Unmoved.

The response by yesterday's stock market to the announcement of the arrangement reached to care for the Erie's financial affairs was contained in dullness and heavy prices. This reflects with considerable accuracy the general feeling in the financial community on this particular matter. The offer of the Directors and their friends to raise $5,000,000, provided holders of the present notes exchange their holdings for new notes of an equal amount, secured by collateral this time, is rightly looked upon as an expedient, for it is now well known that all the money which will come into the road's treasury must be paid out to care for other obligations already matured or about to mature. The fact that only the slenderest provision is made for the future through the remaining $4,000,000 of notes was, however, no more commented upon than was the emhpasis placed upon the stipulation that present noteholders should forego cash. The proceeding in this respect is certainly novel. Nevertheless, so far as could be learned, the holders of the old notes showed no desire yesterday to take advantage of bids of 89 or thereabout for this issue, and thus close up their operations at a loss. The old notes were fairly firm at these prices, with small transactions, and the new notes were traded in, when issued, at 90 bid and 95 asked. Erie securities of all kinds were relatively strong, and from the speculative point of view, at least, the plan finally adopted has the merit of averting a receivership, and thus removes that contingency as a stock market factor. Business fell to the proportions of midsummer sessions, and the trading was unaffected by the meagre news of the day bearing upon financial markets. From Washington came rather definite reports that hope of putting the Aldrich bill through the House had been abandoned and that sentiment in Congress was crystallizing on the plan of creating a commission to study the entire currency question. A familiar rumor near the opening of business had Mr. Morgan seriously ill in Rome, but this was quickly and authoritatively denied. Perhaps the most important development was the decline of 2 cents or so per bushel in the price of wheat on the grain markets, this movement following the receipt of flattering reports from the Winter wheat areas. The belief is very general now that the Government report on crop to be made to-morrow will be the most favorable return at this time in a number of years.

There were no changes of moment in money or exchange rates here, but interest was again manifested in the gold situation abroad. The Bank of England sold a trifle less than $400,000 gold to Paris bankers, and, owing to the position of the Paris cheque on London, additional shipments are looked for. The question of immediate interest to our own market is whether London will successfully attempt to shift the burden of providing this gold to our shoulders. The answer will be found in the policy which the Treasury adopts in the matter of the United States deposits now with the banks and in the course of foreign trade.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Consolidated Ice Co. of Pittsburg—On preferred.
H. B. Claflin Co.—Common.
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad.
Michigan Central Railroad.
New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad.
New York Produce Exchange Bank.
Shawmigan Water and Power Co.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Fleischmann & Co.—Preferred.
Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad—On regular stock.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American Malt Co.
Bethlehem Steel Corporation.
Continental Copper Co.
Continental Zinc Co.
Henry R. Worthington Co.
Mining Finance Co.
Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad.
Seattle Electric Co.
United States Coal and Oil Co.
Vandalia Railroad.
Washington Life Insurance Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1½@2 per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money loaned at 3 per cent. for sixty-days, 3¼ per cent. for ninety days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for four months, and 4 per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@6 per cent. for four to six months' indorsed bills receivable and choice single names.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $143,774,919; balances, $5,725,555; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $585,811.

The local banks have gained $197,000 since Friday, as compared with a loss of $59,000 in the same time last week.

Sterling exchange closed quiet, with demand quoted at $4.8645@$4.8650, sixty days at $4.8415@$4.8420, and cables at $4.8670@$4.8675.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.19⅝ plus 1-32 and 5.16¼ less 5-64; reichsmarks, 94½ and 95 5-16 less 1-32; guilders, 40 3-16.

Exchange on New York at Boston was quoted at 15c discount; Chicago, 40c premium; St. Paul, 30c premium; St. Louis, 55c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 75c discount; bank, 25c discount; San Francisco, $1.15 premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 25 7-16d per ounce and in New York at 55¼c. Mexican dollars were 47c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—Speculation continued dull and uninteresting. The tendency, however, was toward firmness, especially in Rapid Transit, United Gas, Cambria Steel, and Lehigh Valley. Total sales, 20,330 shares.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
103..	Amal. Copper	59¾	59¼	59⅝
28..	Am. Cement	32½	32½	32½
68..	Am. Rys. Co.	42¾	42¾	42¾
100..	Am. Smelting	68¼	68¼	68¼
28..	Bell Telephone	92¾	92¾	92¾
30..	Brooklyn R. T.	46	46	46
620..	Cambria Steel	29	28¼	29
12..	Catawissa 1st pf.	55	55	55
15..	East Pennsylvania	64½	64½	64½
100..	Electric Co. of Am.	9½	9½	9½
15..	Electric Storage Bat.	29	29	29
50..	Erie	15¾	15¾	15¾
100..	Erie 1st pf.	32¾	32¾	32¾
100..	L. Superior Cor. t. c.	7	7	7
920..	Lehigh Valley	56	55½	55⅞
331..	Lehigh Navigation t. c.	84	84	84
15..	Minehill	59	59	59
10..	Norristown	144½	144½	144½
100..	Northern Central	85	85	85
5..	North Pennsylvania	99	99	99
858..	Pennsylvania	58¾	58	58
55..	Penna. Salt	98	98	98
54..	Phila. Co. pf.	87½	87½	87½
15..	Phila. Electric	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,260..	Phila. Rapid Transit	17¼	16¾	17
9,855..	Reading	52⅝	51¾	51 15-16
30..	Southern Railway	14	14	14
1,613..	Tonopah Belmont	1¼	1 1-16	1¼
830..	Tonopah Mining	7¾	7¾	7¾
291..	Union Traction	52¼	52	52¼
279..	United Gas Imp.	78¼	77¾	78⅛
3,010..	U. S. Steel	33⅝	33¼	33⅝

Swift & Company's rales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, April 4, averaged 10.02 cents per pound.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday, April 6, 1908.

Total sales April 6, 1908 286,085
From Jan. 1, 1908 44,337,720
Corresponding date last year 78,752,343

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
58⅝	58¾	14,510	*Amalgamated Cop.	59	59⅝	58⅝	58¾	...
11½	12	100	*Amer. Beet. Sugar	11¾	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
50½	50	200	American Can pf	50	50	50	50	+ ½
32	32½	600	Am. Car & Foundry	32⅝	33	32¼	32½	+ ⅛
26	28	100	American Cotton Oil	28	28	28	28	− ¼
6½	6¾	950	*Amer. Grass Twine	6¼	6½	6	6½	+ ⅝
21¼	21⅝	3,460	Amer. Ice Securities	19¾	21⅝	19¾	21¼	+1⅝
7	8⅛	300	*American Linseed	7	7	7	7	...
43⅝	44¼	1,800	*Amer. Locomotive	44	44¼	43⅝	43⅝	+ ¼
91¼	91⅝	130	*Am. Locomotive pf	91¼	91½	91¼	91½	+ ¼
67½	67⅝	22,700	*Amer. Smelt. & Ref	68¼	68½	67⅝	67½	− ¼
30	31½	100	*Am. Steel Fo. pf. t. r.	30	30	30	30	...
124¼	124½	300	*Amer. Sugar Ref.	124	124	124	124	− ¼
85	86	100	Amer. Tobacco pf	85	85	85	85	...
37⅜	37¾	1,000	*Anaconda Cop. Min	38	38	37½	37⅝	+ ⅛
74⅜	74½	2,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	74¾	74⅞	74⅜	74⅝	+ ⅛
85½	85⅞	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	86	86	85½	85⅝	− ⅜
83	83½	1,500	Baltimore & Ohio	83⅜	83½	83	83¼	+1
45⅛	45⅜	4,200	Brook. Rapid Transit	45½	46⅛	45¼	45¼	− ⅛
19	21	12	*Butterick Co.	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼	...
152¾	152⅞	4,500	Canadian Pacific	152	153½	152	152¾	− ⅛
147½	149	200	*Can. P.sub.cfs.1st pd.	149	149	149	149	+2½
20¼	20⅝	600	Central Leather Co.	19⅞	20⅜	19⅞	20⅜	+ ⅝
87	87½	165	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	87	87	87	87	...
170	175	24	Central R. R. of N. J.	170	170	170	170	...
31	31¼	350	Chesapeake & Ohio	31	31⅝	31	31¼	+ ⅝
5⅛	5¼	10	Chicago Great West.	5½	5½	5½	5¼	− ⅛
117	117¼	4,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	116⅞	117⅝	116½	117	+1⅛
144	146	10	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	146	146	146	146	...
146¼	147½	400	Chicago & Northw.	146¼	146¾	146¼	146¼	+ ¾
1⅝	1¾	700	*Chicago Union Tr.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
52½	54	100	C., C., C. & St. L.	52½	52½	52½	52½	−1⅜
23½	23⅝	1,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	23⅜	24⅛	23⅜	23⅝	+ ⅛
25½	25¾	600	Colorado Southern	25¼	25½	25¼	25½	+ ⅛
54½	55	200	Col. South. 1st pf.	54½	55	54½	53	+ ⅞
44½	45	100	Col. South. 2d pf.	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	+ ¼
17¾	18½	300	Col. & H. C. & Iron	18½	18½	18	18	− ½
116¾	117	2,100	Consolidated Gas	118½	118½	117	117	−1
12⅞	13¼	100	Corn Products Ref.	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	...
152	154⅜	100	Delaware & Hudson	155¼	155¼	155¼	155¼	+1¼
484	485	300	Del., Lack. & West.	480	480	480	480	+7½
19	19¼	400	Denver & Rio Gr.	19¼	19¾	19¼	19¾	+1⅝
51¼	55	230	Denver & Rio Gr. pf.	51⅝	52	51⅝	52	+ ½
30½	32	800	*Distillers Securities	30⅜	31	30½	31	...
10¾	11	400	*Dul., S. S. & At.	11	11	11	11	+ ⅛
18	19½	200	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	18½	18½	18⅛	18½	...
15½	15¾	4,720	Erie	15¾	15¾	15	15⅛	− ¾
31⅝	32	1,330	Erie 1st pf.	32½	32⅝	31	31⅜	− ⅝
20¾	21½	650	Erie 2d pf.	22	22	21½	21½	...
89½	92	187	*Fed. Sugar Ref. pf.	90	90	90	90	+1
82	90	12	General Chemical pf.	90	90	90	90	...
123¼	123¼	3,400	Great Northern pf.	123½	123⅞	123¼	123½	+ ⅛
123¼	124¼	100	*G. N. pf. rec., 95% pd.	124½	124½	124½	124½	+ ⅛
56	56¼	200	*G. N. tem. c., ore pr.	56⅝	56⅝	56¼	56¼	+ ⅛
122	123⅞	20	Illinois Central	125	125	123⅞	123⅞	−1⅛
7⅞	8	100	Interborough-Met.	8	8	8	8	+ ⅛
22½	23⅜	320	Internat. Steam Pump.	22⅜	23	22⅝	22⅝	+ ⅝
65	65½	500	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	65	64	65	+3
19	19½	2,200	Mexican Central	18⅝	19¼	18⅝	18⅞	...
23¾	24¼	200	Minn. & St. Louis	23⅝	24	23⅝	24	...
113½	114⅝	1,300	Minn., S. P. & S. S. M.	114½	114⅝	113⅝	114⅝	+ ⅜
23	23⅜	1,000	Mo., Kansas & Texas.	24	24⅛	23½	23½	− ½
41	41⅞	600	Missouri Pacific	42	42	41¼	41¼	− ½
55½	56	1,700	*National Lead Co.	56	56⅛	55¾	56	+1
6⅝	6¾	200	*Newhouse M. & S.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
64½	66	100	*N. Y. Air Brake	64½	64½	64½	64½	−1½
97	97¼	400	New York Central	97½	97½	97¼	97¼	+ ⅛
32¼	33	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	32½	32½	32½	32½	+ ⅛
63¼	63¾	20	Norfolk & Western	63⅞	63⅞	63⅞	63⅞	...
50	52	100	North American	51	51	51	51	+⅛
126½	126¾	9,175	Northern Pacific	126⅛	126⅜	126	126¼	+ ⅛
111	111⅛	8,200	*N. P. rects., 62½% pd.	111½	112	111	111¼	+ ⅛
74	75	400	Pacific Coast	73	74	73	73⅝	+1½
28	28⅛	200	Pacific Mail	28½	28½	28	28	− ⅛
115¾	116	5,160	Pennsylvania R. R.	116¼	116⅝	115⅞	115⅞	− ⅛
88⅝	89	400	People's Gas, Chi.	89½	89½	88⅝	88⅝	− ⅛
77	80	20	Pressed Steel Car pf.	79	79	79	79	...
33	34	300	*R'way Steel Spring.	33	33¼	33	33¼	+ ⅛
104	104¼	65,540	Reading	104	104⅝	103½	104	+ ⅝
18	18⅜	100	*Rep. Iron & Steel.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
69	69¼	730	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	69	69	69	69	+ ¼
14¼	14½	1,000	Rock Island Co.	14⅜	14⅝	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
26⅜	27	200	Rock Island Co. pf.	26⅝	27⅛	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
73	73¾	5,425	Southern Pacific	74⅛	74⅝	73⅞	73⅞	+ ⅛
112	112⅝	200	Southern Pacific pf.	111⅝	111⅞	111⅝	111⅞	+ ⅛
13⅞	14	2,500	Southern R'way ext.	14¼	14¼	14	14	...
38	38⅜	900	South. R'way pf., ext.	38	38⅝	38	38⅜	+1⅛
41⅝	41⅞	2,500	*Tennessee Copper	42	42¼	41⅝	41⅞	− ¼
57	59	100	Texas Pac. Land Tr.	58	58	58	58	...
20	20¼	450	Third Avenue	20	20	20	20	+⅛
17¼	18	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	...
41½	42¼	700	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	42	42¼	41¾	41½	+ ¼
6	6¼	200	*Union Bag & Paper.	6	6	6	6	...
124⅝	124⅞	51,700	Union Pacific	125¼	125⅞	124⅝	124⅝	− ¼
79	80½	10	Union Pacific pf.	80	80	80	80	...
65½	70	10	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	69	69	69	69	...
19	20	100	U. S. Rubber.	19¾	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	−2⅛
79¾	80¾	2,350	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	81¼	81¼	80	80	−1
45	50	25	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	48	48	48	48	...
33½	33¾	32,050	U. S. Steel.	33⅝	33¾	33	33½	− ⅜
97⅜	97⅞	2,850	U. S. Steel pf.	98	98½	97⅞	97⅞	+ ⅛
30	30¼	300	*Utah Copper	30⅝	30⅝	30¼	30¼	+ ¼
10¼	10⅝	400	Wabash	10½	10½	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛
17½	18⅜	100	Wabash pf.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝	+ ¼
51	52	300	Western Union Tel.	51	51	51	51	...
55	56	2,470	Westinghouse E. & M.	55	56¼	55	55	− ¼

*Unlisted. †From last previous sale, based on 100-share lots.

MINING STOCKS.

..	..	1,100	Comstock	0.20	0.24	0.20	0.24	...
..	..	100	Standard	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	...

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—

	1908.	1907.	1906.
Mileage	568	568	568
4th week March.	$206,274	$210,555	$231,127
Mo. of March....	870,945	652,710	716,495
July 1-March 31.	6,553,568	6,026,450	6,654,220

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

Mileage	599	591	591
4th week March.	124,475	164,084	143,097
Month	394,806	492,178	445,365
July 1-March 31.	3,936,424	4,431,674	4,403,930

DETROIT & MACKINAC—

Mileage	344	344	333
4th week March.	32,586	40,279	34,556
Month	99,174	125,211	105,150

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC—

Mileage	592	592	592
4th week March.	69,714	94,224	86,755
Month	218,698	259,384	251,688
July 1-March 31.	2,380,219	2,394,172	2,278,178

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—

Mileage	395	395	395
4th week March.	52,092	66,021	.....
Month	167,453	214,569	.....
July 1-March 31.	1,727,622	1,706,480	.....

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM—

Mileage	4,528	4,528	4,528
4th week March.	1,051,744	1,291,136	1,114,803
Month of March.	3,057,944	3,571,270	3,268,011
July 1-March 31.	32,223,534	32,209,074	29,516,329

MINN., ST. PAUL & S. S. MARIE—

Mileage	2,262	2,200	1,997
4th week March.	328,260	329,043	301,808
Month	955,418	901,436	811,298
July 1-March 31.	9,171,202	9,170,602	8,089,416

MISSOURI PACIFIC—

Mileage	6,061	5,951	5,848
4th week March.	1,302,000	1,471,000	1,320,000
Month	3,511,000	4,081,000	3,614,000
July 1-March 31.	30,33,998,517	35,049,862	32,124,852
Central Branch:			
Mileage	888	888	888
4th week March.	45,000	52,000	43,000
Month	129,000	147,000	138,000
From July 1.....	1,181,426	1,242,037	1,468,614

MINERAL RANGE—

Mileage	140	140	140
4th week March.	20,485	24,788	24,092
Month	65,708	69,360	66,862
July 1-March 31.	602,092	573,152	565,008

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—

Mileage	7,501	7,532	7,501
4th week March	1,286,530	1,532,480	1,568,067
Month	4,258,466	5,013,527	4,869,828
From July 1....	41,342,112	42,454,250	40,460,126

TEXAS & PACIFIC—

Mileage	1,843	1,826	1,826
4th week March.	307,249	471,958	398,476
Month	1,028,802	1,402,034	1,162,108
Jan. 1-Mar. 31..	3,461,167	4,462,161	3,587,464

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—

Mileage	248	248	248
4th week March	35,133	33,586	35,048
Month	102,785	97,964	102,217
July 1-Mar. 31..	950,758	958,814	1,007,958

ALLEGHENY VALLEY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1907.	1906.	1905.
Gross earnings..	7,060,420	6,321,899	5,483,536
Expenses	5,206,320	4,417,272	3,812,866
Net earnings...	1,854,100	1,904,627	1,670,670
Other income...	4,661	7,911	47,558
Total income...	1,858,761	1,912,538	1,718,228
Chgs. and taxes.	1,124,495	1,081,579	1,208,706
Surplus	734,271	830,959	509,519
Ex. exp. app...	512,689	446,079	340,241
Surplus	221,581	384,479	169,278

COPPER RANGE for February—

Gross earnings..	54,016	80,002	49,178
Expenses	43,549	50,888	35,384
Net earnings...	10,467	9,169	13,794
Charges	11,487	11,987	8,438
Deficit	970	2,767	*5,356
Gross, 8 mos...	556,150	526,556	448,722
Expenses	406,115	326,921	325,579
Net, 8 mos.....	158,031	189,635	183,143
Charges	99,300	95,500	67,500
Surplus, 8 mos.	53,731	94,135	115,643

*Surplus.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

Mileage	451	451	451
4th week March	87,916	100,210	99,796
Month March ..	285,350	321,542	301,745
July 1-Mar. 31..	3,037,224	3,100,342	3,091,981

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT—

4th week March	134,762	156,971	.....
Month	450,825	476,676	.....
Jan. 1-Mar. 31..	1,396,464	1,345,915	.....

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC for February—

	1908.	1907.	1906.
Gross earnings..	129,092	116,366	90,971
Exp. and taxes..	83,755	107,202	71,629
Net earnings...	45,337	9,104	19,342
Gross, 8 mos...	1,224,105	1,016,678	708,935
Exp. and taxes.	859,990	787,165	535,517
Net, 8 mos.....	364,115	249,513	173,418

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE for February—

Gross earnings..	317,370	411,022	408,905
Exp. and taxes..	295,427	327,620	29,724
Net earnings...	21,943	83,402	109,181
Gross, 8 mos...	3,544,320	3,949,886	3,964,843
Exp. and taxes.	2,684,061	2,746,559	2,372,160
Net, 8 mos.....	860,260	1,203,327	1,592,683

NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM for February. These figures, for the purposes of comparison, are compiled on the same basis of accounting as heretofore used and differ from those reported to the Inter-State Commerce Commission under the new methods of accounting—

New York Central & Hudson River:

	1908.	1907.	Decrease.
Gross	6,045,537	6,562,112	516,575
Expenses	5,199,766	5,574,673	374,907
Net	845,771	987,439	141,668
Gross, 2 mos...	12,682,031	13,974,606	1,292,575
Expenses	10,770,835	11,753,964	983,129
Net, 2 mos.....	1,911,196	2,220,642	309,446

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern:

Gross	2,934,981	3,263,827	328,846
Expenses	2,065,806	2,353,527	288,221
Net	869,675	910,300	40,625
Gross, 2 mos...	5,867,422	6,728,441	861,019
Expenses	4,276,350	4,920,729	644,379
Net, 2 mos.....	1,591,072	1,807,712	216,640

Lake Erie & Western:

Gross	317,593	373,169	55,576
Expenses	286,015	293,730	7,715
Net	31,578	79,438	47,860
Gross, 2 mos...	606,824	736,069	119,845
Expenses	586,624	603,504	17,280
Net, 2 mos.....	80,200	182,765	102,565

Chicago, Indiana & Southern:

Gross	289,575	217,072	*22,508
Expenses	140,504	157,073	16,569
Net	99,071	59,999	*39,072
Gross, 2 mos...	458,214	402,500	*25,714
Expenses	308,331	313,929	10,598
Net, 2 mos.....	184,883	148,591	*36,312

New York, Chicago & St. Louis:

Gross	806,770	808,314	1,544
Expenses	676,480	656,172	*20,308
Net	130,290	152,142	21,852
Gross, 2 mos...	1,582,200	1,624,810	42,609
Expenses	1,341,600	1,333,508	8,092
Net, 2 mos.....	240,407	291,102	50,695

Michigan Central:

Gross	1,786,391	2,083,988	302,597
Expenses	1,523,623	1,665,626	142,008
Net	262,768	423,361	160,593
Gross, 2 mos...	3,597,522	4,347,812	625,283
Expenses	3,178,104	3,739,127	560,983
Net, 2 mos.....	564,365	628,685	264,320

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis:

Gross	1,773,771	1,621,251	47,480
Expenses	1,547,623	1,434,905	*112,958
Net	226,148	186,346	160,438
Gross, 2 mos...	3,595,269	3,650,060	54,481
Expenses	3,072,071	3,025,310	*46,781
Net, 2 mos.....	523,498	624,748	101,242

Peoria & Eastern:

Gross	212,153	225,342	13,189
Expenses	197,486	151,087	*46,399
Net	14,667	74,255	59,588
Gross, 2 mos...	374,400	467,107	3,702
Expenses	374,146	348,691	*25,455
Net, 2 mos.....	89,254	118,416	29,162

Cincinnati Northern:

Gross	49,802	71,884	22,552
Expenses	39,746	52,250	12,504
Net	9,556

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Trader Caught Both Ways.

A trader, whose only success since the opening of the year has been in buying stocks just before declines, and selling them on the eve of equally determined advances, gave it up a week or so ago and went down to Washington for a vacation. From that city he wrote a friend, a broker here, that a maiden aunt had just died in a little New England village and had left him a legacy of $250. "I have put $50 of this away for a rainy day," wrote the trader, and then added as a postscript, "Have just looked out the window; it is raining."

***

Extremely Dull Session.

There has not been very much excitement in the stock market for some time past, but it is doubtful if there has been in months such an extremely dull day as yesterday. The tape itself furnished conclusive evidence on that point. The tickers were silent for half a minute or more at a time, and then slowly recorded a transaction in 100 shares of stock. Some stocks, for instance, would show half a dozen or more trades in 100-share lots at the same fraction, and no indication of any material change in the next hour or so. The market was completely in the doldrums, brokerage offices were deserted, the attendance on the floor was light, and there was a general air of apathy and weariness. Even the rumor mongers were silent, and gossip was extremely limited. There was just one topic that continued throughout the session, and that was inevitably Erie. The possibilities of the new plan were discussed in their every phase, but it would be a difficult matter in such an absurd market to attribute any direct influence to that road's financial problem.

***

Hopes and Doubts About Erie.

No one seemed to be quite satisfied that the plan for the Erie would be carried out in detail as outlined in the advertisements. One source of doubt was the fact that all the holders of the notes maturing on Wednesday next would have to assent. It did not seem to the average trader to be exactly human nature to assent unreservedly to any plan. In other words, there was the assumption that some kicker would be found who would object and whose objection, if the proposition was carried out in complete accordance with the plans, would mean the failure of the present scheme, and, of course, a receivership. One version of the gossip going the rounds was that those interested would furnish cash to the amount of $1,000,000 to take care of non-assented notes, and that these notes would be turned in and assented, the purchasers taking in return the securities offered under the present outlined plan. Possibly, Erie must continue to be an influence in the market even after April 8.

***

Politics and Business.

"Politics is playing a material part in the development of sentiment at the present moment," said a broker yesterday, "and it surprises me to note what influence the political possibilities of the present year have on the minds of business men and bankers. Let me illustrate just exactly what I mean. I have been interested in a big deal, the financing of which will involve many millions of dollars, but there is no question whatever about the security or the ultimate profit. It is one of the best propositions that I have ever had the good fortune to have had anything to do with directly. Half a dozen men are interested, and one of them who is of material importance is more or less of a politician. Possibly that word does not fit, but generally he is very much interested in politics and follows all the developments in the various parties closely. He is an active factor also himself at times. At our last conference when we were shaping up the details, he suddenly developed what might be called in the vernacular 'cold feet.' In other words, he did not seem to want to push the matter at the present time, and he gave as his reason the fact that he believed that the political situation would materially retard business betterment and consequently limit investment optimism."

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Possible Profitable Combination.

One of the customers of a brokerage house in the financial district carefully inquired from one of the junior partners yesterday morning whether he could tell how quotations could be secured on comparatively inactive stocks. The broker promptly answered that he could get him quotations on any stock, active or inactive, and inquired whether he could be of immediate service. The customer replied that the quotations were really a secondary matter with him, except for the purpose of comparison, and added that he would like to know whether there was any relation between two stocks shown on one of the dividend sheets, aside from what might be assumed from the names of the stocks. He pointed out that in yesterday morning's dividend sheet National Casket and National Fireproofing preferred were practically bracketed together. The broker answered that such a combination ought to be profitable.

No Transportation Company Report.

At the annual meeting of the New York Transportation Company in Jersey City yesterday Paul Snitchler, a stockholder, offered a resolution calling for the issuance of an annual report, which was voted down. Another resolution seeking to forbid the Directors disposing of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company and the Park Coach Company, offered by the same stockholder, was also voted down. After the meeting an officer of the company said it was not the policy of the company to issue reports, but stockholders, upon personal application, were supplied with information regarding the company's affairs.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Business on the local Exchange was confined to a few issues. The principal trading was in Swift's and Chicago Telephone, the former being unchanged and the latter ¼ higher.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
230	American Can	5	4⅞	4⅞
15	Canal & Dock	47	47	47
50	Chicago Pneu. Tool	22	22	22
47	Chicago Telephone	115¾	115	115¾
10	Chi. Title & Trust	108	108	108
10	Chicago Subway	18½	18½	18½
161	Chi. Oak Park Elev	2	2	2
45	Chi. Oak Park pf	8	8	8
27	Commonwealth Edison	92	92	92
23	Diamond Match	123	123	123
18	National Biscuit	78	78	78
10	National Biscuit pf	112½	112½	112½
25	Sears-Roebuck pf	78¼	78¼	78¼
70	Street's Stable Car	27⅝	27½	27⅝
47	Swift & Co	97½	97½	97½
50	United Boxboard pf	8¾	8¾	8¾

Unbiased opinion on

YUKON

GOLD

J. THOMAS REINHARDT

Orders Executed in All Curb Stocks. Unequalled Service.

19 Exchange Pl., Boston, Mass. 38 BROAD ST., N. Y.

Customers' Room Overlooking the Curb.

BOND MEN FAVORABLE TO THE ERIE'S PLAN

They Believe Position of Noteholders Would Be Greatly Improved by the Exchange.

THE OLD NOTES ARE FIRM

Announcement of Additional Collateral to be Pledged Likely to be Made To-day.

Inquiries made yesterday among bond houses, including several who have been directly interested in the placing of Erie notes which are about to mature, and for which an offer of exchange was made on Saturday in the name of the Erie by J. P. Morgan & Co., indicated that the opinion was practically unanimous that under the circumstances the position of the note holders would be greatly improved by accepting the offer of new notes for those now outstanding.

In bond circles the view was taken that the new note, being secured by collateral, is better than the present note under any conditions, and that moreover, through the success of the plan of exchange, the road would be placed in a position to raise $5,000,000 new cash. The syndicate which has underwritten this additional issue of notes, providing the holders of the existing notes exchange them par for par in the new notes, includes J. P. Morgan & Co. and the individual members of the Erie Directorate. No other bankers, it was stated, were subscribers to the syndicate.

No further information was given yesterday regarding the collateral to be pledged as security for the new notes, but it was said that more on this point might be made public to-day. The authority issued by the Public Service Commission to put out $15,000,000 of notes set forth that $9,457,000 of Erie general lien bonds and $750,000 Pennsylvania Coal collateral trust bonds were available to be deposited as collateral for the new notes.

The Erie's official statement issued on Saturday said that the new notes were to be secured by securities of a market value at present prices of at least $12,500,000. At last night's closing prices these two lots of bonds had a market value of about $6,980,000. In addition to this about $5,500,000 of collateral, it would appear from Saturday's statement, is to be pledged as security for the notes.

Erie notes were firm yesterday at about the level at which they stood at the close of last week. Sales were made between 88½ and 91. The Erie stocks were dull. The common and first preferred were off three-quarters of a point, and the second preferred was unchanged. The stock market generally was dull and little changed.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 6.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston follows:

	April 4, 1908.	Increase for Week.	April 6, 1907.
Loans	$189,022,000	$1,854,000	$177,128,000
Circulation	10,804,000	.....	8,511,000
Deposits	141,166,000	4,856,000	145,326,000
Due banks	66,362,000	2,422,000	60,263,000
U. S. deposits	4,952,000	*7,000	3,783,000
Res. agents	31,910,000	1,804,000	29,541,000
Exch. clear.	14,649,000	3,076,000	17,264,000
Due from bks.	18,852,000	836,000	21,953,000
5% fund	547,250	.....	424,750
Legal tenders	2,936,000	181,000	4,224,000
Specie	17,643,000	*1,151,000	17,037,000
Surplus	589,286	*1,193,143	1,956,429
N. Y. surplus	11,920,286	1,580,857	16,236,429

*Decrease.

Trading in the local market was dull and without particular feature. The favorable decision in the case of the United States Smelting Company caused a point and a half advance in that stock, but the other copper shares showed very little change from Saturday's close.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Am. Tel. & Tel 4s	79¾	79⅝	79¾
52,000	Am. Tel. & T. cv. 4s	81½	81¼	81¼
20,000	Brook. Rapid Tr. 4s	70	69⅞	69⅞
2,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	93¾	93½	93½
4,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101¾	101⅜	101⅜
1,000	Gen. Elec. conv. 5s	113¾	113¼	113⅜
	RAILROADS.			
100	Atchison	74½	74½	74½
10	Atchison pf.	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛
8	Boston Suburban pf	51	51	51
42	Boston & Maine	135	135	135
10	Boston & Maine pf	150	150	150
5	Boston & Worc. pf.	55	55	55
65	C. J. R. & S. Y.	137½	137	137½
23	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	108	108	108
100	C., M. & St. Paul	116⅞	116⅝	116⅞
8	Fitchburg pf.	124	124	124
41	Mass. Elec. pf.	46	45½	46
25	N. Y., N. H. & H.	133	132½	132½
8	Norwich & Worc. pf.	200	200	200
12	Old Colony	185	185	185
107	Rutland pf.	27	27	27
445	Union Pacific	125⅞	124⅞	124⅞
21	West End	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜
	TELEPHONES.			
602	*American	100⅝	100⅜	100½
50	Mexican pf.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
50	†New England	108	108	108
176	New England rights	67c.	60c.	60c.
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
52	*Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	81	81	81
20	Am. Pneumatic	5½	5½	5½
50	Am. Pneu. pf.	13¼	13¼	13¼
163	*Am. Sugar	124½	123⅝	123¾
71	*Am. Sugar pf.	122	121	122
15	Am. Woolen pf.	84	84	84
108	*General Electric	126¾	126	126½
140	Massachusetts Gas.	51	50¼	51
44	Mass. Gas pf.	85	85	85
5	Mergenthaler	195	194	195
7	N. E. Cotton Yarn	40	40	40
3	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	75	75	75
60	Recce	9½	9½	9½
34	*Swift	97¾	97¼	97¾
91	*United Fruit	124½	124	124½
5	*United Shoe	46⅜	46¼	46⅜
8	*United Shoe pf.	27½	27½	27½
1,062	U. S. Steel	34	33⅛	33⅞
135	U. S. Steel pf.	98½	97⅜	98
	MINING.			
2,085	Amalgamated	59⅜	58½	58⅝
81	Allouez	24⅜	24½	24⅜
25	Am. Zinc	23½	23½	23½
100	*Anaconda	37⅜	37⅝	37⅜
50	Arcadian	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
80	Arizona Com'l	18	18	18
670	Bingham	1⅜	1	1⅛
375	Boston Con.	12⅜	12	12
150	Boston & Corbin	12¼	12¼	12¼
150	Butte Coalition	21	20⅜	20⅝
65	Calumet & Arizona	101	100	101
7	Calumet & Hecla	630	630	630
10	Centennial	21½	21½	21½
300	Con. Mercur	35c.	35c.	35c.
500	Copper Range	65⅞	65	65½
30	Franklin	7½	7½	7½
1,335	Greene-Cananea	8⅞	8⅝	8¾
1,431	La Salle	14½	13	13⅛
525	Mass	2¾	2½	2⅝
125	Mexico	6¾	6¾	6¾
5	Mohawk	49	49	49
45	Nevada	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜
772	North Butte	54¼	53⅝	54
240	Old Dominion	35½	35	35
15	Parrot	18	18	18
1	Quincy	82½	82½	82½
10	Rhode Island	3	3	3
270	Shannon	11⅞	11½	11⅞
5	St. Mary's Land	50	50	50
10	Superior Copper	15½	15½	15½
12	Tamarack	61½	60	60
53	Trinity	14	13½	14
80	U. S. Oil	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
240	*U. S. Smelting	36¼	36½	36⅜
92	U. S. Smelting pf.	39¾	39	39½
550	*Utah Con.	38	37⅜	37¾
100	Utah Copper	30½	30¼	30½
20	Victoria	3¼	3¼	3¼
150	‡Winona	5¼	5¼	5¼
5	Wolverine	125	125	125

*Ex dividend. †Assessment paid. ‡Ex rights.

Fulton Trust Co.

OF NEW YORK

30 NASSAU ST.

Interest on Deposits.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, $1,200,000

HENRY C. SWORDS, Pres. H. H. CAMMANN, Vice-Pres. H. W. REIGHLEY, Sec. C. H. VAN KLEECK, Asst. Sec.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY

ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS

59 Liberty Street, Manhattan. 188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

Washington Trust Company

Postal Tel. Bldg., 253 Broadway.

THE FOREIGN MARKET.

Dull Trading on European Bourses—American Shares Improve.

LONDON, April 6.—Money was easier on the market to-day, dividend disbursements increasing the supplies. Discounts were firm on the monetary position on the Continent.

On the Stock Exchange the resignation of Premier Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman showed no effect on the markets, which generally were lifeless on the approach of another settlement. The prospect of the County Council loan of $13,750,000 caused an easing in the prices of first-class securities, while home rails yielded on realizations. Foreigners were quietly supported by Paris. Copper shares received attention and were quoted firmer on the better metal market.

American shares went to over parity during the forenoon, the projected scheme to meet the Erie Railroad's financial needs causing a better feeling. Erie shares led in the advance and caused covering in other directions. Pacific stocks received the most attention later in the day, and New York sold Erie, but on the support of Canadian Pacific near the close interest slackened and the market finished dull and easy.

Bar silver was steady at 25 7-16d per ounce.

Money, 2@2¼ per cent.

PARIS, April 6.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were heavy.

BERLIN, April 6.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were rather firm, but trading was light. The announcement of the plan to meet the Erie Railroad Company's financial needs caused activity in American shares.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Following are yesterday's quotations for several European State and municipal securities:

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	90¾	91¾
German consol 3s	81¾	82½
Bavarian Government 4s	99½	100
Hessian Government 3½s	90½	91
Saxony Government, 3s	81¼	82
Hamburg Government 3s	80¼	81¼
City of Cologne 4s	98	99
City of Munich 4s	98	99
City of Augsburg 4s	97¾	98½
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	90¼	91
Mexican Government gold 5s	100½	101¼
Russian Government 4s	83	84
French rente 3s	96	97
British consol 2½s	87	87¾

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between the New York equivalents and the previous New York closing:

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Clos.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	87⅛	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	87 5-16	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	7⅜	37½	37¾	+ ¼
Atchison	76⅜	74¼	74⅜	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	157½	152⅝	151	+ 1⅝
St. Paul	120½	117	116¼	+ ½
Erie	15¾	15¼	15⅞	— ⅝
Erie 1st pf.	33	32	32½	— ½
Illinois Central	129	125½	125	+ ½
Louis. & Nash.	100½	97⅝	97½	+ ⅛
N. Y. Central	100½	97⅝	97	+ ⅝
Pennsylvania	59⅞	116⅝	116¼	+ ¾
Reading	53½	103½	103¾	— ¼
Southern Pacific	75⅞	73⅝	74	— ¼
Union Pacific	128⅝	125½	124⅞	+ ¼
U. S. Steel	34½	33½	33½	— ¼
U. S. Steel pf.	100¾	97½	97¾	— ¾

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON.

OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,

Wednesday, April 8th, 1908

at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS OF ESTATE OF BETSY HEAD, DEC'D.

$125,000 Duluth & Iron Range Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1937.
$20,000 Chicago & Northwestern Ry. Co. Cons. Skg. Fund 7 p. c. Bds., 1915.
$15,000 Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1917.
$10,000 Chicago & Northwestern Ry. Co. 5 p. c. Regst. Bds., 1933.
$15,000 Illinois Central R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. 3½ p. c. Bds. 1951.
$30,000 Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans R. R. Co. Consol. 3½ p. c. Bds., 1951, Guar. by Illinois Cent.
$89,000 Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific R. R. Co. Prior Lien 6 p. c. Gold Bds., 1915.
$50,000 Flint & Pere Marquette R. R. Co. (Port Huron Div.) 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Gold Bds., 1939.
$5,000 Sloss Iron & Steel Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Gold Bds., 1920.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN
300 shs. Texas Company.
50 shs. Producers' Oil Co.
6,000 shs. Guanacevi Tunnel Co.
$22,500 De Lamar Gold Mining Properties Syndicate Participation Certfs.
25 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
5 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
3 shs. Natl. Bank of North America.
10 shs. Terminal Bank of B'klyn.
250 shs. Roanoke Cotton Mill Co. pfd. 8 p. c. Cum.
250 shs. American Investment Securities Co. common.
30 shs. United States Canning Co. pfd.
20 shs. New Amsterdam Natl. Bank.
25 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
20 shs. Nassau Bank.
$7,000 Sewego & Rome R. R. 2d Mtge. 5s, 1915.
$10,000 Rio Grande Western R. R. 1st Cons. 4s, 1949.
$5,000 do. do. do. do.
100 shs. La Ligua Gold Mining Co.
160 shs. Railway Automatic Sales Co. pfd.
$7,000 Park & Tilford 6 p. c. Deb. Bds., 1936.
100 shs. Chatham National Bank.
1,000 shs. The Republic Mines Co. "Ltd."
20 shs. Casualty Co. of America.
5 shs. First Natl. Bank of Brooklyn.
25 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.
30 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
10 shs. Nassau Trust Co.
10 shs. Metropolitan Surety Co.
2,484 shs. The Financier Co.
$35,000 Norfolk Newport News Publishing Co. 6 p. c. Gold Bds.
5 shs. Importers & Traders Natl. Bank.
$18,000 Mexican Sugar Refining Co. Ltd. of New Orleans, La., 1st Mtgs. 6 p. c. Bds., 1921.
2 shs. Bank of New York, N. B. A.
2 shs. Wells Fargo & Co.
200 shs. Manila Electric R. R. & Lighting Co.

The Fifth Avenue Branch of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 Fifth Avenue, near 41st Street.

Travelers' Letters of Credit issued or guaranteed. Foreign Money and Express Cheques. Vault Boxes for customers' use.

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R. CO.

To the STOCKHOLDERS and GENERAL LIEN and CONVERTIBLE BONDHOLDERS:

NOTICE is hereby given that the time for the deposit of stock and bonds has been extended to April 14th, 1908, after which date no securities will be received except on such conditions as the committee may prescribe.

Deposits should be made with the BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, 7 Wall Street, New York City.

New York City, March 31, 1908.

RICHARD SUTRO, Chairman;
WILLIAM F. HARRITY,
EDWARD L. FULLER,
GEORGE CATOR,
FAIRFAX S. LANDSTREET,
WILLIAM S. FANSHAWE,
Committee.

SAMUEL UNTERMYER,
Counsel for Committee.
O. H. SMITH, Secretary.
No. 1 Broadway, New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE

POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY (Virginia):

The undersigned Trustee, under the mortgage above referred to, desires, under authority of said mortgage, to expend the sum of twenty-seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-three dollars and twenty cents ($27,983.20) for the purchase of the bonds of said issue, provided said purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously.

Offers of said bonds may be sent to the KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, 66 Broadway, New York, on or before Tuesday, April 14, 1908.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

CHARLES H. KEEP, President.

New York, March 31, 1908.

Capital and Surplus $2,000,000.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

Cor. Cedar & Nassau Sts., NEW YORK CITY

WILLARD V. KING, President

WILLIAM H. NICHOLS, Vice-President.
LANGLEY W. WIGGIN, Secretary.
PARK TERRELL, Mgr. Bond Dept.
HOWARD BAYNE, V.-Pres. & Treas.
EDWIN B. POTTS, Asst. Secretary.
DAVID S. MILLS, Trust Officer.

DIRECTORS

JOHN D. BARRETT, Johnson & Higgins.
SAMUEL G. BAYNE, Pres. Seaboard Nat. Bank.
E. C. BENEDICT, Banker, New York.
ROBERT S. BRADLEY, Boston, Mass.
FREDERICK H. EATON, Pres. Am. Car and Foundry Co.
JAMES M. GIFFORD, Vice Pres. Am. Agricultural Chemical Co.
HENRY GOLDMAN, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Bankers.
FRANK S. HASTINGS, Pres. Indianapolis Gas Co.
A. B. HEPBURN, Pres. Chase Nat'l Bank.
C. H. HUTTIG, Pres. Third Nat. Bank, St. Louis.
WILLARD V. KING, Pres. of the Company.
ANTHONY R. KUSER, South Jersey Gas, Electric & Trac. Co.
JOHN R. McGINLEY, Pittsburg, Pa.
J. V. McNEAL, Vice Pres. B. and O. R. R. Co.
WILLIAM H. NICHOLS, General Chemical Co.
AUGUSTUS G. PAINE, Pres. New York and Penn. Co.
WM. R. PETERS, Peters, White & Co.
CLARENCE W. SEAMANS, Pres. Union Typewriter Co.
HERMANN SIELCKEN, Crossman & Sielcken, New York.
ARTHUR TURNBULL, Post & Flagg.
JACOB WERTHEIM, Pres. United Cigar Manuf. Co.
ARTHUR G. YATES, Pres. Buffalo, Rochester & Pitts. R. R. Co.

INDEPENDENT OF THE CONTROL OF ANY SINGLE INTEREST

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. BONDS of the

AMERICAN SEWER PIPE COMPANY,

Formerly

AMERICAN CLAY MANUFACTURING CO.

The undersigned Trustee under the mortgage above referred to, desires under authority of said mortgage, to expend the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00) in the purchase of bonds of said issue, providing said purchase can, in their opinion, be now made advantageously.

Offers of said bonds may be sent to Knickerbocker Trust Company, 66 Broadway, New York, on or before April 25, 1908.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO., Trustee.
By CHARLES H. KEEP, President.
Dated New York, April 1, 1908.

HOLDERS OF MOBILE, JACKSON & KANSAS City Railroad and Gulf & Chicago Railway bonds, who have not yet assented to the plan of consolidation of the two companies into the New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago Railroad, are requested to correspond with the undersigned.

L. S. BERG, President.
49 Wall Street, New York City.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING of National Corporation Securities Company

REGISTERED with The Corporation Trust Company, Jersey City, New Jersey.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on the twenty-first day of April, 1908, at twelve o'clock noon, at the office of the Company with the Corporation Trust Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors, receiving and acting upon the reports of the officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

In accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey no stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within twenty days preceding this election.

Dated April 7th, 1908.

HOMER GREEN, Secretary.

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company

Notice of Annual Meeting and Election of Directors to serve for year ensuing April 14, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Election of Directors of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company for the year 1908 and the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company for such election and the transaction of such other business as shall come before them will be held at the Home Office of the Company, No. 1 Madison Avenue, New York City, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the 14th day of April, 1908, and the polls shall open at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and remain open until 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Every policy holding Company whose policy shall have been in force for the full term of one year before and shall be in force at the time of the Annual Meeting for the election of Directors has the right of voting for members of the Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of the Insurance Law.

JAMES S. ROBERTS, Secretary.

Dated March 31, 1908.

NOTICE OF ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

No independent nominations having been made for one or more vacancies to be filled in the Board of Directors of the New York Life Insurance Company at its 1908 election of Directors, and the Superintendent of Insurance having, as required by law, prescribed rules and regulations for conducting and holding said election, therefore, pursuant to said rules and regulations, notice is hereby given that the 1908 election of members of the Board of Directors of the New York Life Insurance Company will be held at the Home Office of the Company, No. 346 Broadway, in the City of New York, in the State of New York, on Wednesday, the 8th day of April, 1908, the polls to be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon and to remain open until four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at which time they shall be closed.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
By JOHN C. McCALL, Secretary.

Dated March 10, 1908.

AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY.
ANNUAL MEETING.

100 Washington Square, New York, N. Y., April 7, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the American Book Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 100 Washington Square, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, 1908, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

No stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within ten days next preceding this election. The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on the 10th inst., and will be opened on the morning of the 20th inst.

GILMAN H. TUCKER, Secretary.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
ANNUAL MEETING.

120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., Feb. 13, 1908.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company, for the purpose of electing Directors of said Company, and for the transaction of any other business which may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, at Beechmont, Jefferson County, Kentucky, at 11 A. M. standard time, on Wednesday, the 8th day of April, 1908.

For the purposes of the meeting the books for the transfer of stock (both Preferred and Common) will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. March 18, 1908, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. April 9, 1908. ALEX. MILLAR, Clerk.

OFFICE OF
THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
Cleveland, O., April 6th, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company in Cleveland, Ohio, on the FIRST WEDNESDAY (being the 6th day) of MAY, 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M. The poll will continue open for one hour thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

Riverdale Park Company.

March 26, 1908.—Notice to Stockholders.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Riverdale Park Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the Mercantile National Bank, No. 195 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, April 9th, 1908, at 3 o'clock P. M. Polls will remain open until 4 o'clock P. M.

W. H. CONNELL, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the WINYAH PARK REALTY CO. OF PELHAM, (N. Y.,) for the election of Directors, Inspectors of Election, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 33 Wall St., New York, on Tuesday, April 7th, 1908, at four o'clock P. M.

H. M. DE LANOIE, Secretary.

March 31st, 1908.

Meeting of the King's Farm Realty Company will be held at No. 45 Pine St., in the office of the Company, on April 14th, at 2:30 P. M. This meeting is for the election of Directors and officers for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such business as may properly come before the meeting.

(Signed) ARTHUR C. BANG, Secretary.

GLOBE & RUTGERS FIRE INSURANCE Company, 76 William Street, New York, March 31st, 1908.—The Annual Election for Directors of this Company will be held at this office, Tuesday, April 14th, 1908. Polls open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 P. M.

LYMAN CANDEE, Secretary.

BARDENHEUER HYGIENIC UNDERWEAR COMPANY.

The second annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bardenheuer Hygienic Underwear Company will be held at its office, 40 E. 19th Street, New York City, at 12 o'clock noon the 2d Monday in April (13.)

R. BARDENHEUER, Pres.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of WILLCOX, PECK & HUGHES will be held at No. 3 South William Street, New York City, on TUESDAY, April 21st, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon.

PERCY S. MALLETT, Secretary.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

Special Meeting of Stockholders.

120 Broadway, New York, March 26, 1908.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Union Pacific Railroad Company has been called by the Board of Directors to convene at the office of the Company at Salt Lake City, in the State of Utah, on the **5th day of May, 1908,** at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the following propositions, viz.:

1. To approve or ratify the sale to said Union Pacific Railroad Company of the railroad and branches, constructed or to be constructed, of The Leavenworth, Kansas and Western Railway Company, together with all the property, rights, privileges and franchises thereto pertaining, and all other property of the Company last named;

2. To approve or ratify the sale to said Union Pacific Railroad Company of the railroad and branches, constructed or to be constructed, of The Topeka and Northwestern Railroad Company, together with all the property, rights, privileges and franchises thereto pertaining, and all other property of the Company last named;

3. To authorize or approve an issue of bonds to be secured by a mortgage of a portion of said Union Pacific Railroad Company's lines of railroad, together with the appurtenances, including the lines of railroad proposed to be purchased as aforesaid.

The books for the transfer of the stock (both preferred and common) will be closed for the purpose of the meeting at 12 o'clock noon, on the **11th day of April, 1908,** and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., on the **6th day of May, 1908.**

By order of the Board of Directors.

ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Kansas City Southern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the Thayer Building, at the northwest corner of Broadway and Ninth Street, in Kansas City, Missouri, on Tuesday, May 12th, 1908, at the hour of 9 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors of the Company and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., April 30th, 1908, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. May 14th, 1908.

J. A. EDSON, President.
H. B. SPERRY, Secretary.

Dated April 7th, 1908.

OFFICE OF
AMERICAN METER COMPANY.
New York, March 31, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the American Meter Company will be held at the Park Avenue Hotel, corner Fourth Avenue and Thirty-third Street, in the City of New York, N. Y., on the 21st day of April, 1908, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM N. MILSTED, Secretary.

G. T. LAWRENCE & GREGORY CO.,
306 Greenwich St., Cor. Reade, New York City.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the above company for election of Directors will be held at the office, 306 Greenwich Street, N. Y. City, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock P. M., on Monday, April the 13th, 1908. Transfer books will close April 11th, and reopen April 14th, 1908.

G. F. LAWRENCE, Secretary.

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

A Dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Wednesday, April 15, 1908, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, March 19, 1908.

On account of the Annual Meeting the transfer books will be closed from Friday, March 20, to Tuesday, March 31, 1908, both days included.

WM. R. DRIVER, Treasurer.

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK.

New York, N. Y., April

TWO THOUSAND CARS TO PARADE TO-NIGHT

Carnival Week Inaugurated in a Holiday Spirit Along Length of Automobile Row.

EIGHTY HILL CLIMB ENTRIES

The Largest Event of the Kind Ever Held Will Be Contested at Fort George Hill on Thursday.

Carnival week was intugurated yesterday along Automobile Row in a gala spirit. All the business houses displayed elaborate decorations. The beautiful day brought out thousands of visitors to inspect the exhibits of cars, old and new, in the various showrooms, where the holiday tone was pitched in a key that promises increasing interest during the week. The various exhibits prepared for the illuminated parade to-night were inspected, and the old models shown by the different manufacturers attracted general attention. The striking contrast between the 1908 models and those of ten years ago graphically portrayed the advance of the decade which the celebration is intended to commemorate.

The real developments of the day, however, were preparatory to the events that are to come. R. G. Howell, the Grand Marshal of the parade to-night, was busy enlisting entries for the procession. It is estimated that 2,000 cars will be in line, the five divisions embracing every phase of automobile activity. The parade will form on Broadway from Fifty-second to Fifty-seventh Street, starting at Fifty-seventh Street and moving south on Broadway to Twenty-fifth Street, then north on Fifth Avenue to Fifty-seventh Street, then west to Broadway and north to 110th Street, countermarching again to Columbus Circle, where the line will disband.

The reviewing stand will be situated between Eighty-fourth and Eighty-fifth Streets, on Broadway, and here the judges who will award prizes to the best decorated cars will see the procession. The judges are Colgate Hoyt, A. R. Shattuck, S. S. Wheeler, and Robert Lee Morrell of the Automobile Club of America.

The display is intended to be essentially educational. For this purpose the first division will include historic cars, showing the progress of the industry in its development of ten years. Several firms will display cars of every model manufactured in that time, illustrating the gradual development to the present condition. Racing vehicles are included in these types, as well as the ordinary runabout and touring cars, the division concluding with the Braircliff racers and the Vanderbilt Cup cars. This division forms on Fifty-seventh Street, and starts south on Broadway promptly at 7:30 o'clock.

The second division, formed on Fifty-sixth Street, is composed of this year's models of all types, while the third division formed on Fifty-fifth Street, is composed of decorated cars of all kinds. From this division, however, all advertising devices are to be excluded. This division will afford one of the largest and most important features of the parade, and will certainly be the most spectacular.

The fourth division, to be formed on Fifty-fourth Street, includes only commercial vehicles, but showing the variety of cars employed in business to-day, will be most interesting, while finally the fifth division, to be formed on Fifty-second Street, will consist of advertising features of every variety. The whole line promises to prove highly diverting.

The Carnival Committee is counting on fair weather for the display, but in event of bad weather propose to hold the parade to-morrow night. Announcement of postponement will be made early in the day, if necessary, to avoid any possible misunderstanding.

Another event of the week, arrangements for which were completed yesterday, was the hill climb up Fort George Hill, to take place on Thursday afternoon.

MORE BRIARCLIFF ENTRIES.

Bianchi Car to Race, Making Twenty-two Cars to Compete.

Another entry was made in the Briarcliff race yesterday by the Bianchi representatives, which brings the total up to twenty-two. Details of the character of the car which will race, and the driver who will conduct it, are undetermined as yet.

The Renault entry announced yesterday is a 35-45 horse-power car similar to the original Renault entered. It is owned by Robert Guggenheim. Who will drive the car is not settled.

TRUBENBACH SUSPENDED.

New York A. C. Polo Player Under A. A. U. Ban for Three Months.

Conrad D. Trubenbach, the crack swimmer and water polo player of the New York Athletic Club, who, at the water polo championships of the Amateur Athletic Union in the New York A. C. tank a short while ago, strangled one of the players of the Chicago A. A. water polo team, was suspended by the Metropolitan Association Registration Committee for a period of three months from the date of his offense, or until June 28, at its meeting last night. A delegation of officials of the New York A. C., including men who had acted as officials at the game in which the offense was committed, appeared at the meeting, as well as Trubenbach himself, and it was announced that the decision of the committee will be appealed to the Board of Managers of the Metropolitan Association.

LITTLE ROCK SHUT OUT.

Mathewson Blanks Team with 3 Hits—Strikes Out 10.

Special to The New York Times.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 6.—Christy Mathewson gave the fans of this city a genuine exhibition to-day of his ability to deceive batsmen. The star pitcher of the New York Giants was on the mound for the first team this afternoon. All the Southern leaguers could find in his delivery was three hits and one base on The score:

NEW YORK.	R	H	PO	A	E	LITTLE ROCK.	R	H	PO	A	E
Shannon, lf	2	1	1	0	0	Theil, lf	0	0	1	1	0
Tenney, 1b	0	3	8	2	0	Manion, ss	0	0	0	3	0
Evans, rf	1	1	1	0	0	Speaker, cf	0	0	3	0	1
Seym'r, cf	1	2	2	0	0	Page, 2b	0	0	2	5	0
N'dham, c	0	0	10	0	0	Connors, 1b	0	1	13	1	0
Devlin, 3b	0	1	0	1	0	D.Stark, rf	0	1	3	0	0
Doyle, 2b	0	1	2	0	0	Hoss, 3b	0	0	2	2	0
P'dwell, ss	0	0	1	4	0	C.Stark, c	0	0	3	1	0
M'th'son, p	0	1	2	2	0	Connolly, p	0	0	0	5	0
Total	4	10	27	9	0	Total	0	3	27	17	1

New York	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0—4
Little Rock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

YANKEES TROUNCE ROANOKE.

Virginia Leaguers Completely Outclassed by New York Team.

Special to The New York Times.

ROANOKE, Va., April 6.—The New York Americans scored at will against the weak Roanoke team this afternoon, winning the game by the score of 14 to 2. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	H	PO	A	E	ROANOKE.	R	H	PO	A	E
Griffith, 2b	2	2	2	6	0	Clark, cf	0	0	0	1	0
Keeler, rf	4	3	0	0	0	Wallis, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Stahl, lf	2	4	1	1	0	Ch'pher, lf	0	1	2	0	0
Ball, ss	2	3	2	3	1	Clayton, 2b	2	2	4	4	0
Mor'rty, 1b	1	2	15	1	0	Hessler, 3b	0	2	4	7	1
H'phill, cf	1	1	0	0	0	Thomas, ss	0	0	0	5	1
Conroy, 3b	0	1	1	5	0	Schaefer, 1b	0	1	9	1	0
Kleinow, c	2	2	5	2	0	Paynter, 1b	0	0	2	0	0
Lake, p	0	1	1	2	0	Martin, c	0	0	2	2	0
						Edgar, c	0	2	1	1	0
						Stanley, p	0	0	0	5	0
						Stoher, p	0	0	0	1	0
						Boyd, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	14	19	27	20	1	Total	2	8	24	24	2

New York	0	1	4	8	1	3	1	1	x	—14
Roanoke	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

SUPERBAS IN TIE GAME.

Atlanta Champions Hold Brooklyn to Even Break in Ten Innings.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 6.—Brooklyn and Atlanta played a ten-inning tie game this afternoon, the locals scoring a run in the first round that was offset by the big leaguers in the sixth, and thereafter neither team did anything in the scoring line. The score:

BROOKLYN.	R	H	PO	A	E	ATLANTA.	R	H	PO	A	E
Pattee, 2b	0	1	4	2	0	Manning, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Maloney, cf	1	1	1	0	0	Wilkes, 2b	1	0	3	2	0
Lumley, rf	0	3	0	0	1	Becker, rf	0	1	3	0	0
Jordan, 1b	0	0	13	1	0	Winters, cf	0	2	0	0	0
Alp'man, 3b	0	0	1	1	1	Dyer, 3b	0	1	2	2	0
H'mell, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Fox, 1b	0	0	10	2	0
Murch, ss	0	1	2	3	1	McMur'y, c	0	1	5	2	0
Butler, c	0	0	6	1	0	Castro, ss	0	0	3	4	1
Finl'son, p	0	0	2	4	0	Johns, p	0	1	2	2	0
						*Coveney	0	1	0	0	0
Total	1	7	30	17	3	Total	1	7	30	14	1

*Batted for Johns in tenth inning.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
Atlanta	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Seton Hall, 2; C. C. N. Y., 1.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., Oct. 6.—College of the City of New York team escaped a shut-out to-day at the hands of Seton Hall nine by scoring a run in the ninth inning. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Seton Hall	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	—2	9	0
City College	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1	1	0

Batteries—Lynch and Mahoney; Delica and Victor.

Scores of Baseball Games.

At Toledo—Boston Americans, 8; Toledo, 1.

At Philadelphia—Villa Nova, 8; Vermont, 6.

At Raleigh, N. C.—Dartmouth, 4; A. and M. College, 2.

At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania, 2; Amherst, 1.

At Norfolk—Norfolk, (Virginia League,) 5; Altoona, (Tri-State League,) 4.

At Portsmouth—Toronto, (Eastern,) 5; Portsmouth, (Virginia League,) 4.

At Danville, Va.—Buffalo, (Eastern,) 9; Danville, (State League,) 4.

At Greensborough, N. C.—North Carolina, 2; Virginia, 1.

MILES WINS FIRST COURT TENNIS GAME

Britisher Defeats Pierre Lorillard, Jr., in Three Straight Sets, 6—1, 6—3, 6—1.

SHOWS IMPROVED FORM

T. A. Havemeyer Takes Measure of Foxhall P. Keene—Society Crowd Sees Contests at Racquet Club.

In the opening games of the amateur court tennis championship of the United States, held yesterday at the New York Racquet and Tennis Club, T. A. Havemeyer, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, defeated Foxhall P. Keene, Tuxedo Racquet Club, 6—2, 6—3, 6—3, and Eustace H. Miles, London, England, won from Pierre Lorillard, Jr., Tuxedo Racquet Club, 6—1, 6—3, 6—1. The two contests marked the opening of the first international amateur tournament held in this country in eight years.

In yesterday's competition the match between Miles and Lorillard was of much importance, in that it served to give the spectators a line on his play and indicate his chances against Jay Gould should he survive the final round. The court of the club was taxed to its capacity and the spectators represented the highest commercial, professional, and social ranks. The galleries and dedans were crowded, and late comers had the utmost difficulty in getting a view of the playing.

Although Miles was not extended by Lorillard to give a splendid exhibition of court tennis, the weakness of his opponent enabled Miles to hold himself in reserve, and although the Tuxedo player did the best he could, Miles held him safely throughout. For the first time since his arrival in this country Miles showed a good varied service. Heretofore this has been his weaknest point, but he left nothing to be desired in this respect in his first game.

The best match was between Havemeyer and Keene. The latter arrived from England on Saturday night and had not got rid of his sea legs. He was weak on his service and repeatedly missed the ball from the tambour. Havemeyer used his railroad service to good advantage. He also played a good game for the grille opening, and repeatedly found the dedans. While the winner did not play a spectacular game, it was a good, slow, well-judged effort that proved very effective.

In the morning Jay Gould played a practice match of two sets with Frank Forrester, each player winning one. Gould will play against Jack White to-day and meet George Standing in a special match to-morrow.

To-day's matches will be J. A. Havemeyer vs. Payne Whitney at 1:30 and Eustace H. Miles vs. Charles E. Sands at 3 P. M. The score:

FIRST SET.

Havemeyer	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	—6
Keene	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—3

SECOND SET.

Keene	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Havemeyer	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	—6

THIRD SET.

Havemeyer	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	—6	
Keene	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	—3	

Referee—Mr. Jay Gould. Marker—Jack White.

FIRST SET.

Miles	1	1	1	0	1	1	1		—6
Lorillard	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		—1

SECOND SET.

Miles	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	—6
Lorillard	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—3

THIRD SET.

Miles	1	1	1	0	1	1	1		—6	
Lorillard	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		—1	

Referee—Mr. Jay Gould. Marker—Mr. Kinsella.

International Billiard Rules.

Changes in rules governing amateur billiard tournaments with special reference to the coming international amateur tournament which opens at the Liederkranz Club, Fifty-eighth Street and Park Avenue, on Tuesday night, April 28, were discussed at the protracted meeting of the officers of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at the club last night. A number of other details besides the proposed change in rules also came up for discussion. It was practically decided to raise the average for the 18.2 balk-line play from the present requirement of 7, but Secretary J. Lincoln Brunn stated that no public announcement of the changes would be made until to-day. Besides Mr. Brunn, among others present at the meeting were Vice President James A. Sperry of the Hanover Club, Brooklyn; Treasurer G. O. Rudolphy, Liederkranz Club; Dr. A. B. Miller, Amateur Billiard Club; Ferdinand Poggenburg, Liederkranz Club, and Major Frederick Waters, Lincoln Club, Brooklyn.

Grand Athletic Union Bouts.

The second fistic entertainment of the Grand Athletic Union, 107th Street and Park Avenue, last night attracted a big crowd. The main encounter furnished a lively session of six rounds between Young Lockwood of Philadelphia and Jack Doyle of Harlem. The Quaker pugilist had no difficulty in winning, having the better of the fight from the start. Billy Keating outpointed Terry Allen in six rounds, and Lew Meyers won from "Sailor" Stevens in six rounds. In the other bouts Tommy Leonard and Young Scott drew after four slashing rounds, as did Jack Curley and Sammy Riley, while Young Frenchy's skill and punches were too much for Harry Phillips.

Good Boxing at Dry Dock Club.

Five interesting boxing bouts afforded entertainment to the enthusiastic sports of the Dry Dock Athletic Club last night. Frank Shehan and Terry Edwards opened the evening's fun with a four-round bout, which ended in a draw. Mike Clover and Joe Hugh then had a four-round tussle, also ending in a draw. Joe Palmer and Kid White came to the front next, and the fight was stopped in the second round. Myer Stringer and Jimmie Carey gave a clever exhibition of fast work, ending in a draw in the fourth round. The final exhibition was between Jack Goodney and Lewis Shepard, the former having a shade the better of it in a six-round tussle, Shepard being badly cut up.

Brooklyn Billiard Championship.

The opening game for the amateur billiard championship of Brooklyn was played last night in the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, Brooklyn, at 14.2 balk line. The contestants are M. D. Brown and Charles E. White. They will play 1,200 points in blocks of 300 points each night. White, who won the last tournament at the Knickerbocker Academy, was far from his best form and only made 186 points to 300 points for Brown. The latter's average was 5 25-53, and his highest runs 43, 25, and 19. White's average was 3 27-53, with high runs of 21, 18, and 17. The second match in the series will be played to-night.

Tod Sloan Loses at Pool.

Tod Sloan fell before the prowess of Alexander Smith in the pool tournament at John T. Doyle's Academy last night, by the score of 50 to 13 in fifteen innings. The score:

Smith—27 3 0 2 2 0 4 3 0 1 0 1 4 0 3. Total, 50; high run, 27; scratches, 0.

Sloan—0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 0 5 2 2 0 0. Total, 13; high run, 5; scratches, 2.

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PURE RYE

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WHITE

FOR SPEED

owners who intend taking part in the

Carnival Procession

this evening, are invited to assemble at the

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Broadway at 62d Street

at 6:30 P. M., where WHITE pennants and instigators will be distributed.

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FRAME CONSTRUCTION

¶ Those who have followed the construction of Blackwell's Island Bridge have marvelled at the engineering skill which planned this splendid structure, and the thought must have occurred to the thousands who have seen the unsupported ends gradually approach from opposite sides, until, without the variation of an inch, they met in the centre—"to what marvellous exactness the multitudinous strains and stresses must have been calculated to achieve such a certain result."

¶ As in this huge example of careful and accurate cantilever construction work, so upon a smaller scale is built the framework of THE LOZIER MOTOR CAR. Planned and built by the skilled engineers of the Bethlehem Steel Company, under the direction of our own designers, this LOZIER frame—made of alloy steel—while wonderfully light, possesses great tensile strength.

¶ The lines of the frame are sweeping and harmonious, having the largest dimensions and greatest strength at the points of greatest torsion and load, tapering gracefully to the points where least strain and weight is to be met.

¶ The constructive principles involved in the larger example are equally important in the building of even a motor car frame, and LOZIER construction offers many points worthy of examination.

¶ IMMEDIATE DELIVERY IN ALL 1908 MODELS. GET A COPY OF "LOZIER LOGIC."

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50 H. P. $3,000.00
TOURING CAR
ROADSTER or SEMI-RACER
65 Miles an Hour Guaranteed

The car that covered 18 miles in 18 minutes 57 seconds over the wining course at Savannah. A rare combination of strength, speed, and power. Critical inspection and comparison, not advertising, sells this car. See it. Try it. Shaft drive. Double ignition. Bosch Magnetos. Full equipment.

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Advertisement this size inserted in 15 biggest Sunday papers U. S. for $5. "Stanley-way" Agency, 5 Beekman St., New York.

A1 Autos Slaughtered.

During Carnival Week will sell 100 autos greatly under value and the best makes! **Manhattan's Pioneer Automobile Establishment.**

Packards, Runabouts, or Touring, $1,000 to $1,200.
Pierce Arrows, $1,100 to $3,500.
$11,000 Fifty horse Rochet-Schneiders, $2,200 to $3,200.
Six-cylinder Frayer-Miller Speedster, $1,200.
1907 Oldsmobile Touring and Speedsters, $1,400 to $1,650.
1907 Thomas Touring and Speedsters, $1,400 to $1,500.
Rainiers, Touring and Speedster Autos, $650 to $800.
$3,000 Glides, complete, at $750.
Popes (listed $3,500 to $4,000) at $850 to $1,800
$7,300 Daimler, $950; $8,000 Vicquot, at $1,100.
$9,500 Fiat, $2,500; $8,500 Mercedes, at $2,500.
Cadillacs, Maxwells, Ramblers, Reos, and Autocars, at $175, $200, $250, $300, and $450.
200 other unusual opportunities. Demonstrations cheerfully given.

Auto Bodies, Large Variety,
Put on your car. Prices extremely reasonable.
Broadway Mammoth Automobile Exchange,
239 to 245 West 56th, near Broadway.

SIMPLEX, PANHARD.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
Bodies Retrimmed and Repainted.
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Automobile Body Builders,
Newark, N. J.

TIMES SQ. AUTO CO.

Largest Dealers in New and 2d Hand Automobiles in the World.

OUR LOW PRICES THIS WEEK ARE A FEATURE OF CARNIVAL WEEK.

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT OUR INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTING SHOW THIS WEEK.

1599-1601 BROADWAY.

In Paris, a 1907 Brasier touring car, 40 h. p., in perfect order; ready for the road and completely equipped with trunks, tools, lamps, spare parts, &c.; used car last year on Continent and England, and expected to do so this season, but change in plans makes it unlikely shall go over. Rare opportunity for American gentleman contemplating tour abroad. Principals only apply by appointment. W., 81 New St., N. Y.

Wanted—A PACKARD 1907 Touring Car; state lowest cash price by letter. W. J. Roome, 11 West 34th St.

The Maxwell

It's a Heap of Satisfaction

—Maxwell owners say—to own a car you're not ashamed of in any company—one that, like a well-bred woman, however meagre her purse, is yet at home in the best society.

Now there be cars which, tho sold for only a little less than Maxwells, yet have such a shoddy appearance—such a "dinky" aspect—such a "cheap" look—the owners always feel like apologizing for driving them—tho a slim purse is surely no disgrace.

What is it gives to such cars the cheap look? It's difficult to define. Yet it's there—you can't escape it any more than you can fail to notice ill breeding, however rich the garb with which it is clothed.

Next time you go to the Country Club, the golf links, anywhere that Wealth and Culture meet, note how many Maxwell cars and how few other low-priced ones are parked among the Foreign Nobility and the High Caste American machines.

Or, look at the Carnival parade to-night. See the pride of Maxwell owners evidenced by the number in line—over 100. The Maxwells will look as if they belonged there; the others like a country bumpkin in a drawing room—well meaning but out of place.

It's this indefinable something—this outward appearance that somehow tells of quality inherent, bred-in-the-bone construction—has given Maxwells the title "The Aristocrats of moderate priced Cars."

K. C. PARDEE, Mgr.
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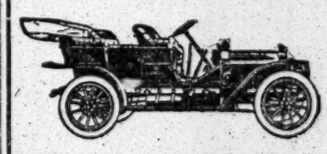
With air-cooled motor.....$2,650



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CLEAN, FRESH 1908 SHOES.
28x3, $12.75; 30x3, $13.75; 30x3½, $17.50.
SPECIAL INNER TUBES.
28x3, $3.00; 30x3, $3.25; 30x3½, $3.50.
Special Heavy Wrapped Tread Shoes.
MICHELINS, GOODRICHES, Fisks, Hartfords, Continentals,
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JACKSON & GLIDE G. J. Scott Motor Co., 1720 B'y. Tel. 4421 Col.

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RENAULT RENAULT FRERES, B'way & 57th St. P. Lacroix, Gen. Mgr. Tel. 3004 Col.

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAMS & WEYMOUTH COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 10,726.

To the creditors of Williams & Weymouth Company of the City, County, and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1908, the said Williams & Weymouth Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of its creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, April 6th, 1908.

NO. 10,245.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ADOLPH KOBLENZER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Adolph Koblenzer of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1908, the said Adolph Koblenzer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 63 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
April 6th, 1908.

NO. 9,814.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—ELMER E. ALMY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Elmer E. Almy, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 19th, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 20th, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 4th, 1908.

NO. 10,243.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABE COHEN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Abe Cohen of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1907, the said Abe Cohen was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL COURTS.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Among the decisions handed down by the United States Supreme Court to-day were the following:

196—Carolyn Foster Stickney, executrix, et al, plaintiffs in error, vs. Otto Kelsey, Controller of the State of New York.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

184—The Hudson County Water Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Robert H. McCarter, Attorney General of New Jersey.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

154—The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, plaintiff in error, vs. the United States for the use and benefit of Struther-Wells Company.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.

162—National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America, appellant, vs. National Life Insurance Company et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.

556—John Wilcox Brown et al., petitioners, vs. Wellmore Coal Company.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.

669—Mason Williams, trustee, &c., petitioner, vs. the National Bank of Commerce of St. Louis, Mo.—Writ of certiorari denied.

Original ex parte—In the matter of Smokeless Fuel Company, petitioner.—Motion for leave to file petition for writ of mandamus submitted.

606—Robert R. Prentis et al., &c., appellants, vs. Chesapeake Western Railway.—Advanced and assigned for argument with Nos. 606, 607, 610, and 611, as one case on first Tuesday of next term. (Oct. 13.)

357—Henry Clay Pierce, appellant, vs. Edmund P. Creecy, Chief of Police, &c.—Motion to advance submitted.

681—E. H. McCutcheon et al., petitioners, vs. A. N. Bort.—Petition for writ of certiorari submitted.

684—Armand Schmoll, petitioner, vs. the United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari submitted.

625—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. F. W. Keitel et al.—Motion to dismiss submitted and motion by the Solicitor General in opposition thereto.

4—Original—Commonwealth of Virginia, complainant, vs. State of West Virginia.—Leave granted to be heard orally.

649—Frederick Lang, plaintiff in error, vs. State of New Jersey.—Argued.

599—The United States, appellant, vs. the Chandler-Dunbar Water Power Company.—One hour additional time allowed to each side.

Day call for Tuesday, April 7: Nos. 699, 535, 4 original, 190, 171, 198, 199, 201, 202, 203.

Calendars for Tuesday, April 7.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward and Noyes, JJ.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. in Room 124, Post Office Building. 199—Quinlan-Holbrook. 205—Penn R R-Sommerville. 220—Berry Bros-St. Quentin. 210—N Y & N J Transp Co.-Terry. 237—Hutchinson-Loewy. 238—Am. Mfg Co-Wildenfels. 240—Hepner-United States. 191—Leary-Talbot. 201—Armstrong-Chandler. 218—United States-N Y C & H R R R.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Opens in Room 72, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty. 5—Villari-North German Lloyd Co. 48—Thompson-Erie R R. 51—Northern SS Co-Earn Line Co. 59—In re Stir-Larchmont. 67—Conney-SS Ponce. 71—Boland-Tug West Jupiter. 94—N Y R-Prov Wash Ins Co. 103—Brigham-SS Saratov. 111—Dunlop-Tweedie Trading Co. 124—Harland-Mexican R R. 131—Brit Maritime Trust Co-Twedie. 139—Hudson Navi Co-Tug L Richards. 96—Hughes-B & O R R. 70—Emas-Launch Nomourna. 143—Healey-City N Y. 150—Rock Line Co-N Y & H R R. 94—Gates-Tug W E Chapman. 79—Smith-Same. 108—N Y Con Co-Tug R Rogers. 46—Tweedie Trading Co-Acti Sangstad. 47—Acti Sangstad-Tweedie. 152—Central Steamboat Co-Cornell Steamboat Co. 153—McNeil-Scow O No 23. 156—Braker-Jarvis & Co. 157—Egerton-Canalboat Macy. 160—Snyder-Tug Mattie. 162—N Y & N J Transp Co-Lighter Columbia. 163—Raritan T & T Co-Ferryboat Kingston. 81—Luckenback-Pierson. 164—Freligh-Brown & F. 166—Tracy-Tug Dictator. 168—Rietta-SS Jefferson. 169—Adams-Marshall. 173—Howard-Tug Conqueror. 174—Seaboard Cont Co-SS Aug Wilhelm &c. 175—Church Cooperage Co-Minicant. 176—Pied-Mexican R R. 138—Van Wagner-Steamboat Thos Patten. 188—Listers Works-Tug John F Lewis. 84—Brandreth-Tug F E Richards. 145—Thomsen-Ins Co of N A. 118—Flannery-Cargo of Coal. 89—Hirsch-Brig Gabrielle. 44—McWilliams-Tug W J Dailey. 45—Costello-Same. 142—Marx-St Gutenfels. 126—Burke-Tug R G Townsend. 177—Johnson-Tug Wyomissing. 178—Fireman's Ins Co-Steamboat Adirondack. 179—Home Ins Co-Same. 180—Ind Co-Am Sugar Ref Co-City of N Y. 40—Deering-Anderton. 41—Young Bros-Young. 42—In re Italo Hudson Realty Co. 43—Tefitsky-Frank. 44—Shanley-Bingham. 45—St Anselm's Church-Edelbrock. 46—Order of St Benedict-same. 47—Ervasti-Stillman Co. 48—Wagner-Whitcomb. 49—In re Rosentretter. 50—Bradley-Walter. 51—Franklin-City of N Y. 52—Andujai-Boyd. 53—Pearson-Collins. 54—Beers-Lillis. 55—Same-Turner. 56—Same-Watson. 57—In re Thorne. 58—Starr-Sofranski. 59—Plunkett Co-Basford Co. 60—Messina-Bergman. 61—Hughes-Stoutenbergh. 62—Wallace-Pritchard. 63—In re Schlesinger. 64—Kempner-Barreuchen. 65—Riley-C R I & P R R. 66—Strack-Becker. 67, 68—Societe Belges-Kahn. 69—Iroquois Co-Iroquois Co. 70—Glenn-same. 72—Title Ins Co-Siegel. 72—Merch Nat Bk-Macles Co. 73—Burgess Watt Co. 74—Scott-Opdyke. 75—O'Connell-Wills. 76—Cangro-Collins. 77—Willis-Lutz. 78—Coley-Oak Realty Co. 79—Schinzler-Butchers' Co. 80—Wright-Scholle. 81—Bunn-Opdyke. 82—Hyman-Stroh. 83—Stoff-Stoff. 84 — Leonard-Leonard. 85—People-Oriental Bk. 86—Arnovitz-Gerdes. 87 — Brand-Levy. 88—Turck-Turck. 89—Dietrich-Dietrich. 90—Stratton-McAlpin. 91 — De Forest-Silverson. 92—Williams-Int Steel Pump Co. 93—Barr-Sofranski. 94—Gordon-Gordon. 95—In re Freeman. 96—Worden-Worden. 97—In re Belmont St. 98—In re McDonald. 99—In re Parmentar. 100—In re McIntyre. 101—In re De Bellis. 102—Goldenthal-Popper. 103—In re Sneigal.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Case on. Motions. Demurrers. 1821—Sickseoker Co-Strong & T Co. 1827—Hahn-Nat Mortgage Co. 1828—Woolbury-Buggeln. 1829—Schwab-Potter Co. 1830—Sullivan-Press Pub Co. 1831—Ludwig-Walker. 1832—Berkeley-Larney. 1832½—Block Horowitz. 1833—Fornes-Fornes. 1834—Scribner-Columbia Amuse Co. 1835—Colonial Match Co-Fox. 1836, 1837—Jacocks-Morrison. 1838, 1839—Lindsay-Shanley. 1840—City of N Y-Un Ry. 1842—Wyatt-McCreery Co. 1843—Czarnikow-Rappe. 1844—Morrell-Judge Co. 1845—Schirmer-Erie R R. 1846—Keller Co-Bichler Brew Co. 1847—Eisenberg-Berenbroick. 1848—Loeb-Lewinthan. 1840—Fairman-Holden. 1788—Alpha Cement Co-Met Surety Co. General calendar. 7626—Selder-Klapper. 7614 — Hackett-Schmidt. 7918—Williams-Williams. 7678—Parker Mullet. 6754—Crocker-City of New York. 6737—Melley-Emigrant Ind Sav Bank. 6771—Plant-Gorham Mfg Co. 6813—Berbig-Berbig. 6137—Fanning-City & Sub. Homes Co. 6408—Riddle-McFadden. 6163—Douskess-Chopak. 7047—Pritchard-Barson. 6815—Reisenburger-Rongel. 6776—Bachman-R H Laundry Co. Highest number reached on regular call, 7979.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Goff, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Certiorari and elevated railroad cases. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Platzek, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on. 4046—Union Winding Co-Winne & Co. 6944—Chelsea Ex Bank-Gannon. 6177—Keller-Empire Realty Co. 6060—Blair-Hansen. 6311—Glatt-Congregation Chevro Bevar, &c. 6273—Gruhn-Clement. 6742—Norden-Norden. 6743—Hanks-Hanks. 6745—Brewer-Brewer. 6254—Berlin-Shenandoah Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar No. 1. To be called in Trial Term, Part III., at 10:15 A. M. Cases on this calendar shall be sent to Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII. for trial. 2254—Rotter-N Y Trans Co. 653—Doris-N Y City Ry. 2229—Rosenberg Dry Dock R R. 2202—Kelly-N Y City Ry. 2257—Quinn-same. 2259—Shea-same. 2318—Kapelsohn-N Y City Ry. 2284—Pellenz-N Y City Ry. 2111—Rosenberg-Met St Ry. 2264—Griffin-Int R T Co. 1918—Vickery-same. 1776—Weber-Union Ry. 2176—Ludlam-42d St Ry. 3062—Rosenthal-N Y City Ry. 2116—Ruf-Int St Ry. 2080—Reilly-N Y City Ry. 2260—Mitchell-same. 2267—Doris-same. 2272—Des Javannes-same. 2273—Maida-same. 2274—Morel-same. 2275—Rosenthal-same. 2276—Reilly-same. 2277—Elkin-B Q Co & Sub R R. 2281—Mermelstein-N Y City Ry. 2282—Tsimpowris-same. 2285—Salzman-same. 2286—Furstenberg-same. 2289—Black-same. 2291—Egan-same. 2295—Henry-Erie R R. 2296—McGuire-N Y City Ry. 2298—Amell-same. 2300—Bulger-same. 2301—Mendel-same. 2304—Monohan-same. 2305—Brill-same. 2306—Bender-same. 2307—Brown-same. 2309—Irwin-same. 2310—Aronson-B H R R. 2313—Goldstein-N Y City Ry. 2314—Schreiber-same. 2315—Rapp-Int St Ry. 2316—Clinton-N Y City Ry. 2319—Gordon-Dry Dock R R. 2321—Unsworth-Met St Ry. 2322—Birnbaum-N Y City Ry. Highest number reached on regular call, 2367.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar No. 2—To be called in Trial Term, Part VIII., at 10:15 A. M. Causes on this calendar shall be sent to Parts VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., and XIII. for trial. 6094—Baum-Gallo. 2154—Callahan-N Y Edison Co. 3177—Pappas-N Y Con Co. 3180—Kober-Borden Cond Milk Co. 2958—Geittel-Harlem River Park Amuse. Co. 2964—Thompson-Telschmann Realty Con Co. 1859 — Liccione-Collier. 3205½ — Dunsford-Jacoby. 3233—Landherr-Thomas. 3259—Davies-Zeltner Brew Co. 3265—Dragotta-United Eng & Con Co. 3266—Connizarano-United Eng Co. 3272—Jordan-Keenan. 3282—De Selvo-Schlesinger. 3290 — Carter-McMullen. 1977—Maggio-Meyer Co. 2958—Reidy-Offenbach. 2993—Ford O'Rourke Eng Co. 3252—Crimmins-Masons' Supplies Co. 2558—Ellenberg-Friedman. 3193—Thorpe-Liebenau. 3228—McTighe-Alessandro. 3304, 3305—Buch-City of N Y. 3308—Schoberl-same. 2692—Finegan-Woodruff. 3314—Johnson-City of N Y. 3320—Stoothoff-Hall. 3320—Moe-Halle. 3321—Ward-Durland Co. 3322—Steinberg-Harlem River Pk Co. 3326—Tighe-N Y Con Co. 3327—Kinttle - Clark. 3329 — Morris-Mondschein. 3331—Scott-N Y Con Co. 3332—Ward-Durland Co. 3334—Savarese-Frankel. 3335—Kester-Piemme. 3336—Rudowsky-N Y Con Co. 3337—Lynch-City of N Y. 3338—Harvey-same. 3342—Spielhols—pears. 3343—Zulli-Heidt & Son. 3344—Rood-Levy. Highest number reached on regular call, 3726.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Guy, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Seabury, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Ford, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Newburger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Erlanger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar No. 3—To be called in Trial Term, Part XIV., at 10:15 A. M. Causes on this calendar shall be sent to Parts XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII., for trial. 1900—Levy-Cohen. 4124—Goldman-Goodman. 4126—Golden Grand Lodge. 4164—Brennan-Rohin. 3739—U S Addressing Print Co.-Olney. 6314—Flanagan-Wyckoff. 2620—Hopedale Elec Co-Elec Storage Battery Co. 845—United Furnishing Co-Stout. 3258—Low-Busch. 3928—Baldwin-Perry. 750—Wood-Proudman. 3990—Kingsbury-Lumsden. 4145—Smith-Fowler. 4004—Schmutz-Beringer. 4131—Osborne-McGibbon & Co. 4259—Humfreville-Flint. 4266—Barry-Shubert. 4268—Sparhawk-Meaney Print Co. 3618—Brill-Rosenberg. 4150—Chasann-Daniel. 4094—Friedman-Danziger. 4168—Rosenwasser-Magner. 4172—Buellesbach-Buellesbach. 4281—Rosenstein Co-Hamilton. 4275—Lite-Firemen's Ins Co. 8408—Ross-Humboldt Fire Ins Co. 3314—Fishel-Fishel. 1154—Anglo Cont Works-Dilion. 2936—Sullivan-McMillan. 4109—Kilmer-Huttan. 2313—Abelloff-Nemrsohn. 4284—Bulkley-Whiting Mfg Co. 2926—Fennell-Kennedy. 2927—Farrell-same. 4046—Bauscher-Abukalli. 1307—Fracavini - Goldsmith. 1443—Sparhawk - Gillen Print Co. 4828—People-Snediken. 4080—Standard Materials Co-Bowne. 4121, 4122—Gilbreth-McGraw. 4136—McGraw Realty Co-Gilbreth. 4269—Jack-Strong. 4270—Hallock-same. 4271—Schonweitz-same. 4272—Farrsame. 4273—McBride-same. 5593—City of N Y-Silver. Highest number reached on regular call, 5034.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Gerard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Dayton, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Brady, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Adjourned until April 13.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Beckett, S.—Held in Room 4, Hall of Records, fifth floor. Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. 1—Morris Rude. 2—Theodore Herman. 3—Jacob E Schwind. 4—Anna Maria Becker. 5—Guido H Myer. 6—George Hofmann. 7—Isaac Schackman. 8—Abraham Cooper. 9—Jacob Weinstein. 10—Harry F Hodgkins, or Willars. 11—Maria Baadon. 12—Carrie Tapp. 18—Hugh McLaughlin. 14—Benjamin B Blake. 15—Karol Chimiak, or Gunderman. 16—Dominique Perlin. 17—Thomas Kenny. 18—Gilbert C Brancher. 19—Franklin P Briggs. 20—Carmino Bartolino. 21—Pasquale Bartolino. 22—James B Warden. 23—Peter C Loughran. 24—Martin D Matthews. 25—Edna Brugman. 26—Josephine C Kayes. 27—Mary A Sewell. 28—Robert Seaman. 29—Abraham Jacobs. 30—Joseph B Hart. 31—Patrick Doyle. 32—William R Ward. 33—Mary Cosgrove. 34—Benjamin W Fowler. 35—Annie P Burgess. 36—Juliette H Viele. 37—Francis Goetz. 38—Cecilia Nolan. 39—Mary F Van Ranst. 40—Alfred J Barry. 41—David S Denison. 42—Henry Bertsch. 43—Robert Seaman. 44—Robert Seaman. 45—William Herring. 46—Piotr Konstantynowicz. 47—James J Doherty. 48—Catherine Williams. 49—Alvin D Puffer. 50—James M Bissell. 51—David Kraemer. 52—Louis Schwarz. 53—Eliza B Skinner. 54—Charles Fyfe. Wills for probate in Room 8 at 10:30 A. M. Lucy A. Chaw, Cecelia Winters, Caroline K Bruy, Mary R H Cotton, Eugene W Guindon, Mary T Mallon, Mary Simms, Rosanna W Nolan, Enos V Wood, Charles O'Toole, and Irene N Lawson.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Thomas, S.—Held in Room 9, fifth floor, Hall of Records.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Green, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. The motion calendar will be called at 10:30 A. M., and defaults allowed at that time.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on. 4088—Goldner - Feder. 4089 — Reeves - McLoughlin. 3514 — Metzer-Strauss. 3738 — Erenkrane-N Y City Ry.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 6984—Stern-Rosenthal. 3510—Weinstein-Elkin. 3554—Bien-Machel. 3108—Met Printing Co-Hall. 3167—Long-Zimmerman. 3411—Sire-Coe. 9225—Tinker-Hoagland. 4009—Alcuntius-Univ Comp Co. 3571—Mott Ir Wks-Woytisek. 4025—Johnston-Inter R T Co. 4026—Feeney-N Y City Ry. 4034—Young-Inter R T Co. 4061—Uhrlaub-O'Brien. 3163—Jacobowitz-Strasbourger. 4099—Hall-Witt. 4101—Solomon-Central Crosstown R R. 4102—Schon-Gerne. 3442—Bernstein-Salomon. 9223—Lund-Elec Vehicle Co. 735—Warren-5th Av Coach Co. 3548—Heller-Pollock. 4032—Gray - Roffman. 4033 — Kaplan-Moness. 4038—Vituucci-N Y City Ry. 4037—Walker-Rosenbuch. 3440—Nagle-Haff.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Donnelly, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. 3939—Baldwin-Ott. 3798—Toch-Lesser. 3920—Osborne-N Y City Ry. 3137—Armstrong-same.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 4016—Hite-McClanahan. 3138—Meiner-N Y City Ry. 4030—Claflin-Int St Ry. 2977—Kane-42d St Ry. 4042—Harris-Brodie. 4050—Ackley-Int St Ry. 4051—Larkin-Toole. 4052—Lee-Kohan. 3968—Savage-Bible. 4065—Halliday-Yates. 4088 — Buchanan-N Y City Ry. 4089—Messenger-same. 4091—Ashcroft-same. 3723—Levensberg-same. 4000—Schnell-Cohn. 4003—Frank-Int R T Co. 3800—Gilman-Weinberg. 4005—Krause-Rusenberg. 4006¾—Marcuse-Rinschler. 4018—Bauer-Royal Exch Assur Co. 4020—Levy- C C R R. 4022—Zargis-Un Ry. 4027—Kramer-N Y City Ry. 445—Wohlwerl-Pedwes. 3075—Olmstead-N Y City Ry. 4028—Stoltz-Reid.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Finalite, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.) Opens at 10 A. M. Case on. 3986—Mastrangelo-Andrews. 3997—Levy-Consol Gas Co. 3992—Applebaum-Dry Dock R R. 4106—Murphy-N Y Cont Co.

The following causes, if answered ready will be passed for the day: 4107—Cook-N Y City Ry. 4112—Frankenstein-Siegel. 4119—Meyer-Hogg. 4120—Meyers-Meyers. 4122—Landadrid-N Y City Ry. 4098—Groin-Kayton. 2405—Littauer-Naughton. 2749—Miranda-Park & Tilford. 3841—Morgan-Whalen. 3993—Spero-H & O R R. 1296—Oreficl-Savarese. 4124—Fellouris-N H R R. 4125—Foster-N Y City Ry. 4126—Tremargo-Longo. 4127—Hasel-Power. 4128—Fritz-Rosenberg. 4129—Price-City of N Y. 4130—Altman-Ritchle. 4131—Martello-Int St Ry. 4132—Cox-Cronemeyer. 4133—Schuchman-Rausch. 4134—Schmuckler-Trawin. 4135—Kreisermacher-N Y City Ry. 4136 — Jones-Wardless. 4137 — Bruckheimer-Boyd. 4138—Am Rad Co-McGrath.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.) Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes. 10118—Perini-Vitale. 7914—Hone-Rappaport. 10030—Hoffman-Jaeckel. 10124—Sach-Goodman. 10017—N Y City Car Adv Co-Rosenwasser. 10219—Crosby-Smith. 10228 and 10229—Murray & R Co-Cusick. 10173—Schwartz-Sherman. 9727—Drake-N Y Auto, &c, Co. 9745—Levinson-Zipkin. 10135—Bologh-Roof Maintenance Co. 10138—Karadontes-Schwartz. 8717—Doig-Bain. 8583—Ehrman-Friedman. 7633—Jetter-Ringler. 7707 — Rockmore-Kramer. 9504 — Kuhne-Herbert. 9836—Carnegie Trust Co-Man, &c, Realty Co. 9837—Same-Quinn. 9651—Smith-State Bank. 9975—Francis-Wessels. 10084—Steiner-Katz. 9743—Welsberg Co-Nieberg. 10002—Rosch-Turchin Co. 9185—Allen-Aetna Indemnity Co. 10185—Canavan-Kapelsohn. 10001—Kerr-Auburn Const Co. 9584—Levine-Adler. 10242—Portman-Goldwasser. 10200—Fishman-Weintraub. 10098 to 10108—U S Exchange Bank-Hines.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Schmuck, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.) Opens at 10 A. M. Case on. 8792—La Drew-Int St Ry. 8892—Rose-Un Ry. 8893—Boes-Un Ry. 8794—Fuchs-North German Lloyd.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 8969—Lander-Buermann. 8909—Lewine-Interborough R T Co. 8879—Auerbach-N Y City Ry. 8980—Cochrane-Brady. 8896—Fennell-Met St Ry. 8906—Starr-N Y C & H R R R. 8884, 8885—Burghardt-Gould. 8757—Stern-N Y City Ry. 5738—Same-same. 3875—Haas-Casino Liquor Co. 8807—McNally-N Y City Ry. 8932—Williard-Ire. 8990 — Carciopolo-Velmaches. 8905—McGuigan-N Y City Ry. 9499 — Singer-Silberstein. 4961 — Rice-Newman. 8762—Brady-N Y City Ry. 4040—Skush-Schwall. 4043—Doherty-N Y Edison Co. 4089—Van Ingen-Falk. 4070—Hill-42d St Ry. 4072 — Hatch-Jones. 4074 — Wieler-Neuman. 4075—Caughey-King. 8823, 8824—Scott-Int St Ry. 4093—Bleicher-Bock. 4094—Hufeland-N Y City Ry. 4095—Engelbach-Salch. 4096—McLean-Conville Brew Co. 4014—McGirr-Markowitz. Highest number reached on regular call, 4138.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Delehanty, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.) Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Equity and non-jury case. 616—Marx-Cagliestric.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—O'Sullivan, J.—Assistant District Attorneys Marshall and Dana. Trial of People.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—Benjamin E Moore. 2—Charles James, alias John Griffin. 3—Carlo Bertolini. 4—William Murray, alias Arthur Freeman. 5—Hyman Lebenson, Morris Abrams. 6—Francesco Bosso. 7—Joseph Hart, Salvatore Cangialori, Charles Sorgin, Francesco Paddano and Israel Frucht. 8—Maggie Wilson. 10—Isydor Kurtz. 11—Rose Rosso. 12—Pauline Harden. 13—John Hayes. Pleadings. 1—William Smith. 2—Patrick Burns. 3—Joseph Ripandello, Adamo Coppolo. 4—Daniel R Delaney.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Foster, J.—Assistant District Attorneys Garvan, Turnbull, and Appleton for the People.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—Charles Hart. 2—Charles Morrison. 3—Harry Cohen. 4—Thomas O'Brien. 5—Hubert Higgins. 6—Alfred Knudsen. 7—Giuseppe Lobel. 8—Emil Schiff. 9—Frank Stevens. 10—John McDonald. 11—Stephen M. Callahan. 12—Mike Pulchesky.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Swann, J.—Assistant District Attorneys McGuire and O'Connor for the People.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—Howard Carter Green. 2—Rubin Thomas. 3—Jacob McLean. 4—William Thomas, alias John Goodman, alias Harry Cox, alias Samuel Goodman. 5—Joseph E Brown. 6—Lizzie Jackson. 7—Jennie Smith. 8—Lillian Lee, Adele Powell. 9—Frederick N Goldsmith. 10—Pinous Shapiro. 11—Menhelm Ghabryel. 12—Charles Wilson. 13—Dominick Ledda, Francesco Galepo, Benedetta Christiano. 14—John Ernst, Ernest Baumgartner, Thomas Snyder.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Rosalsky, J. — Assistant District Attorneys Hart and Manley for the People.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—Martin Garvey. 2—John Reilly, alias Walter Dunn. 3—James Shea. 4—John Walsh. 5—David Greenberg. 6—John Pitavevich. 7—Robert Ginsberg. 8—Charles Greenberg. 9—Robert J Kennedy. 10—Michael Findley. 11—Anna Frings. 12—Stephen Sedlar. 13—Jacob Leives, George Bernstein. 14—James Reilly. 15—Thomas Masterson. 16—Samuel Miles, Cisco Hunter.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part V.—(March Term continued)—Mulqueen, J.—Assistant District Attorney Ely for the People.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—George Brooking. 2—Walter Snyder. 3—Morris Simon. 4—Abe Pascal. 5—Frank Smith. 6—James Stewart. 7—Thomas L. Murphy. 8—John Ryan. 9—Leonara Adams. 10—Ralph Capon. 11—Emma Hall. 12—Jan Novitzky.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part V.—Malone, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorney Train for the People. 1—Francis Gray Blinn.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Esther N. Tremain vs. Jacob N. Seidenberg and others—William B. Donihee.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Ball vs. Leimberg—Patrick J. Dobson. Thaw vs. Thaw—Robert E. Deyo. Hoffberg vs. Silberstein—Myron Sulsberger. In re Crawford—M. Linn Bruce. Sidman vs. Five Boroughs Realty Co.—Isaac Phillips.

SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—Kelly vs. Lane—Walter S. Stern.

Brooklyn Calendars.

NOTICE.

COUNTY COURT, KINGS COUNTY. — Civil trial calendar adjourned without date, owing to illness of Judge Lewis L. Fawcett. Motions and equity causes every Friday in April, 1908, Judge Dike presiding.

Dated April 6, 1908.

By order of the Court,

CHARLES S. DEVOY, Chief Clerk.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Maddox, J. — Day Calendar. 1320—Brook-Bridgman. 1485—Leavey-City of N Y. 1152—Beakes Dairy Co-Berns. 1914—Langfeldt-Bingham. 1444—Diedrick-Averill. 1422—N Y & Brooklyn Brew Co-Chieffo. 1612—Elkhorn Mining Co-Levy. 1787—Cannella-Finkelstein. 1695—Epstein - Epstein. 1664—Cohen - Mints. 1825—Kordes - Kordes, exr. 1583—Hawkins-Cooley. 1906—Seidenberg - Janowitz. 1710—Schultz-Schultz. 2047—Pounds-Egbert. 182—Preston, recr-Mechanics' Bank.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day: No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 2005—Greenberg-Manes. 2006—Kulichstein-Rathstein. 2007—Plum-Plum. 2003—Campbell-Donecker. 2009—London-Yorish. 2010—Frank-Firestone. 2011—Metallic Decorating Co-Rhodes & Co. 2012—Johnson-Ford. 2013—Ranhoefer-Boehler. 2014—Segal-Levin. 2015—Doyle - Doyle. 2016—Lotz-Hurtz. 2017—Sanores - Genores. 2018—Thiel-Amer Temple Benevo Soc. 2019—Domschke-Domschke. 2020—Engeman, ex'x-Eagan. 2021—Tucker Tool and Machine Co-Engelbert Brick et al. 2022—Cordes-Coleman. 2023—Tortora-Goldfarb.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I, Garretson, J.; Part II., Stapleton, J.; Part IV., Carr, J.; Part V., Dickey, J.; Part VI., Blackmar, J.; Part VII., Aspinall, J.—Day calendar. 10882—Sarah E. Maurice, an alleged incompetent. 4385—Dunn - Wormser. 5298—Larsen-B H R R. 5303—Perkinson-Cohen. 5319—Hinckey-City of New York. 5837—Swift-B H R R. 5340—Sullivan-same. 5354—Kelly-McDermott. 5355—Ward-Nassau R R. 1919—Levy-same. 9549—Burr Mfg Co-Drake. 9983, 9984—Mengis-Conner et al. 1679—Brioff-Nassau R R. 3544—McCormack-B H R R. 9766—McCann-City of New York. 3923—Provillatis-B H R R. 4518—Japhe-same. 5360—Tynan-same. 5361—McCormack-same. 5363, 5365—Giordano-City of N Y & B H R R. 5364, 5366—Catispoda-same. 5367—Zolzer-Atterbury. 5368—Geier-B H R R. 5378—Colombo-Hart. 5374—Sharp-Stevens. 5379—Marshall-B H R R. 5380—Barnett-same. 5383, 5385—Szarko-City of N Y. 5386—Sample-B H R R. 5388—De Majo-same. 5392—Donaldson-Luna Park Co. 5393—Shaw-same. 5395—Lehman-B H R R. 5396—Clavin-same. 5397—Markey-Long Island R R. 5398—Salters-B H R R. 5402—Mandolla-Tittoni. 5407—Dreschel-Nassau R R. 5408—Lonardelli-D, L & W R R Co. 5409—Turner-Kronheimer Co. 5410, 5411—Goldenberg-Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 5414, 5415—Pelletreau-Herter. 5417—Nolan-N Y City R R. 5418—Kivowitz-N Y City R R. 5421, 5422—Braithwaite-N Y City R R et al. 5423—Wilking-Wilking. 5424—Shea-B H R R. 5428, 5429—Milhaus-B H R R. 5431—Werstein-Schiff. 5432—Kelly-Nassau R R. 10480—Bliss Co-Schwarz. 10420—Schofield-Jacobs. 4135—Michaelson-Cranes Sons Co. 6804—Kleeman-Smith Co. 8920—9021—Seitzman-B H R R. 8922—Rapp-Rapport-B H R R. 9920—Lauten-Interboro R T. 8160—Raftery-Frankel. 10417—Weissberg-Continental Art Co. 9089—McGibbon-Housman. 9223 — Gallo-Brooklyn Savings Bank. 10448 — Church, Jr-Flynn. 10130 — Moore-Grant. 10207 — Search-Bangel Construction Co. 10488—Levin-Candes, Jr. 7959 — Miller-Richterick. 10388 — Turow-Berglass. 7084—Riggs-N Y Tunnel Co. 10409—Levin-Madansky. 10375—Bolton-Bolton. 10393—Yamin-Ghazal. 4927—Doyle-B H R R. 10082—Camardella-Seaman, Jr. 4592, 4593—Rosenstein-N Y City R R. 5527—Adlin-Excelsior Brick Co. 4894—McTernan-B H R R. 4835—Briggman-B H R R. 4991—Samways-Brooklyn Gas Co. 9718—Cook, Murphy-Layton. 9922—Spence-Charrott. 9589—Bauman-City of N Y. 4435—Perlmutter-B, Q Co & Sub R R. 4182—Ziden-B, Q Co & Sub R R. 10158—Gannon-B H R R. 5002—Jones-B H R R. 10099—Rubenstein-Wilbur Dyer Co. 5042—Peccraro-Donofrico. 3107—Bate-Norris et al. 6198—Coe-B H R R. 4568—Constantin-Nassau R R. 5191—Hanlon-Pratt-B H R R. 5225—Kennedy-Monahan. 5245, 5246—Schmutz-B H R R. 4847—Lewis-Gehlen. 5290, 5291—Brown-Lange. 1912—Oliver-Dreamland. 5275—Musorofiti-Coney I & B R R. 10244—Green, Shrier Co-State Realty Co. 5331—Cohen-B H R R. 3201—Siegel-Rosenzweig. 896—Dolan-Long Island R R. 4090—Guerin-Long Island R R. 5172—Reed-City of N Y. 5044—Zonghetti-New Jersey Terminal Co. 3522—Lerner-Black. 5046—Stark-Baylis. 4760—Fitzpatrick-Nassau R R. 5200—Hopkins-Shepard. 3619—Limerick-Holdsworth. 1239—Danker-Painter. 4009—Mendelsohn-Aragona. 10496—Murphy-N Y Herald. 1585—Wallace-Casey. 10534—

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Sale of $200,000 Apartment House on Upper Seventh Avenue Corner—Mercer Street Property Resold—Day's Dealings by Brokers and at Auction.

John H. Berry has sold for the Harcourt Realty Company to a client the Whitehall, a seven-story elevator apartment house, at the southeast corner of 114th Street and Seventh Avenue, on plot 50.5 by 100. The property has been held at $200,000.

The purchase of the Healy Restaurant property, at Columbus Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, by Thomas Healy, is referred to in more detail in another column.

Operator Sells on Mercer Street.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd have resold for Morris Franklin to a client of Robert Colgate & Co. the five-story building 83 Mercer Street, between Broome and Spring Streets, on lot 24.2 by 100.

West 65th Street Apartments Sold.

Moore & Wyckoff have sold for Mrs. Mary H. Soley the five-story apartment house 20 West Sixty-fifth Street, 25 by 100.5, to Joseph H. Jasper and John Goebel.

The Renton-Moore Company has sold for Charles Mueller to a client, for investment, 477 West 145th Street, a five-story brownstone-front apartment house, on lot 25 by 99.11.

New Residence on 55th Street.

Plans have been filed for the five-story residence to be built at 57 and 59 East Fifty-fifth Street by M. Endeman. The house is to have a frontage of 33 feet and a depth of 74 feet, with an extension. Architects Taylor & Levi estimate the cost at $60,000.

Upper Second Avenue Purchase.

Emanuel Simon has sold for Morris Kallman 2,101 Second Avenue, a five-story tenement, 25 by 100; also, for David H. Hyman 9 East 115th Street, a five-story flat, 25 by 100.

William Henry Folsom has sold for E. Hauenstein to Thomas F. Scanlon, 217 East Thirty-seventh Street, a three-story flat, on lot 16.8 by 90.11.

Fifth Avenue Deal in Harlem.

I. L. Levin has sold for William and Julius Bachrach to Goodman Spielholtz 1,845 Fifth Avenue, a six-story apartment house, with store, on lot 25 by 100.

E. V. C. Pescia has leased the six-story double tenement 314 and 316 East 112th Street for Lizzie Isaacs to a Mr. D'Benes, for a term of years, at an aggregate rental of about $25,000.

New 33d Street Building Tenanted.

Albert B. Ashforth has leased the space in his new building at 10 East Thirty-third Street, as follows: Second to sixth floors, inclusive, to John Patterson & Co.; seventh floor to M. H. Sabillo; eighth floor to Balch & Moatz and A. B. Shaw & Co.; part of the eighth and the entire ninth floor to the General Fireproofing Company; the tenth floor to Darrach & Beekman and John Hutoff, and the eleventh floor to Henry C. Belton. Mr. Ashforth has also leased the eighth floor in the Ball Building at 36 and 38 West Thirty-seventh Street to Duckwall & Co.

Architect Maximilian Zipkes announces that he will remove his offices on Thursday to 353 Fifth Avenue, southeast corner of Thirty-fourth Street.

Dyckman Taxpayers' Meeting.

The next meeting of the Dyckman Taxpayers' Association will be held to-morrow evening at the uptown office of John N. Golding, 547 Fifth Avenue, corner of 47th Street. All interested in the section are invited to attend.

Downtown Tenement Dealings.

H. Kronowit & D. Geisler have sold to Dr. Nathan Freedman 629 and 631 East Fifth Street, a new six-story tenement on plot 47 by 97. The seller, Rebecca Kalt, takes in part payment 482 Cherry Street, a six-story tenement on lot 28 by 50.

The Columbian Board of Brokers has sold for Margaret T. Johnston to the Mechanics and Traders' Realty Company the two and three story buildings 52 and 54 Watts Street, a plot 43 by 85. The buyers intend to build a six-story tenement on the property.

Louis C. Schleip and J. C. Moore have leased the factory building of E. Schloss & Co., at Cherry Street and the East River, to E. B. Jordan & Co., cabinet makers, whose large plant at Degraw Street and Tiffany Place, Brooklyn, was recently destroyed by fire.

Sale of Eagle Avenue House.

Cahn & Cahn have sold for J. Brady to C. Mitchell 683 Eagle Avenue, a three-story three-family house on lot 20 by 100. This is the fourth house in this row sold recently through the same brokers.

A. Shatzkin & Sons have sold to Mr. Thomas Trainor the plot, 50 by 114, on the north side of 221st Street, 255 feet east of Fourth Avenue; also, to Ignazio Modico, the plot, 50 by 100, on the north side of 225th Street, 231 feet east of Paulding Avenue; also, the lot, 25 by 103, on the south side of 218th Street, 75 feet west of Fifth Avenue, to James Nowen, and to George Alberti the plot, 50 by 100, at the northeast corner of Pleasant Avenue and 218th Street.

Cliff Lawn at Newport Leased.

De Blois & Eldridge have leased for Winthrop Chanler his Newport place known as Cliff Lawn to Thomas Hitchcock.

Quarters for New Brooklyn Club.

E. T. Newman has leased three floors in the building 848 Union Street, Brooklyn, to the Plaza Club, a new social organization in the Park Slope district.

Hope Booth Buys More Land.

Hope Booth, the actress, has bought from the McCormack Real Estate Company thirteen additional lots at Floral Park, L. I., adjoining her original purchase of nine lots. The property is at the corner of Willow Street and Carnation Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

47th St, 47 West, n s, 670 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5, four-story stone-front dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Eugene Beaufils, $61,882.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Eastburn Av, e s, 188.4 ft n of 17th St, 60x85, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, S. J. Cohen, $200.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

55th St, 57 and 59 East, for a five-story brick dwelling, 33x74.5; M. Endeman, premises owner; Taylor & Levi, architects; cost, $60,000.

Bleecker St, 17 and 19, for a seven-story brick store and loft building, 40x62; K. Chodorow, premises owner; F. Ebeling, architect; cost, $50,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, April 6

AVENUE A, 1,018, 25x79.8; Benjamin M. Gruenstein to Sarah Weinstein, (mtg $20,050,) $100.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 100th St, 25x100; Realty Mortgage Co. to Ellen Y. Scott, $100.

CROTONA AV, w s, 25 ft n of Oakland Place, 25x100; Rowland W. Thomas to Mary D. Bird, $100.

CROTONA AV, n s, 214.3 ft e of Clinton Av, 25x100.9x25x100.10; Crotona Av, n s, 27 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x99.5x25x99.8; Carrie R. Jackle and others to William S. Hughes, $1.

CROTONA AV, n s, 214.3 ft e of Clinton Av, 25x100.9x25x100.10; Crotona Av, n s, 27 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x99.5x25x99.8; Milton R. Schuebel to William S. Hughes, $1,750.

CROTONA AV, n s, 27 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x99.5; William S. Hughes to Joseph E. Jackle, $1.

CLINTON AV, s e corner of 178th St, 25x100x24.8x100; Mary T. Raftery to Timothy Raftery, $1.

DIVISION ST, 261 and 263, s s, 41x42; Lewis A. Mitchell to Louis Bentley, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

DOMINICK ST, s s, 170 ft e of Hudson St, 20x85; Delia M. Pennefather to J. Raymond Pennefather, (mtg $7,500,) $1.

FREEMAN ST, n e s, 100 ft s e of West Farms Road, 84.1x60.11x133.8x181.9; William J. Bolger, referee, to Dora Greenberg, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

FREEMAN ST, n e s, 100 ft s e of West Farms Road, 84.1x60.11x133.8x131.9; Dora Greenberg to Beethoven Englander, $100.

FORSYTH ST, 188, 25x100; David Mann to Cecelie Bernard, (mtg $34,000,) $100.

GRAND Av, n w corner of Hampden St, s100x

100; Aaron M. Janpole et al. to Jennie Wengeroff, $1.

KING AV, n e corner of Elizabeth St, 50x112 to Long Island Sound, City Island; Mary Appleton to Henry C. Appleton, $1.

LEWIS ST, 49 and 51, 50x100; Rose T. Levisohn to Millie B. Blumberg, $100.

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 50 ft n of 56th St, 16.8x90; Samuel Nauheim and another, executors of Henry Barnard, to Mary Nauheim et al., $12,000.

LOT 40, map of part of Hunt estate, Van Nest; Abraham Pearlman to Leah Pearlman, $100.

LOT 90, map of 170 lots of Siems estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Tommaso Torregrossa, $1.

LOT 339, map of portion of Hunt estate, 25x100; James B. Morris to Herman Domnisch, (mtg $2,500,) $100.

MURDOCK AV, w s, 100 ft n of Jefferson Av, 25x100, Edenwald; Land Co. A of Edenwald to Herman Cohen, $1.

MADISON AV, 1,989, 17x76; Mary H. Rathbun to Herbert D. Burnham, (mtg $12,000

MADISON ST, 125, n s, 25.4x100; Louis W. Prager to George H. Corre, ½ part, (mtg $31,700,) $1.

MADISON ST, 125, n s, 25.4x100; George H. Corre to Louis W. Prager, ½ part, (mtg $33,000,) $1.

MORRIS AV, 1,978, e s, 20x100; August Jacob to Joseph Lahres, (mtg $7,500,) $100.

MOUNT HOPE PLACE, n s, 140 ft w of Walton Av, 25x125; Charles M. Rosenthal to Emma Hall, $100.

MOUNT HOPE PLACE, n s, 175.1 ft e of Jerome Av, 25x125; Charles M. Rosenthal to Max D. Josephson, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

NORFOLK ST, 61, w s, 25x50; Judah Pinas and others to Abraham Perles and another, (mtg $37,000,) $100.

OAK TREE PLACE, n s, 170 ft w of Hughes Av, 28x102.1x28x102; Anna T. Curry to Gertrude L. Mark, $100.

PARK AV, w s, 62.2 ft s of 86th St, 20x70; Grace S. Pullman to Mary S. Pullman and another, $1.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, extends from 130th to 140th St, 231x218.9x201.7x77.4; Henry Goldstone and others to Joshua Rosenthal, (mtg $39,000,) $100.

SOUTH ST, n w corner of Roosevelt St, 26.10x49; South St, 174, n w s, 17.10x62.3; Harry H. Dale to Fred B. Lemaire, $46,600.

SOUTH ST, n w corner of Roosevelt St, 26.10x49; South St, 174, n w s, 17.10x62.3; Fremont Fisher and others to Fred B. Lemaire, quitclaim, $1.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 25.1 ft s of 184th St, 50.2x—; Edward J. Welch to Jamestown Mantel Co., $1.

WEST FARMS ROAD, s e s, 468.7 ft n e of Lyon St, 27.6x239.6x28.6x222.10; William J. Bolger, referee, to Dora Greenberg, (mtg $2,000,) $500.

WEST FARMS ROAD, s e s, 468.7 ft n e of Lyon St, 27.6x239.6x23.6x222.10; Dora Greenberg to Beethoven Englander, $100.

WEST FARMS ROAD, s e s, e ½ of Lot 2, map of estate of Harriet Bates, 27.6x257.1x23.6x239.6; William J. Bolger, referee, to Dora Greenberg, (mtg $2,000,) $500.

WEST FARMS ROAD, s e s, e ½ of Lot 2, map of estate of Harriet Bates, 27.6x257.1x23.6x239.6; Dora Greenberg to Beethoven Englander, $100.

5TH AV, 1,345, e s, 25x100; Sand Realty Co. to Goodman Spielholtz, (mtg $44,000,) $100.

6TH AV, n w s, 46 ft n e of 16th St, 23x75; 4th Av, e s, 25 ft n of 14th St, 25x irregular; Henry R. Eickhoff to George E. Schmitt, $100.

6TH AV, e s, between 214th and 215th Sts, Lot 646, map of Laconia Park; A. Shatzkin & Sons to Forlain Osvaldo, $100.

8TH ST, 371 East, 25x93.11; David Mann to Cecelie Bernard, (mtg $23,200,) $100.

9TH AV, s e s, 330 ft w of 4th St, 25x114, Wakefield; John W. Holmes to Leonardo Campagna, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

11TH ST, n s, 230.4 ft e of 3d Av, 16.8x100; Samuel Nauheim and another to Mary Nauheim and others, $8,000.

12TH ST, s s, 130 ft w of Avenue C, 25x108, Unionport; Richard Ebeling to Edward Pirner, (mtg $3,500,) $100.

29TH ST, 317 West, n s, 22x98.9; Helen E. Ranney to Maria S. Simpson, (mtg $8,500,) $1.

84TH ST, 12 West, 25x126.6; Bonwit, Teller & Co. to Bonwit Realty Co., (mtg $350,000 on this and leasehold property 15 West 34th St,) $100.

85TH ST, 35 West, n s, 21.3x100.5; Bolton Hall to David D. Doniger, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

70TH ST, 155 East, 19.6x100.5x irregular; City Real Estate Co. to Dever S. Byard, $100.

88TH ST, 5 East, 27.6x100.8; George T. Lane to Derick Lane, (mtg $100,000,) $1.

88TH ST, 5 East, 27.6x100.8; Derick Lane to Wesley Thorn, (mtg $100,000,) $100.

90TH ST, 315 West, n s, 20x100.8; Isabelle M. Jordan to Mary I. MacDonald, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

94TH ST, n s, 152 ft w of Amsterdam Av, —x— to s s of 95th St; Julia M. Lord and another to D. Edwin O'Neil, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

100TH ST, 105 East, 25x75; Joseph S. Markus to Charles Maltz, (mtg $19,000,) $100.

103D ST, 62 East, s s, 37.6x100.11; Lulu Banford to Sarah Wiener, (mtg $52,500,) $100.

105TH ST, 9 East, 25x100; Eva Diamondston to Joseph H. Schwartz, (mtg $10,000,) $1.

116TH ST, 121 East, 25x100.11; Alice Taylor to David A. Bernstein, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

110TH ST, 121 East, 25x100.11; David A. Bernstein to Jeannette K. Harris, (mtg $19,000,) $100.

113TH ST, 20 East, 18.9x100.11; Martin C. Wright to Bertha Wright, (mtg $18,000,) $1.

113TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 50x100.11; Sarah Mainster and another, executors, to Sarah Mainster, (mtg $80,000,) $1.

118TH ST, 108 West, s s, 17x100.11; Margaretta L. Clark to Isadore Seff, $100.

121ST ST, n s, 185 ft w of 2d Av, 50x100.10; Joseph Adelson and others to Lulu Banford, $1.

131ST ST, s s, 325 ft w of Broadway, 50x99.11; Mary F. Grossman to Mae A. Grossman, $1.

132D ST, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x99.11; Benjamin F. Carpenter to Jennie Thompson, $1.

149TH ST, 802 West, 25x99.11; Guardian Trust Co. of New York, as Trustee of Ann Jenny, to Bernhard Oppenheimer, (mtg $17,500,) $20,000.

198TH ST, n s, 189.3 ft e of Jerome Av, 25.11x126.3x25x132.11; Ronald McAdam to Helena Wenigmann, (mtg $5,500,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

APPLETON, Henry C., to Mary Appleton; King Av, n e corner of Elizabeth St, 50x192, 5 years, 4% $10,000

APPELL, Albert J., to Rose H. Devling; 23d St, 454 West, sub mtg $15,000, due Jan. 1, 1904, 4½% $5,000

BERGMAN, Emma, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Forest Av, 1,139, bond $6,000

BIRD, Mary D., to John Gallagher; Crotona Av, w s, 25 ft n of Oakland Place, 25x100, 3 years $8,000

BURNHAM, Herbert D., to Mary H. Rathbun; Madison Av, 1,989, sub mtg $12,000, 2 years, 6% $1,500

BARNARD, Philip, to Robert J. Rosenthal; 11th St, n s, 280.4 ft e of 3d Av, 16.8x100, 3 years, 5½% $8,000

BERNSTEIN, David A., to Alice Taylor; 110th St, n s, 155 ft e of Park Av, 25x100, sub mtg $16,000, 5 years, 6% $3,000

BENTLEY, Louis, to Lewis A. Mitchell; Division St, 261 and 263, 1 year, 6% $8,000

BOZZUFFI, John, to Eugenio Merlini; 63d St, 330 East, bond $5,000

FLYNN, Mary E., to Annie Leahy; 139th St, n s, 450 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 25x100, bond $3,000

BARNARD, Philip, to Robert S. Rosenthal; Lexington Av, w s, 50.5 ft n of 56th St, 16.8 x90.1, 3 years, 5½% $12,000

BYARD, Dever S., to City Real Estate Co.; 70th St, 155 East, bond $28,500

CALLAHAN, Catherine, to Agnes K. Mulligan; Belmont Av, w s, 225 ft s of 176th St, 25x75.1, due July 10, 1910, 6% $2,000

CALLAHAN, Catherine, to Agnes K. Mulligan; Belmont Av, w s, 200 ft s of 176th St, 25x77.3, due July 10, 1910, 6% $2,000

CALLAHAN, Catherine, to Agnes K. Mulligan; Belmont Av, w s, 175 ft s of 176th St, 25x79.8, due July 10, 1910, 6% $2,000

CONDON, Frank, to Daniel Cardone; 4th Av, w s, 254.7 ft n of Randall Av, 73.9x44.11, 2 years, 6% $500

CAMPAGNA, Leonardo, to John W. Holmes; 9th Av, s s, 330 ft w of 4th St, 25x114, 3 years, 6% $1,200

COHEN, Herman, to Land Co. A of Edenwald; Murdock Av, w s, 100 ft n of Jefferson Av, 25x100, 3 years $250

FORDHAM REALTY CO. to Central Mortgage Co.; Heath Av, e s, 445.8 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 25x110.9, 3 years, 5½% $4,000

FORDHAM REALTY CO. to Central Mortgage Co.; Heath Av, e s, 470.8 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 25x114.10, 3 years, 5½% $4,000

FREEHOLD CONSTRUCTION CO. to Charles H. Young, Trustee; 102d St, n s, 227.6 ft e of Park Av, 50x100.11, 5 years, 5½% $40,000

GOLDSTEIN, Jacob, to Pauline Myers; 29th St, 512 West, 5 years $13,000

GOLDSTEIN, Jacob, to Pauline Myers; 29th St, 512 West, prior mtg $13,000, 2 years, ... $2,000

GREENFELD, Samuel, to Rosalie Cohen; 78th St, 306 East, bond $12,000

GRAZIADELS, Leonard, to Marion K. Appleton; 115th St, 346 East, 5 years, 5½% .. $10,000

GLASSMAN, Henry, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; St. Ann's Av, 146, bond $7,000

GLASSMAN, Henry, to Felix Levy; St. Ann's Av, 146, prior mtg $7,000, 5 years $2,750

HODES, Nicholas, to Louis F. Kuntz; Bedford Park Boulevard, n s, 85 ft w of Briggs Av, 75x100, sub mtg $7,615, 6 months, 6% ... $500

HANRAHAN, Richard, to Martin J. Burke; Concord Av, w s, 175 ft s of Kossuth St, 26x100, 3 years, 6% $2,200

HIRSCH, Isidore, to Emanuel Neuman; 24th St, 306 East, 2 years, 6% $4,000

HIRSCH, Isidore, to Emanuel Neuman; 24th St, 304 East, sub mtg $18,000, 2 years, 6% $6,000

LEMAIRE, Fred B., to Brooklyn Trust Co.; Roosevelt St, n w corner of South St, 39.2x28.7; South St, 174, 3 years, 5½% $18,000

MILLER, John, to Bertha Mayer; Eastburn Av, w s, 81.8 ft s of 174th St, 25x95, 2 years, 6% $1,000

MISCHLER, Wendell P., to Catherine Whitney, part of Lot 501, map of Unionport, sub mtg $1,500, 3 years, 6% $1,000

MALITZ, Charles, to Joseph S. Marcus; 100th St, 105 East, 3 years $16,000

MALITZ, Charles, to Joseph S. Marcus; 100th St, 105 East, subject to mtg $16,000, 3 years, ... $3,000

MORK, Gertrude L., to Charles Dorn; Oak Tree Place, 600, 3 years $5,000

McILHARGY, Malcolm, to Arthur A. Fowler; 19th St, 438 and 440 West, 3 years, 5½% $30,000

McCARTHY, Samuel, to Phebe Rauch; Lot 136, amended map of Gleason Park, 3 years, 6% $3,500

McCARTHY, Samuel, to Daisy Freutel; Lot 135, amended map of Gleason property, 3 years, 6% $3,500

OPPENHEIMER, Bernhard, to Matthias Vosseler; 149th St, 302 West, sub mtg $17,500, bond $4,000

OBLER, Saul, to Abraham J. Herrick; 94th St, 235 East, sub mtg $13,000, 4 years, 6% .. $6,300

PRAGER, Louis, to Samuel Simon; Madison Av, 125, sub mtg $25,000, due July 1, 1910, 6% $5,500

PINNELLA, Domenico, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 45th St, 226 East, 5 years, 5½% $18,000

PINNELLA, Domenico, to Irving Bachrach; 45th St, 226 East, sub mtg $18,000, due Dec. 4, 1910, 6% $4,000

POLLAK, Clara, to Samuel Bernard; 113th St, 128 and 130 East, sub mtg $45,500, 3 years, 6% $24,000

SIMPSON, Maria S., to Helen E. Ranney; 29th St, 317 West, 3 years, 6% $4,500

SMITH, John, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 34th St, 447 West, bond $8,000

SPIELHOLTZ, Goodman, to William Bachrach; 5th Av, 1,345, sub mtg $31,000, 5 years, 6% .. $13,000

SCHREYER, Augusta, to William H. Getsky; 83d St, 319 East, 5 years, 6% $9,000

SEFF, Isadore, to Margaretta L. Clark; 118th St, 108 West, bond $12,500

SEFF, Isadore, to Margaretta L. Clark; 118th St, 108 West, sub mtg $12,500, installments, 6% $2,250

TOMBACK, Julia, to Harry M. Goldberg; Van Buren St, w s, 80 ft n of Columbus Av, 23.6x100, 2 years, 6% $1,000

THE BOHEMIAN-AMERICAN WORKINGmen's Gymnastic Association to Vaclav Nenpecek; 75th St, 435 East, subject to mtg $24,000, 5 years, 6% $10,000

TOBIAS, Minna, to Michael Nathan; 142d St, 234 East, bond $1,200

THE BOUNE MANUFACTURING CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 42d St, 551 West, bond $20,000

THE BOUNE MANUFACTURING CO. to Jacob Oppenheimer; 42d St, 551 West, prior mtg $20,000, 3 years, 6% $3,865

THOMAS, Rowland W., to E. Arthur Bredt; Belmont Av, e s, 150 ft s of 179th St, 50x105.1, 1 year, 6% $6,500

TAYLOR TEXTILE MANUFACTURING CO. to William R. Rose; 5th Av, s w corner of 218th St, 114x105, 3 years $25,000

TAYLOR TEXTILE MANUFACTURING CO. to William R. Rose; 5th Av, s w corner of 218th St, 114x105, sub mtg $25,000, bond, ... $9,000

WASSERMANN, Mary A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Shakespeare Av, 1,304, bond, ... $3,500

WEBER, Max, to Cyrus Hitchcock; Unionport Road, e s, 533.10 ft w of White Plains Road and 427 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x93.10, due June 1, 1911 ..... $3,000

WEIL, Lina, to Hattie Rothfeld, executrix; Lexington Av, 1,235 to 1,239, 8 years, 5½% $65,000

WIPONG, Martha, to J. Frederic Kernochan; 34th St, s w corner of Madison Av, 30x95, 1 year, 4½% $100,000

ZIMMERMANN, Katharine, to Louisa B. Martin; Park Av, e s, 55.9 ft s of 154th St, 55.9x116.2, bond $5,000

ZINK, Anastasia, to George E. Herold; Lot 312, map of Unionport, 3 years, 6% $800

Mechanics' Liens.

HUGHES AV, e s, 112 ft e of Pelham Av, 50x87.5; William J. Breen against Giavannina Damiano, owner; Nicholas Damiano, contractor, $650.

137TH ST, n s, 101.11 ft w of Cypress Av, 150x100; Rider-Ericsson Engine Co. against Ignatz Florio Co-operative Association among Corleonesi, owner and contractor, $700.

HUGHES AV, w s, 100 ft n of 179th St, 25x100; Frank Russo and others against Magdalena Marx, owner; John Marx, owner and contractor, $150.

RYER AV, w s, 145 ft s of 188d St, 75x75; Van Nest Wood Working Co. against William H. Danby, owner; Lane Contracting Co., contractor, $155.

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 135th St, 99.11x100; John J. Kelly against Bessie Ruth, owner and contractor, $1,154.

21ST ST, 18 and 20 West; Voigtman & Co. against Twenty-first Street Building and Construction Co., owner and contractor, $354.

NORTH RIVER, 137, Domenico Bravin against First Hungarian Congregation Ohab Zedek, owner; East River Marble Co., contractor, $81.

230TH ST, e s, 381 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x100; George Dunn against Mississippi Realty and Building Co., owner and contractor, $175.

21ST ST, 18 and 20 West; J. L. Keating & Co. against Twenty-first Street Building and Construction Co., owner and contractor, $313.

49TH ST, 301 to 306 East; Aaron Udow against Harris Backelman, owner and contractor, $128.

21ST ST, 18 and 20 West; Thomas Galligan against Twenty-first Street Building and Construction Co., owner and contractor, $1,882.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

AVENUE A, 203; Samuel Perlman against John Horowitz and others, March 9, 1907, $30.

166TH ST, 428 East; Joseph Wuytack against United Bohemian Democratic Organization of the Bronx and others, Feb. 27, 1908, $177.

166TH ST, 428 East; Joseph Wuytack against United Bohemian Democratic Organization of the Bronx and others, March 23, 1908, $177.

TIFFANY ST, 1,005 and 1,007; 165th St, 953 and 955 East; Abraham Lerman against Frankfeldt & Lippmann, Jan. 10, 1908, (canceled,) $45.

Lis Pendens.

LOTS 19 and 20, map of Ruser estate, Bronx; Gustave Bihldorff against Martha Will and others, foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Ferriss & Roeser.

172D ST, s s, 125 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 145x95; 171st St, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 175x95; Mayer Hoffman against Charles Garfiel and others, (action to impress trust;) attorneys, Kuntz & Oppenheim.

134TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Alexander Av, 150x100; Gamaliel C. St. John, executor, against Van Kannel Revolving Door Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. W. Hawes.

130TH ST, n s, 306 ft e of 8th Av, 18.6x99.11; Townsend A. Veritz against Sarah Bernstein and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, De La Mare & Morrison.

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of 180th St, runs w 99.11 x n 100 x w .01 x n 183.1 x e 100.1 x s 279.1 to beginning; Security Mortgage Co. against Charles Bjorkegren, (action to compel conveyance;) attorneys, Fletcher, McCutcheon & Brown.

RYER AV, w s, 145 ft s of 188d St, 75x75; Van Nest Wood Working Co. against William H. Danby and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, D. S. Decker.

2D AV, 2,207; Fitch Gilbert, trustee, against Harris Kahn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. H. Seymour.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w s, 400 ft s w of St. John Av, 50x115; Joseph S. Marcus against William Wainwright, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Fluegelman.

BELMONT AV, w s, 167.11 ft n of 181st St, E. 10x85.11x17.10x85.9; Philip Siff against Lillie Schaman, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Spiro & Wasservogel.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 25x100; Audubon Av, w s, 25 ft n of 180th St, 75x100; Reba E. Weiher against Howard T. Cole and others, (action to cancel deed;) attorney, F. Blen.

MULBERRY ST, 280 and 282; John B. McCaffrey against Michael Brigando and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

36TH ST, 23 West; Isaac Simons and others against Aldhouse Construction Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, J. C. Weschler.

GRAMERCY PARK, e s, (carriageway,) 39.5 ft s of 21st St, runs e 80 x s 39.5 x w 80 x n 39.5 to beginning.

GRAMERCY PARK, e s, (carriageway,) 78.10 ft s of 21st St, 44x82.11; Ell S. Godfrey and others against Alden Hall Corporation, (action to enforce contract;) attorney, T. F. Fitzhugh Lee.

5TH AV, w s, 24.11 ft s of 135th St, 20x90; Domingo T. Moran against Mary Hershfield and others, (foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, L. Skidmore.

48TH ST, s s, 400 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.4; the Franklin Savings Bank in the City of New York against Mary Forrest and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 114th St, 150.11x100; Sender Jarmulowsky against Simon Wolk and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. C. Weschler.

49TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of 10th Av, 27x100.5; Catherine H. Mere against John Huls and others, (partition;) attorney, I. N. Williams.

54TH ST, 156 West; Meyer Contracting Co. against Charlena Lawry and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, W. McConihe.

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East 46th.—Five-story, 10-room tenement; improvements; $23,000. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

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Near 5th Av., $3,000, 5-story double, $28,500; mortgage $28,000. Connor, 162 East 103d St.

3-story brownstone, Madison Av., near 127th St.; $12,500. Barnett, 11 East 125th.

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J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO.,
53 West 33d St.

42 W. 18th St., through to **45 W. 17th St.** 25x184.
STORE AND LOFT.
New 6-story building, just completed.
Rents Reasonable. Good Light
H. J. Sachs & Co., 28 West 22d St.

UNION TRUST CO. BUILDING,
No. 80 Broadway.
A choice large suite of offices; also a few single ones to let; all modern improvements.
Crulkshank Company, 141 Broadway.

A LARGE STORE, 50x75,
1,966-1,968 BROADWAY,
At 66th St. Subway station; grand show windows; will rent very reasonable; satisfactory lease. Apply to agent, SAMUEL H. MARTIN, 150 Columbus Av., (66th St.)

TWO LOFTS AND BASEMENT, EACH 62x85; reliable power up to 100 horse; light on all sides; elevator, steam heat, watchman; sprinkler equipment; lowest insurance; near freight terminals; plenty of good help available. Owner on premises, 263-271 Classon Av., near De Kalb, Brooklyn.

5th Av., southwest corner 28th St., entire fourth floor, connecting with building No. 2 West 28th St., comprising about 5,000 square feet; elevator and steam heat. Crulkshank Company, 141 Broadway.

149 CENTRE ST., S. W. COR. WALKER. very desirable light store and basement to let; large glass show windows; steam heat; rent low; possession May 1. Crulkshank Company, 141 Broadway.

LOFTS TO LET

Steam heat, elevator, light. 515 West 29th St.

Store and basement, 35x100; good light, high ceilings; auto fire alarm; nicely appointed; near Broadway; rent reasonable. Pinkney, No. 540 Pearl St.

Large light lofts, 50x75 and 50x95; also ground floors in corner and adjoining building, with power. Adam Happel, 1st Av. and 93d St.

AT 9 EAST 22D ST.
Willing to sacrifice desirable office space; also desk room; modern conveniences. Butler & Cook.

Lofts for offices or manufacturing; all light, heated, elevator; 25x65; long lease given; $50 up. 111 East 12th St., (near 4th Av.)

Offices to let, 36 East 23d St., opposite Metropolitan Building; all modern conveniences. S. B. Goodale & Son, 6 West 24th St.

Will erect seven-story loft building, 82 feet front, east side, near Grand St., for suitable tenant. Lutz, 114 Liberty St.

Small office, Presbyterian Building, Fifth Avenue and 20th Street, to sublet. Derry & Wright, 119 W. 23d.

Skylight Studio Apartment, 115 East 34th; two rooms, bath, $40. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Skylight studio, offices, 105 East 17th; heat, light, attendance; $22 up. Folsom, 835 Broadway.

Amsterdam Av., 612, (90th St.)—Store, $50; delicatessen, tailor, any business. Premises.

West 42d St., 303.—Large store, 20x104; steam heated. For particulars apply on premises.

177 BROADWAY
Near Cortlandt St.

Offices and Floor Space To Let.
Broadway Front

Sign Privilege and Window Advertisement
WARREN & SKILLIN,
96 BROADWAY OR ON THE PREMISES.

181 Park Row.—Store and basement; rent $1,350. Wm. I. Fox, 25 Broad St.

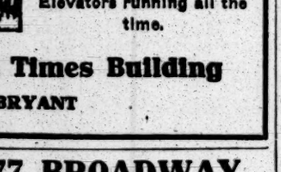
SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—WARREN McCONIHE, plaintiff, against MINNIE V. TELFAIR and another, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale herein and duly entered in the New York County Clerk's office on March 25, 1908, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on April 17, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the interests of the parties to said action in said premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and distinguished on a map entitled "Map of 104 lots of land, situated in the 18th Ward in the City of New York, belonging to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company," made by John J. Serrell, City Surveyor, dated October, 1848, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York by Lot No. 67 on the southwesterly side of 25th Street, and which said lot is bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of 25th Street, distant southeasterly 375 feet from the southeasterly corner of 6th Avenue and 25th Street; running thence southwesterly parallel with 6th Avenue 98 feet 9 inches to a point equally distant between 24th and 25th Streets; thence southeasterly parallel with 25th Street 25 feet; thence northeasterly parallel with 6th Avenue 98 feet 9 inches to the southwesterly line of 25th Street; thence northwesterly along the southwesterly line of 25th Street 25 feet to the point or place of beginning, being known as No. 32 West 25th Street.

Dated New York, March 25, 1908.
CHARLES S. GUGGENHEIMER, Referee.
WARREN McCONIHE, Plaintiff's Attorney, 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $2,746.77, with interest thereon from March 23, 1908, together with costs and allowances amounting to $255.76, with interest thereon from March 23, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale.

The premises will be sold subject to the following incumbrances:

1st. Two prior mortgages of $34,000.00 and $17,000.00, aggregating $51,000.00, and also accrued interest thereon as follows: On $34,000.00 from Jan. 1st, 1908, and on $17,000.00 from June 20, 1907, and on one of which mortgages foreclosure proceedings have been commenced by Warren McConihe, the mortgagee.

2d. The costs of said foreclosure brought by Warren McConihe.

3d. A lease dated March 16th, 1905, recorded in N. Y. County Register's office, Liber 109, Section 3 of Conveyances, at Page 214, expiring May 1st, 1910, at an annual rent of $3,470.

4th. Option to renew said lease for a further term of five years from May 1st, 1910, to May 1st, 1915.

5th. Setback agreement of five (5) feet.

6th. Covenant against nuisances or any manufactory, trade, business, or calling whatsoever noxious or offensive to the neighboring inhabitants, and as to use and character of building, contained in agreement recorded in Liber 515 of Conveyances, at Page 560, and violation thereof.

7th. Encroachments of stoops, cornice, newel posts, &c., as shown on F. K. Ford's survey, dated Feb. 28th, 1905.

8th. Party wall on east as shown by survey, right to maintain vault, if any, under sidewalk.

CHARLES S. GUGGENHEIMER, Referee.
WARREN McCONIHE, Plaintiff's Attorney, 42 Broadway, N. Y. City.

GROSS & KLEEBERG.—In pursuance of an order made by the Honorable James A. O'Gorman, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, on the 28th day of March, 1908, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims against the firm of GROSS & KLEEBERG, lately doing business in the City and County of New York, to present their said claims with the vouchers therefor duly verified to the subscriber, the duly appointed assignee of said Gross & Kleeberg for the benefit of creditors, at his place of business, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City, on or before the 12th day of June, 1908.

Dated New York, March 31st, 1908.
WILLIAM H. ROBOTHAM, Assignee.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Assignee, 115 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

DEANE, ROYAL E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ROYAL E. DEANE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of Arthur L. Marvin, No. 38 Park Row, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of June, 1908, next.—Dated New York, the 23d day of December, 1907. ELIZABETH STUART DEANE, Executrix. ROLLIN M. MORGAN, GEORGE W. WHEELER, Executors. ARTHUR L. MARVIN, Attorney for Executors, 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

DOREMUS, HENRY P.—In pursuance of an order of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY P. DOREMUS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Thomas E. Shields, No. 111 Broadway, Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of July next.—Dated New York, the 30th day of December, 1907. ALICE M. DOREMUS, RICHARD T. DOREMUS, Executors. THOMAS E. SHIELDS, Attorney for Executors, 111 Broadway, New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

WEST SIDE.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

THE MAGNET,
601 WEST 140TH ST.,
602 WEST 141ST ST.,
BROADWAY CORNERS,
Subway Station, 137th St.,
6 rooms and bath, $750 to $1150.
7 rooms and bath, $1000 to $1200.
Fine view of River.
F. ZITTEL, Agent.
Office on premises.

PINEHURST-CHISELHURST,
W. 181st St. & Fort Washington Ave.
Few minutes' walk from W. 181st St. Subway Station.
Elevator Apartments Just Completed.
4, 5, 7, 8, 9 rooms, all large and light.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
$40 to $100.
"If refined surroundings appeal, inspection invited."

GREENE COURT,
S. E. COR. 7TH AVE. & 111TH STREET,
Facing Park; adjoining "L" & Subway Stations.
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Of 5-6-8 & 9 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rents, $720-$1,800.
A. V. AMY & CO., AGENTS,
7TH AV., COR. 115TH STREET.

To Sublet—Attractive six-room apartment in new high-class apartment house; all large outside rooms, each commanding unobstructed view of Hudson River. Seen by appointment. Telephone. H. S. Adams, 203 Audubon.

1—West 111th St.—7 rooms and bath, all improvements, $39 and $40.

WEST SIDE.

"SUBLET" EIGHT LARGE, SUNNY rooms; two bathrooms; every modern improvement; all night elevator service. Apply 346 W. 71st St., or Ernest Triebehorn, 320 5th Av.

THE EDGEMERE,
8 West 104th St., Central Park West; beautiful elevator Apartments of 4 and 6 rooms and bath; 'phone and all latest improvements; $40, $55, $60.

THE SHERMAN,
151-161 West 48th St.
Eight rooms and bath, large and light; elevator and hall services; heat, hot water; yearly rental, $1,100. Supt. on premises.

106th St., 161 West, Cor. Amsterdam Av.—5 attractive sunny rooms, bath, all improvements; excellent location; fine condition; $33. Chas. S. Kohler, 906 Columbus Av., (104th.)

108th, 230 West, near Broadway Subway.—New house, steam heat, hot water, private telephone; 5 and 6 rooms and bath; $35-$42.

Attractive, large, airy, light 7-room apartment, near Subway; first-class. 205 West 85th St.

Riverside Drive, ten rooms, 3 baths; $8,000. Nine and bath, $1,500. Martin, 1,947 B'way.

EAST SIDE.

1109 & 1111 Madison Avenue
(COR. 83D ST.)
High-class modern fireproof apartment building, 2d flat, $1,800 per year. Apply to Supt., on premises, or Chr. Volzing & Son, 208 E. 57th St.

3d Av., 425.—Four exceedingly cheerful rooms; combination bath, hot water; private hall; select.

BRONX.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owners.
ELEVATOR AND NON-ELEVATOR
992-1040 Simpson St.
Private park directly opposite, with tennis courts and children's play ground exclusively for use of A-RE-CO tenants.
"PLENTY OF FRESH AIR."
4, 5, 6, and 7 large, light rooms and bath. Every modern convenience; electric light, hot water, double floors.
Rent, $24.00 to $50.00.
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS NOW.
ALSO LARGE CORNER STORE
(will divide) at important surface transfer point. Suitable for dry goods, shoes, men's furnishings, &c.
Apply to Rental Office, 1,028 Westchester Av., (Simpson Street Subway Station.)

$24.00
Beautiful 5 rooms, all improvements, electric light, 'phone service; 1,314 Stebbins Av., one block from Freeman St. Station; take Lenox Av. Subway direct to Freeman St.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARY E. CHATRY, Plaintiff, vs. JOHN E. POILLON et al., Defendants.

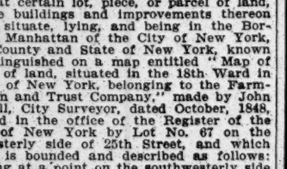
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 8th day of October, 1907, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the same day, and of that certain order of resale made in said action and entered in the office of the Clerk of said county on the 12th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment and order named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, numbers 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 7th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment and order to be sold and in said judgment described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Bronx, City of New York, which on a certain map entitled "Map of Section D of the Vyse Estate, 23d and 24th Wards, City of New York, made by John G. Van Horn, Civil Engineer and City Surveyor," and annexed to a certain deed made by the 23d Ward Land Improvement Co. to Paul Mayer, dated April 15th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on April 21st, 1896, a copy of which said map was also filed in said Register's office on April 21st, 1896. And known and designated by the lots numbers 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, and 826.

Dated Borough of Manhattan, New York City, March 16th, 1908.

STEPHEN P. NASH, Referee.
WALLACH & COOK, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 33 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $5,639.60, with interest thereon from the 1st day of October, 1907, together with the costs and allowances amounting to $251.87, with interest from the 1st day of October, 1907, together with the expenses of the sale and resale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $310.77 and interest.

Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, March 16th, 1908.

STEPHEN P. NASH, Referee.

GARNER, HARRIET H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HARRIET H. GARNER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Messrs. Whitridge, Butler & Rice, No. 59 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the first day of August next.

Dated New York, the 21st day of January, 1908. HARRIET H. GARNER, Administratrix. WHITRIDGE, BUTLER & RICE, Attorneys for Administratrix, 59 Wall Street, New York City.

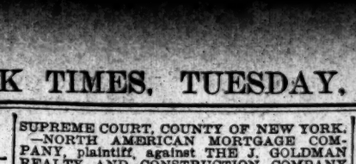
PRACHT, ELIZABETH R.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZABETH R. FRACHT, also known as Elizabeth Regina Pracht, Regina Pracht, Elisabeth R. Pracht, Elisebeth R. Pracht, and Elizabeth R. Bracht, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 29th day of April next.—Dated New York, the 23d day of October, 1907. FRANK PRACHT, Administrator. HENRY MEYER, Attorney for Administrator, 302 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—NORTH AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY, plaintiff, against THE J. GOLDMAN REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANY and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 20th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the fourteenth day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, formerly known as lots Numbers Five, (5,) Seven, (7,) and Nine (9) on "Map of Property in Manhattanville or New Harlem" by Odolphus Loss, September, 1806, more particularly bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of West 131st Street, distant ninety (90) feet easterly from the intersection of the southerly side of West 131st Street and the easterly side of Old Broadway; running thence southwesterly on a line making an included angle with the southerly side of West 131st Street of Sixty-one (61) degrees twenty-one (21) minutes, sixty-six feet, one inch, more or less, to the centre line of Byrd Street; thence southeasterly along the centre line of Byrd Street seventy-five (75) feet, more or less, to the division line between Lots Nine (9) and Eleven (11) on said map; running thence northeasterly along said division line one hundred and seven (107) feet and one-half (½) inch, more or less, to the southerly side of West 131st Street, and thence westerly along the same eighty-five (85) feet three and three-quarter (3¾) inches, more or less, to the place of beginning.—Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.

LYTTLETON FOX, Referee.
CLARENCE L. WESTCOTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street numbers are unknown:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $20,404.96, with interest thereon from the 19th day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $359 95-100, with interest from March 23, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $1,034 26-100 and interest.—Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.

LYTTLETON FOX, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—NORTH AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY, plaintiff, against TYLER REALTY AND MORTGAGE COMPANY and others, defendants.

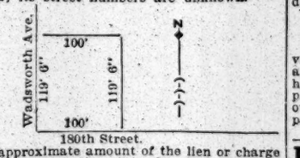
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 13th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, particularly bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of 180th Street with the easterly side of Wadsworth Avenue, and running thence easterly along the northerly side of 180th Street one hundred feet; thence northerly parallel with Wadsworth Avenue one hundred and nineteen feet six inches; thence westerly parallel with 180th Street one hundred feet to the easterly side of Wadsworth Avenue, and thence southerly along the easterly side of Wadsworth Avenue one hundred and nineteen feet six inches to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 16th, 1908.

ARTHUR J. McCLURE, Referee.
CLARENCE L. WESTCOTT, Attorney for plaintiff, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are unknown:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $87,403.59-100, with interest thereon from the 6th day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $388.20-100, with interest from March 13th, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $1,069.17-100 and interest.

Dated New York, March 16th, 1908.

ARTHUR J. McCLURE, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE COMMONWEALTH MORTGAGE COMPANY, Plaintiff, against THE RUTLAND REALTY COMPANY and others, Defendants.

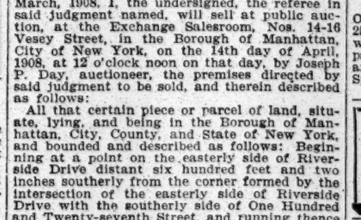
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Riverside Drive, distant six hundred feet and two inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Riverside Drive with the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Street; and running thence southerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence easterly and parallel with 127th Street eighty-six feet; thence northerly and parallel with Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence westerly and parallel with 127th Street eighty-six feet to the easterly side of Riverside Drive at the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.

WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.
CLARENCE L. WESTCOTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 524 Riverside Drive.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $57,783 00-100, with interest thereon from the 17th day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $366 85-100, with interest from March 19, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $3,976 84-100 and interest.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.

WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE METROPOLITAN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, Plaintiff, against THE RUTLAND REALTY COMPANY and others, Defendants.

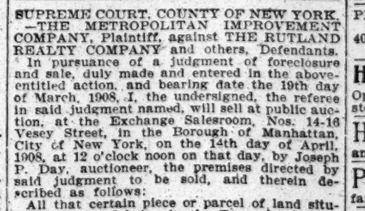
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Riverside Drive, distant six hundred feet and two inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Riverside Drive with the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Street; and running thence southerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence easterly and parallel with 127th Street, eighty-six feet; thence northerly and parallel with Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence westerly and parallel with 127th Street eighty-six feet to the easterly side of Riverside Drive, at the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.

WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.
CLARENCE L. WESTCOTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 524 Riverside Drive.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $57,783 00-100, with interest thereon from the 17th day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $366 85-100, with interest from March 19th, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.

WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.

SPRING RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

COME TO ATLANTIC CITY
And Enjoy the Delights of Early Spring.

The world-famous Boardwalk and its procession of Roller Chairs is never more enjoyed than at this season of the year. The Casino, Piers, and Country Club are at their best.

HOTEL DENNIS
Maintains an unobstructed view of the Ocean and Boardwalk, is most liberally appointed, and conducted on the American Plan.

Hot and cold sea water in private and public baths.

Write directly to the owner and proprietor for information and rates.

WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL OSTEND
Whole block beach front, Boston Avenue and Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J.—Ideal location, with 400 rooms overlooking ocean; 200 with bath. Same management as last season. Admirably adapted for families. Appointments most modern. Capacity 600 guests. White service exclusively. Table and service highest standard of excellence. Hot and cold sea water baths. Heated sea-water swimming pool. Magnificent sun parlor, steam heated. Elevators. Musical concerts. Social diversions. Auto meets trains. Write for literature. Make reservation now of choice rooms for Easter. Terms $15, $17.50, $21 weekly. American plan. New York Booking Office, 289 Fourth Avenue. Telephone 6246 Gramercy. D. B. RAHTER, Manager.

HOTEL CHELSEA
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no surrounding obstructions, in the fashionable resident section, offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine, and service. 300 luxuriously furnished bed chambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and music hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards. Cafe, pool, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Auto meets trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all year.

J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

Marlborough-Blenheim
(Capacity 1100)
The leading resort house of America.
Particularly attractive during
ATLANTIC CITY'S GREAT SPRING SEASON
March, April and May

The rooms are large, and the 400 private baths are each supplied with hot and cold sea water, so beneficial in rheumatic and other troubles. Exquisite music is a feature. White service in both American and European Dining Rooms.

JOSIAH WHITE & SONS.

HOTEL TRAYMORE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Open throughout the year.
A Hotel Celebrated for Its Home Comforts.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.,
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Manager. D. S. WHITE, President.

The ALBEMARLE
VIRGINIA AV., Near Beach.
Elegant modern family hotel. Capacity 350. Elevators, private baths, steam heat, 4,000 sq. ft. sun parlors; every convenience; offers special April and May rates, $10 up weekly, $2 up daily. A number of choice rooms at $16 per week, double, during early season. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. Exceptionally good table, excellent cooking, white service. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

Monticello
THE HOTEL FOR COMFORT
Splendid location, Kentucky Av., near Beach. Modern, high-class, homelike. Exceptional table and service predominant features. 50 elegant front rooms have private baths attached. Capacity 600. Special rates $10.00 up weekly; $2 up daily, Am. plan. Ill. Booklet. A. C. EKHOLM.

HOTEL GLADSTONE.
Directly on the Beach front, with unobstructed view of Ocean and open surroundings; appointed and furnished in the most approved manner; hot and cold sea water in all baths, public and private; running water in rooms; sun parlor overlooking the Board Walk; elevator, &c. Capacity 250. Write for booklet and Spring terms.

N. J. COLLINS.

HADDON HALL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Hot and cold sea water in private and public baths.
Fifty stationary washstands in bed chambers.
Write for illustrated literature.
LEEDS & LIPPINCOTT.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH,
Ocean front Virginia Av. Capacity 500. American and European plans. Special Lenten rates—American plan, $16.50 week up; $2.50 daily up. Newly furnished. Fresh and sea water baths, private and public. Phones in rooms. Orchestra. Booklet. Electric cab at trains. Wm. Hyman, Owner & Propr. Albion F. Allen, Manager.

RALEIGH HOTEL.
Ocean End St. Charles Place, near Steel Pier. 250 large, sunny rooms, ocean view, 50 suites with private bath; 3,000 sq. ft. porch; sun parlor, elevator, library, &c.; first-class service and unexcelled cuisine under New York chef. Special Spring rates, extremely low. Booklet. Auto meets all trains. H. J. DYNES.

CHALFONTE
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

HOTEL WILTSHIRE.
Ocean end Virginia Avenue, close to Steel Pier, improved throughout; capacity 350; private baths, elevator, sun parlors, &c.; orchestra; cuisine of excellence; special Spring rates; booklet; new management. Harry Bothman.

SEASIDE HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean front; every comfort, including sea water baths, elevators, golf, &c.
F. P. COOK & SON.

HOTEL KENDERTON, S. Tennessee Av., third door from beach and Young's Pier; refined family hotel; capacity, 200. Steam heat, private baths, ocean view rooms, elevator, sun parlor, and home cooking. Rates moderate. J. G. Mitchell.

HOTEL SHOREHAM
Ocean End VIRGINIA AV.
Elevator, private baths, open surroundings; $10 up to $18 weekly. Booklet upon application.
W. B. COTTEN.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND,
South Carolina Av. and the Beach; private baths, elevator, sun parlor; capacity 350. Superior table. Special Spring rates. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

BERKSHIRE INN,
Ocean end Virginia Av. Open all year.
$9 to $15 weekly. Capacity 300. Elevator, baths, &c. J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

WESTMINSTER, Ocean end Kentucky Av.—Capacity 300. Elevator, baths, steam heat, &c. Excellent table; $8 to $12.50 weekly. Booklet. F. C. BUHRE.

PIERREPONT HOTEL, Atlantic City, N. J.—Ocean location; sea water baths; capacity, 400; Easter bookings.
MRS. GERSON L. KAHN.

HOTEL LAMBORN
Maryland Ave., near Beach.
Open all year; private baths; elevator to street; steam heat; booklet. O. C. MILLER.

HOTEL CLARENDON
Virginia Av., Near Beach and Steel Pier. M. D. NEIMAN.

Phillips House
South Connecticut Av. Fireproof; refined; family house; open all year. F. P. PHILLIPS.

THE OGONTZ, South Tennessee Av., near ocean; steam heat, every convenience, moderate rates, new management. D. Park, Propr.

The Warwick
So. Carolina and Beach; elevator; thoroughly up-to-date; private baths; ocean view. Sarah H. Fulom.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

SUMMER CAMP,
RYE BEACH, N. HAMP.,
conducted by Principal of Westchester Academy, (a college preparatory school for boys,) reopens June 15. For particulars address Principal, at White Plains N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Canadensis, Penn.
NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN,
where you can catch trout; rooms en suite and with bath; booklet.
W. J. and M. D. Price, Canadensis, Penn.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GLEN COVE LANDING, one hour from New York; Colonial mansion; large, airy rooms; private baths, electric lights, steam heat; extensive grounds, sloping to water's edge; old shade trees; private bathing beach; Montauk steamboat landing; trolley terminal; references. Tel. 2123 Stuyvesant. Address Misses Gillan & Edwards, 53 Irving Place, New York, formerly of Anchorage, Fort Washington.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

Wanted—Board in country for family of four, (from May 1st to Oct. 1st;) one child, 3 years; the other 14 months; within distance to commute to N. Y. City. Address, terms, &c., S. W., Box 102 Times Downtown.

SPRING RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

SPRING AT LAKEWOOD
Lakewood is only ninety minutes from New York City, but the change in climate is simply wonderful. Even a few days spent in the Land o' Pines, where the first breath seems to bring youth, strength, and bounding spirits, will rest and restore the tired business man.

THE LAKEWOOD HOTEL, the largest and most favored hotel of Lakewood, provides all that can be desired for the comfort, convenience, and entertainment of its patrons. It is a hotel for those who demand the best.

Accommodations for 700. American and European Plans.

Automobilists, write for road map. The trip is made from New York in 3½ hours.

JAMES N. BERRY, Manager.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
TWO-HOUR TRAIN TO PHILADELPHIA
EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

FOR PHILADELPHIA. Lv. W. 23D ST.—6.50, 7.50, 8.20, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.20, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.20, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.20, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 10.20, 11.50 p. m.

Lv. LIBERTY ST.—1.30, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30, a. m., 12.00 Noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m., 12.15 midnight. Sundays, 1.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30 p. m., 12.15 midnight.

FOR BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON, Lv. W. 23D ST.—7.50, 9.50, 11.50 a. m., 1.50, 8.50, 5.50, 6.50 p. m. daily.

Lv. LIBERTY ST.: 1.30, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.00, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00 p. m., daily.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY, Lv. W. 23D ST.—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 3.20 p. m. Sundays, 9

SMALL WANTS.

LOST AND FOUND.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Late yesterday morning at about 11:30 o'clock, in a downtown express Subway train at Brooklyn Bridge station, a small, well-worn brown leather suit case; size about 15 by 9 inches high and 5 inches wide, containing jewelry. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to Larter & Sons, Nos. 21-23 Maiden Lane, New York.

LOST—Gold locket and chain, Saturday evening, in Subway, between Borough Hall, Brooklyn, and 28th St. station, or from 28th St. to Weber's Music Hall; finder will be rewarded. Return to D. Fletcher, 825 Dean St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Gold-headed malacca stick, April 6, between 11 and 12 o'clock P. M., between Hotel Astor and 53d St., Broadway. Suitable reward if returned to B. S. Courtney, 49 Clairmont Av., corner 119th St., West.

LOST—Lady's pigskin pocketbook, on Madison Av, downtown car, containing money and keys. Finder substantially rewarded on return of property to H. S. R., Box 43 Times, Times Square.

$100 REWARD GUARANTEED for ring's return; diamond, surrounded by emeralds; reward's nearly full value; no questions asked. Judelsohn, 1,827 7th Av.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, West 33d St., large, black pocketbook, containing money and cards; reward. Return to Mrs. Briggs, 129 West 111th St.

LOST—Lady's gold open-face Waltham watch, with fob attached; owner's name in case. Communicate with E. D. H., Times, Times Square.

LOST—Gold medal, initials "H. A. R. A.," on front 9th Av. L train at Rector St. station, Monday morning. Notify N. P. O'Connor, 63 Broad St.

LOST—On Saturday, between 130th and 150th Sts., West, old gold brooch, set with diamond and 4 pearls; liberal reward. Heyn, 742 St. Nicholas Av.

FOUND—A wedding ring, in Central Park, inscribed "J. L. to M. L., Feb. 7th, 1883." Address L. V. Fleckles, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

LOST—While riding in Park or Riverside, five new yellow-backed $10 bills. Address Supt. Aber, Squadron A Armory, New York.

LOST—A star sapphire scarfpin, oval in shape. A proper reward will be paid for its return to Howard & Cockshaw, 220 4th Av.

LOST—Pearl necklace, with coral pendant. Reward if returned to M. Jones, 312 West 23d St.

LOST—Fraternity pin, "A. L. Risley, 1902," engraved on back. Reward if returned to above person at 79 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Saturday night, pink cameo mounted in gold setting, breastpin; liberal reward. N. S., Box 142 Times Downtown.

LOST—Sunday night, on 14th St. crosstown car to Brooklyn, Japanese mink muff; reward. 54 East 31st St., New York City.

LOST—Gold link fob, compass attached, on 125th St., near Park Av., Thursday night; reward. McMullen, 201 East 107th St.

LOST—In Subway, railroad specifications; reward if loser notified. Address C. J., Box 14 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Volume of criminal trials, in Subway train; reward if returned. 151 West 95th St.

LOST AND FOUND BANK BOOKS.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Bank Book No. 10,789, issued by Yorkville Bank, special deposit department, to Joseph Schmitt; payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

LOST—Book No. 139 of Jefferson Bank; payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

LOST AND FOUND CATS & DOGS.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Fox terrier, head black, brown markings, tail black, docked very short; four black spots on back, one on right shoulder; reward. Lee, 52 East 63d St.

$25 REWARD for the return of an orange and white Japanese spaniel dog and very small black Pomeranian bitch puppy; no questions asked. Senn, 278 West 11th St.

FOUND.

FOUND, April 4-5—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., 39 Greenwich St.: On Second Av. Elevated—Umbrella, sum money, roll wallpaper, pair shoes, knife, zinc pan, package tea, bottle liquid. On Third Av. Elevated—Valise, purse, handbag, wristbag, 2 books, odd glove, 3 pairs gloves, waist, overcoat, coat, working card, pajamas, package dress goods, shirt, vest, &c.; shirtwaist, &c.; pair hose, &c.; pair trousers, canvas bag, hammer, file, demijohn, box tea. On Sixth Av. Elevated—Addressed billheads, box rubber bands, writing pad, shirt, package muslin, package lace, &c.; addressed letter, 2 pairs gloves, comb, rubbers, B. B. gloves, suit case, 2 umbrellas, bracelet, eyeglasses, pocketbook, 3 books, roll sandpaper. On Ninth Av. Elevated—Buttons, Bible lesson, gloves, key, plunger, oil can. In Subway—5 umbrellas, 2 eyeglasses, 2 books, sample books, album, gloves, shoes, veil, 2 boxes cigarettes, suspenders, trousers, &c.; can oil, music stand.

FOUND, April 5-6—New England Navigation Co. Apply office Commissary, foot Warren St.: Norwich Line, S. S. Lowell—Pin, vaseline, shirt. Fall River Line, S. S. Plymouth—Cap, eyeglasses, comb, shawl, key, slippers, cup; S. S. Providence—Pipe, pen, shirt, shawl, umbrella, nightshirt, key, soft hat, baby's undershirt, watch, beads, eyeglasses. New Haven Line, S. S. Richard Peck—Overcoat.

FOUND, April 4-5—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., Grand Central Station: Chain, 2 muffs, 4 packages, suit case, raincoat, grip, hat, hatpin, R. R. ticket, purse, bracelet, belt, veil, box, button, pair mittens, umbrella.

FOUND, April 5—Pennsylvania R. R., Jersey City, N. J.: On Trains—Gloves, book, 4 umbrellas, slippers, rubbers, letters, book, coat, bank book, 2 rings, 3 cars, spectacles, pajamas, key, pin, memo. book, chair, package. On Lehigh Valley Train—Package.

FOUND, April 5—Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co., 168 Montague St., Brooklyn: On Elevated Lines—Candy, book, overalls, cloth, rubbers, glove, boa. On Surface Lines—Level, plan, jacket, satchels, apron, towels, shirt, paper, cloth, muff, pocketbook, umbrellas.

FOUND, April 6—Police Headquarters, 300 Mulberry St.: Three pocketbooks, small amount cash each; two pushcarts.

FOUND, April 5—D., L. & W. R. R., Hoboken, N. J.: 2 umbrellas, coat, bag, boa, overcoat, hat box.

FOUND, April 4—Jersey Central R. R., Jersey City: 2 packages, pair gloves.

FOUND, April 5—Erie R. R., Jersey City: Umbrellas, rubber.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d St.—Comfortable, homelike rooms; well-kept house; finest board; elegant location.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Hall room; running water; in well-kept house; excellent board; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms, delightful Summer location, near Subway, elevated; parlor dining.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable double room; select home; couple gentlemen; table guests; references; telephone.

63D ST., 307 WEST.—Elegant furnished large, small rooms, board; home cooking; every convenience. McCarty.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Miss Lemmon has some desirable vacancies; refined, homelike surroundings; parlor dining room; unexcelled cuisine; references; Southerners, table guests.

879 West End Av., corner 103d, block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; most beautiful and sanitary location New York; handsomely furnished rooms with private baths and telephones; beautiful foliage; superior table; more beautiful than country, none its disadvantages.

REFINED HOME, private family; opportunity to learn English; apartment; Subway; elevated. "Bonvivant," Times, Times Square.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 431, (115th St.)—Private family; comfortable rooms, with board. Apartment 2.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 525 WEST 150TH.—Desirable room; refined American private family; excellent table; references.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; references desired; breakfast served in rooms.

1.—43D ST., 9 EAST.—Handsome rooms, with private bath; parlor dining room; references; telephone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Large room; also two single rooms; neatly furnished; exceptionally good table.

MADISON AV., 432, cor. 49th St.—Very pleasant sitting room and bedroom, on parlor floor, or suitable for doctor's office.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696, (61st.)—Suites and separate room $18 to $28 with board, two persons; single, $8 to $12.

New Jersey.

CRANFORD, N. J.—Board near station for young men; references. N., Box 32 Times, Times Square.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, Douglaston.—Open the year round. In the centre of large estate on Little Neck Bay. Attractive and homelike. Easy commuting distance. Write for terms and particulars.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

ACCOMMODATIONS in every section of Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn, personally inspected; tell us your wants; list mailed free; if you have desirable vacancies consult us. Telephone 5075—38th. Temple Rental Company, 489 West 34th St.

SMALL WANTS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

21ST ST., 5 WEST.—Desirable sunny rooms, large and small; suites 3 rooms; all conveniences.

43D, 148 WEST.—Nice large and small rooms; exceptionally reasonable for Times Square location.

44TH ST., 210 WEST.—Very desirable rooms in well-furnished and quiet house; references.

49TH ST., 131 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room; heat; hot and cold running water.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Physician's office, furnished or unfurnished; sleeping quarters if desired; hall service and reception room.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Summer rates; references.

84TH ST., 33 WEST.—Front rooms, southern exposure; a limited number of guests; Southern cooking; Summer rates; references.

86TH ST., (West End Avenue.)—In private house, handsomely furnished front room; terms moderate. Telephone 7906 Riverside.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Light, newly furnished, adjoining bath, $4 for one. Timpson.

182D, 201 WEST.—Large, sunny parlor and bedroom, second floor; first-class apartment. Gauvain.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st St. Subway.)—Suite or singly, two or three outside rooms; elevator. Keeler.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 426.—Large, clean, light room, $3; all conveniences. Dixon.

East Side.

18TH, 316 EAST.—Desirable large front room; quiet; private house; bath; running water; closets.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms, private bath, sunny square room, running water; references.

45TH ST., 27 EAST.—Large, sunny front room; married couple or gentlemen; telephone.

58TH ST., 36 EAST, Near Madison Av.—Rooms singly or en suite; valet; breakfast optional; telephone.

72D ST., 154 EAST.—Very desirable furnished rooms, without board.

MADISON AV., 348.—Handsome room; private bath; square room; running water; select house; references.

THE RALEIGH, 605 Broadway.—Just the place for downtown business men; special rate per week, $8 up; baths free.

BOARD WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

WANTED—Board and 2 good-sized rooms and closets, south windows, in suburbs of Brooklyn, south side, not far from car line, by gentleman with son and 2 daughters, quiet students; prefer private family; terms must be moderate; state terms, &c. Address W., Box 145 Times Downtown.

A FAMILY of three adults, mother and two sons, wish rooms and board in small boarding house, German or Jewish cooking, near Subway station, above 14th St., below 96th St., west of 3d Av. Address Permanent, 104 E. 14th.

ROOM AND BOARD with an American private family, Harlem. M., Box 68 Times, Times Square.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Domestics.

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; small family; good wages. Louis Baer, 200 West 129th St.

Singers.

WANTED—Contraltos for New Jersey churches; medium salaries. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

Teachers.

WANTED—German teacher, private school; exceptional opportunity; permanent. Hopkins', 1 Union Square, Lincoln Building.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Ladies with leisure time instructed in the art of selling real estate, making $50 weekly. Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Agents.

ITALIAN-AMERICAN agents wanted to sell suburban real estate; installment plan; good inducements to hustlers. Metuchen Realty Co., 132 Nassau St.

Bookkeepers.

WANTED—Bookkeeper, manufacturing, $20; two men; other office openings. Mighill, (Position Broker,) 814 Flatiron Building.

Chauffeurs.

AUTOMOBILES.—Rare chance to become a practical chauffeur; only practical school in city; 30 cars to overhaul; to prove this we will teach you free this week; license guaranteed. Auto Transportation Co., 309 W. 41st.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN! SALESMEN!

Positions now open in the following lines: Pipe covering, N. Y. C. and vicinity, $1,200; incandescent lamps, architectural trade, $1,040-$1,300; hardware specialties, commission only; applicants must have traveled South or West; burlap and paper bags, $1,000; whisky, $2,000 and expenses; transmission machinery, $1,500 to start; corsets, draw account against commission; cigarette manufacturers' supplies, $750-$1,040; Japanese and Chinese goods, salary open; jewelers' supplies, $1,000; overalls, shirts, &c., $1,000; tea and coffee, $1,800 and expenses; chemicals and dye stuffs, $2,000; real estate, (want man capable of earning over $5,000;) jewelry boxes, $1,200.

For other information about sales, executive, clerical, professional, and technical positions, call or write

HAPGOODS, 307 Broadway.

Singers.

WANTED—Two tenors for suburban churches; $250-$450. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

WANTED—Tenor and bass, Presbyterian church; $250 each. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

WANTED—Bass and tenor, suburban churches; $200-$400. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Instructor in a small, exclusive boarding school to teach Latin and mathematics and have some knowledge of athletics; must be a gentleman and well recommended. Address Box 734 Fishkill-in-Hudson, N. Y.

WANTED—Bright men instructed in real estate; $100 weekly easily made; this proposition unparalleled; splendid opening. Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—Gas company wants active canvassers to place gas fuel appliances; commission and salary to competent men. Call, 9 to 11 A. M., Room 612, 109 West 41st St.

WANTED—A wide-awake young man to solicit advertising; an exceptional opportunity for one of neat appearance. Address B. S. J., Box 46 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Advertising solicitor on daily newspaper to solicit cards for daily trade directory on commission. Address S. R., Box 148 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Successful solicitors, aboundance of leads, Jewish Encyclopedia; liberal commission. Funk & Wagnalls Company, 44-60 East 23d St., city.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Bookkeepers.

BOOKKEEPER.—(Double entry;) several years' experience; familiar with real estate business; has taken charge of renting, collecting, and all detail work; highest references. Exceptional, P. O. Box 1,845.

BOOKKEEPER.—(Double entry;) good penman; thoroughly reliable; will become valuable to any reliable firm giving employment; first-class references; $12. Responsible, 189 Times Downtown.

Governesses.

Governesses, teachers, housekeepers, for hotels, families; matrons, attendants, nurses, &c. Hopkins Educational Agency, 1 Union Sq. 4923 Stuy.

Housework.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with city references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 50th St. 'Phone 4788 Columbus.

Nurses.

NURSE to invalid or convalescent; useful; Protestant; reference. 174 East 111th St.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, and general office assistant.—Eight months' experience; neat, accurate, painstaking; best references; $7-$8. Exceptional, 145 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER. — Bright girl; month's experience; very accurate; good penman; rapid at figures; no agency; $6. Miss Brunning, Box 110 Times Downtown.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER would like general stenographic work or charge of office; has had newspaper experience. Miss R., Box 18 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Several years' experience; conscientious, competent; salary $12. S., Box 162 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—4 years' experience; educated, painstaking; not afraid of hard work; moderate. Urgent, Box 190 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; neat, accurate, refined; $12; highest references Accuracy, 122 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; high school graduate; competent; references; $10. Punctual, 188 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18; some experience; accuracy rather than speed; clean personality; $7. Bright, Box 201 Times, Downtown.

$4,000,000 MORE FOR NEW SCHOOLS

Metz Gives Promise to Help Get the Money, Most of Which Will Benefit Brooklyn.

SCHOOL BOARD SURPRISED

Fund Will Be Used for 15 Schools in Brooklyn, Three in Queens, and Two in Manhattan.

The Committee on Buildings of the Board of Education at its meeting yesterday made preparations for expending $4,000,000 at once in the erection of fireproof elementary school buildings. Twenty schools were provided for in the tentative plan adopted, thus distributed: Fifteen in Brooklyn, three in Queens, and two in Manhattan.

It was not until the members of the committee were in session that they knew such a thing was possible. They had assembled for the transaction of routine business, and there was a buzz of excitement when Chairman Schaedle showed the members a letter from Controller Metz, stating that he would recommend to the Board of Estimate the granting of $4,000,000, available at once, for the erection of school buildings, and asking for a schedule of buildings needed and the proposed locations.

Supt. Maxwell, Supt. Snyder, and Chairman Schaedle had known since Friday what was coming, and Supt. Snyder had been busy since that time preparing a tentative list of localities where new buildings were most needed.

The committee, after a discussion lasting more than three hours, adopted the report of Supt. Snyder, selected the sites of the new buildings, and, in some instances, the designs for them. None of this money will be used for repairing present buildings, and in no instance will old buildings be razed and new ones erected on their sites.

When the fifteen apportioned to Brooklyn have been erected, it was pointed out at the meeting, nearly as many more could well be used. It is true that several annexes to present schools will be erected. The total cost of these will be $2,250,000.

"Every new building will be fireproof and thoroughly modern in every particular," declared Chairman Schaedle after the meeting.

Manhattan gets but two of the new buildings, because much of the larger sum allotted to the erection of school buildings last year was expended in this borough.

Including this lump sum of $4,000,000, as already assured, the Building Committee has received from the Board of Estimate within the last few weeks $7,600,000, thus apportioned:

Washington Irving High School	$600,000
Emergency fund for safeguarding pupils from fire in old buildings	1,000,000
Equipment of buildings now in course of erection	2,000,000
New buildings	4,000,000
Total	$7,600,000

The committee had been directed by the Board of Education to revise its report on the charges against Caleb W. Cameron, Inspector of Masonry, of accepting for the city as new five pianos which in reality were old ones refitted. In its former report the committee recommended that the Inspector be fined forty days' pay. The committee declined to alter its findings and consented only to a change in the language previously used.

SEWED HEART STILL BEATS.

Surgeons Find Their Remarkable Patient Is Growing Stronger.

Robert Inglis, the young man who was stabbed in the heart by Powell Formansky on Sunday morning and afterward had several stitches put in it by Drs. Edward F. Duffy and Philip S. McCormack in St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers, was remarkably strong last night, although the physicians say that it will be impossible to foretell the outcome for several days.

Formansky is in custody, but will not make a statement about the stabbing. Karl Walusch of 305 East Seventy-ninth Street and Michael Masalanka of 30 Croton Terrace, Yonkers, who were with Formansky, were arrested yesterday.

POMMERY "Sec" AND "Brut"
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY.

SMALL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Rapid; used to difficult dictation; accurate, experienced; $12. L., Box 115 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; with reliable concern; reference. Competent, Box 103 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, accurate, neat; recommended. Miss Delevante, 543 East 187th St., Bronx.

Miscellaneous.

HAIRDRESSER.—Manicurist wishes engagement; would like place as lady's maid. Marie, 61 West 91st St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 35c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Accountants.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books audited, systems installed; clerical work of all kinds; household and private accounts. H. A. Wright, 602 Flatiron Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—At leisure few hours daily; books opened, closed; statements rendered; systematizing, auditing; moderate. J. Kane, 1,024 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, posted, audited; moderate. Hermann Goldschmidt, 154 Nassau 4,317 Beekman.

Bookkeepers.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, experienced all lines, desires temporary position part days; $6 weekly; books opened, closed, written up, disentangled; special arrangements made with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; highest references. Expert, Room 612, 150 Nassau St.; 'Phone 4587 Beekman.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT.—Young man, experienced with expert accountants; can take charge; best references; salary, $20-$25. Accountant, 1,126 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accountant; high-class expert; exceptional ability all lines; capable business man; highest references; $1,500. Charles L. Ince, 279 West 150th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—36 years of age; 15 years' experience; moderate salary; good reference. J. M. H., 208 West 69th St.

Chauffeurs.

CHAUFFEUR.—By American, (25,) five years' shop and road experience; party touring or in country preferred; expert on Flat; best trade and private references. Expert, 28 West 60th.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN.—Married, no children; understands his business; good reference; city or country. J. R., 149 East 41st St.

Gardeners.

GARDENER.—By first-class gardener at any kind of gardening; grafting a specialty; Deluca, 127 Mulberry St.

Miscellaneous.

CARPENTER. — First-class, wishes position office building or on contract; understands plans, electricity; can take charge; high class references. A. Felnson, 112 Ralph Av., Brooklyn.

CARPENTER.—By experienced all-round carpenter; by day or week. Hunt, 427 West 50th.

DECORATOR.—Painting, paper-hanging; first-class mechanic; will work for very low prices; references. Send for estimates. Seymour, 459 West 40th St.

ESCAPES FROM SING SING.

Joseph La Sala Makes Good His Boast That Prison Couldn't Hold Him.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., April 6.—Joseph La Sala, serving a sentence of eleven years for highway robbery, has escaped from Sing Sing, and to-night Warden Frost's deputies are searching the prison inside and outside to get some trace of him. La Sala, who was known as Convict No. 13,882, was not an unruly prisoner, but he was known to have boasted that the prison was not strong enough to hold him. He got away, it is supposed, some time Sunday, but his disappearance was not discovered until this morning. Warden Frost refuses to discuss the escape.

When the men went to chapel Sunday morning La Sala was with them. Whether he went back to his cell in Tier 13 is not known. The supposition to-day is that he made his escape from the line on the return trip and hid most of the day, awaiting the time to make his "get away." It is believed also that his cellmate answered the guard when he called La Sala's name on his last round Sunday night. The cellmate, however, maintains that La Sala was in his cell when the guard made his Sunday night round.

When it was discovered this morning that La Sala had escaped, the big whistle which is usually blown to notify the town that a prisoner has escaped was not sounded. When La Sala failed to join the line-up for breakfast word was passed and the guards hastened to take up the search. A diligent search within the prison failed to find him.

That La Sala got beyond the limits of the prison is certain. Not only that, but he went away attired in a suit of one of the civilian instructors in the wagon shop, leaving his convict suit behind.

There is a weak point at the northeast corner of the north wall near a guardhouse. The wall has been scaled there by a prisoner before. He crossed the yard, climbed up the wall with the aid of a board, and got away. His footprints were found in the wet earth inside the wall and again outside.

He had most peculiar feet. His toes pointed in and his heels out.

La Sala, a Frenchman, was arrested on Oct. 31 in New York by detectives of the West 125th Street Police Station. He was convicted of highway robbery and sentenced to Sing Sing for not less than eleven years nor more than fourteen years. In 1905 he served fifty days in the Nassau County Jail.

He is twenty-four years old, 5 feet 7 inches in height, weighs 170 pounds, has a dark complexion, dark brown hair, and a deep scar on the top of his head.

OPERATORS DISSATISFIED.

Again Talking About Their Grievances Against the Western Union.

According to Charles P. McInerney, Secretary of local No. 16 of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, the strikebreakers employed by the Western Union Company are dissatisfied with the conditions and are joining the union in large numbers. He also made the assertion yesterday that the Western Union had made a general reduction in wages throughout the country, and that there is dissatisfaction in other places as well as in Chicago, where the telegraphers are talking strike.

"If matters go on as they are now," he said, "there may be another strike in the Summer when business improves. Of course the telegraphers do not want to strike, but if conditions do not improve no one can tell what may happen."

It is said that this being a Presidential year the telegraphers believe it to be a favorable one in which to make demands, as political pressure can be brought to bear on the companies in their behalf.

Belvedere Brooks, Eastern Superintendent of the Western Union, said that all he knew of the strike talk in Chicago was what he had read in the newspapers. He was not worrying over it; neither were the other officers.

"It is not true that the Western Union has made a general reduction of wages here or throughout the country," he said. "We have been readjusting the wages in accordance with the conditions of trade, as we always do at intervals."

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
2:10—470 Pearl Street; unknown	$15,000
2:30—854 7th Av.; B. Bowman	$10
2:45—1,083 Lexington Av.; George Coggie	$100
3:50—1,825 Amsterdam Av.; L. Snowdon	$10
9:30—302 and 306 E. 66th St.; Mrs. Sadie Agar	$50
9:55—101 W. 88th St.; David Arscott	$15
11:10—55 E. 100th St.; Albert E. Lake	$25
11:45—416 Cherry St.; Morris Silverstein	Trifling
P.M.	
12:15—229 E. 106d St.; Anna Levine	$50
1:55—248 E. 139th St.; Edward Gustavson	$1,500
2:00—2,102 8th Av.; Burns Brothers	Trifling
2:15—335 E. 66th St.; Charles Spriggs	$1,000
3:50—303 E. 116th St.; Thomas Mastagale	Trifling
4:15—45 Mercer Street; David Daley	Trifling
4:40—959 1st Av.; Timothy Murray	$500
4:45—631 E. 18th St.; John Kisner	Trifling
5:45—149 E. 29th St.; Mary McGuire	No damage
5:55—319 E. 112th St.; Louis Camprine	$5
6:10—48 Madison St.; Downtown Tammany Club	$100
6:15—50 Manhattan Av.; Nicholas Mello	Trifling
6:45—22 Walker St.; American Merchandise Co.	$500
6:45—101 and 103 Crosby St.; H. Weisbaum	$8,500
6:55—30 St. Mark's Place; unknown	Trifling
7:50—102 6th Av.; Nelson & Heuberger	$2,000
8:00—346 W. 151st St.; H. C. Berger	Trifling
8:20—226 Thompson St.; G. Tetusola	$200
9:10—217 Mangin St.; owner unknown	Trifling
10:00—218 Avenue B; I. Elcindan	Trifling
10:00—City Island Av. and New Rochelle Road; Edward Newgrass	$500
10:00—17 and 19 W. 3d St.; Morris Garwitz	$10,000

TRADE E. & W. MARK
Cayuga
A new lock front collar.
EARL & WILSON.
It pays to get the best.

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.
6.00 Russet Shoes, 3.98
6.00 Patent Leathers, 3.98
Button—Lace or Low Cut.

A pair of Shoe Trees free with our 3.98 shoes.
Combination Last (for flat feet)
Made with a wide ball and low instep.
3.98 pair, elsewhere 6.00.
High Cut or Low Cut.

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Murray HILL THEATRE, 42d St. & Lex. Av. NEW YORK STARS. Mat. Daily. To-m'w Night, Chorus Girls' Contest
EDEN MUSEE. WORLD in WAX. Gypsy Music CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Xtra attractions—wonderful AJEEB &c.
GERMAN THEATRE, Irving Pl. To-night at 8:20, First Time, & Wed. Evg., Ibsen's Drama, "HEDDA GABLER."
West End George Sidney in BUSY IZZY'S BOODLE Mat. To-m'w 25c

Bonwit, Harris & Co
Broadway and Fifth Ave., Cor. 21st St.

Men's Spring Suits and Overcoats
Men's Suits—Smart styles, custom tailored, superior imported fabrics in new shades of brown and stone colors with shadow stripes, black with white stripes and blue serge, usually sold at $25.00.
Men's Overcoats—Fashionably and faultlessly tailored, imported fabrics, newest shades of gray, brown, tan and Oxford, some silk lined usually sold at $25.00
17.50

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Everwear TRADE MARK Hosiery
"WITH A GUARANTEE THAT IS KNIT INTO EVERY STITCH"
HERE'S THE GUARANTEE
We will replace FREE of charge every pair of Everwear Hosiery that wears a hole or tears within 6 months.
Six Pairs in a Box, all one color or assorted colors, $2.00
Just the thing for Easter:—
Here's a Man's Suit that is identical with clothes offered by other stores for 22.50.
The fabric is same quality—brown, gray or olive—the styling perfect—long, shapely lapels, snug-fitting collar, athletic shoulders, graceful semi or close fitting waist line. Our special price . 17.50
Other suits priced from 10.00 to 45.00
Furnishings for Easter, too.
Three Men's Stores: 119-125 Walker St. / 1439 Broadway, / 380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn. New York.
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Wallach's Hats
240 Broadway (Park Place)
603 Broadway (Houston Street)
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238-242 Bowery (Prince Street)
647 Eighth Ave. (42d Street)
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246 W. 125th St.
FIVE DOLLAR Style in every Wallach Hat.
And,—Four Dollar Quality at $3.
Or,—Three Dollar Quality at $2.
Black and all the new shades of Brown. $3 and $2
Stetson Hats $3.50 and $5.00.

Order Easter Clothes Now.
We guarantee them to be perfect before delivery or they remain here. Special sale of English worsteds in stripe and herringbone effects, Grays, Browns, Olive, Blue and Oxfords, Overcoat or Suit, to measure, $25.
Call or write for samples and portfolio of fashions.
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Hippodrome 6th Av., 43d & 44th Sts. Daily Mats. 2. Best seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c., $1.50.
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THE NEWEST THRILLER. ZULA'S FEARFUL FLIGHT ACROSS THE NIAGARA GORGE.
42 ACTS CIRCUS 42 ACTS
CENTURY'S GREATEST SPECTACLE BATTLE OF PORT ARTHUR FOUR SEASONS. 1000 PEOPLE! 100 HORSES!
SUNDAY, APRIL 12—SEATS SELLING.
Kubelik's Farewell with Damrosch and Symphony Orchestra.
LYRIC TO-MORROW EVE at 7:43 Sharp. Mat. Sat. 2. First Time on Any Stage of SOTHERN DON QUIXOTE. Dramatization by Paul Kester.
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. GIRLS Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15. "Will cheer tired business men."—Alan Dale.
CASINO B'way & 39th. SAM BERNARD IN A NEARLY HERO. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
FIELDS' Herald Sq. B'way, 35th. LEW FIELDS The Girl Behind the Counter. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
HACKETT 42d, W. of B'way. John Mason-Witching Hour Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat 2:15.
MAJESTIC B'way & 59th St. Williams & Walker Bandanna Land. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
To-morrow—Automobile Night—King and Queen of Carnival in Boxes.

EMPIRE Theatre, B'way & 40th St. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
FOLLOW THE CROWD AND LAUGH UNTIL YOU SIDES ACHE.
WM. H. CRANE in Geo. Ade's Best Play, FATHER AND THE BOYS
GARRICK 35th St., near Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
CYRIL SCOTT in the THE ROYAL MOUNTED. de Mille play.
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
OTIS SKINNER In a play after Balzac by Paul M. Potter. THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY
SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
"Those who wish to see the best example of dramatic work now extant must go to the Savoy."—N. Y. Evening Post.
"THE SERVANT IN THE HOUSE"
CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LAST 5 NIGHTS AND 2 MATS. OFF TO CHICAGO. MISS HOOK OF HOLLAND
KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38th St. Last Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
VICTOR MOORE IN GEO. M. COHAN'S THE TALK OF NEW YORK
LYCEUM THEATRE, B'way & 45th, at 8:30. Matinees Thursday and Saturdays 2:15. Thursday Mat. prices: 50c. to $1.50.
8TH MONTH. THE THIEF
Kyrle BELLEW, Margaret ILLINGTON.

THE BIG 4 FOLLOW THE CROWD
BROADWAY Theatre, B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
The New Viennese Operetta, A WALTZ DREAM (Ein Walzertraum.) Music by Oscar Straus
NEW YORK Thea., B'way & 45th, at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
To-morrow Mat. Prices 25c. to $1.50.
F. ZIEGFELD, JR., presents THE SOUL KISS with GENEE
LIBERTY THEATRE, West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
MABEL FIFTH MONTH TALIAFERRO POLLY of the CIRCUS
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St. West of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers Queen of THE MERRY WIDOW Viennese (DIE LUSTIGE WITTWE.) Operettas.
CIRCUS TWICE DAILY 2.15 & 8.15 P. M. MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
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Admission 25c. to $1.50; Boxes, $2 & $2.50, according to location.
MAT. TO-DAY. GOTHAM STROLLING PLAYERS IRMA LORRAINE, The Human Statue in Gold. Amateur Night Friday. East 125th St.
THE DEWEY E. 14th. Ladies' Mat. To-day. Kentucky Belles Amateur Nights Thursday and Friday.
ASTOR Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Wed. Mat. Prices 50c-$1.50. SEATS 12 WEEKS AHEAD. "The season's best find."—Alan